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ANCESTRAL LINES

of

THOMAS JUDD CORY

CLARENCE RICHARD CORY

JOHN HARRY CORY

Compiled by

H. T. CORY

Printed by the Judd Family Association

also

ANCESTRAL LINES

of

ALICE ELEANOR ADAMSON CORY

ROY LEONARD ADAMSON, JR.

Compiled by

H. T. CORY

Printed by Roy Leonard Adamson

Los Angeles, California

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The H. T. Cory Co.
Los Angeles, Cal.

GENERAL STATEMENT

The data herein set out are the result of an investigation originally induced by the birth May 1, 1916 of identical twins, Clarence Richard and John Harry Cory, which investigation gradually widened its scope. In passing, these baptismal names were due to the only paternal uncle, Doctor, Professor and Dean Clarence Linus Cory of the University of California, for the eldest, and John, as the fourth John of the line from the original emigrant, John Cory of Southold, L. I., for the youngest. The middle names were not due to such being common in the families, but because nicknames, in almost universal use, of Dick and Harry, were certain, on account of the only, older, brother being named Thomas Judd--"Tom, Dick and Harry." Thomas Judd Cory is the fifth Thomas Cory in his line in America, and Judd is the Family name of the boys mother.

The current view is that identical twinning is equally hereditary on both the paternal and maternal sides, while contemporaneous--children twinning, is hereditary on only the maternal side.

The data are by no means complete, but nevertheless perhaps the most extensive and relatively complete of any like assemblage yet made.

The results as regards twinning are surprising, only a few cases occurring in the entire record, and those far back in collateral lines. The percentage is much below the general twinning average. It is quite possible that the many gaps might include an excessive number of twins. Because of its inconclusive character the investigation's results in this direction are disappointing.

But as the work progressed, it developed that on the maternal side only one emigrant ancestor, Peter Hastings, had reached America after 1698 and but one ancestor, Thomas Gay (and wife), had lived west of Massachusetts or Connecticut until after 1803. Thus the maternal ancestry was strictly Colonial and with the exception of a double ancestor, Balthazar de Wolfe, English of origin. On the other hand the paternal lines included Colonial English, Irish, Scotch, Scotch-Irish, Dutch, Swiss, German and recent English emigrant ancestors, a veritable mixture of Nordic races, and a rather representative cross-section of emigration into the United States prior to 1875.

Next is interesting to note the influence of the mother on associates, and hence marriage, of the children along the paternal name line. The first three generations were Long

Island People, English Colonial lines. The fourth generation, Elnathan Cory, married the daughter of a Scotch father and a Dutch mother, in Elizabeth, N. J. where there was quite a few Dutch residents. Their son Thomas married a Dutch girl, Jane Roll and their son Thomas, a German girl, Margaret Sayler (Saylor). The next generation Elnathan married a Swiss-American, Susannah Herr. Then the tendency stopped, their son Thomas marrying the daughter of parents born and married in England, and their son Harry Thomas, the author, married Ida Judd, who, as noted above, is of purely New England Colonial descent.

Some popular beliefs fail to find confirmation in these records.

The first is that early marriages were much more common than since, say 1875, for example. Of all the marriages for which dependable dates were obtainable, very, very few brides under 20 years old.

Another is that very large families were the rule prior to, 1850 say. While the records show several examples of large families, they are the exception, and six children is about the average. Furthermore the quite large families occur at least equally frequent at the end of the record.

Lastly the oft quoted "three generations from shirtsleeves to shirtsleeves" finds very rare confirmation. On the other hand the uniformity of estate is striking. Throughout the record runs almost always the evidences of local leadership but never more than locally outstanding; no waves of high and low fortunes; no geniuses and no morons. Speaking psychologically, the Intelligence Quoifficients would have varied between the narrow limits of about 110 to 125, with very few exceptions. In other words the records indicate an almost universal sturdy, substantial, even going, upper middle class citizenry.

The ancestors have taken important but not leading parts in all the interesting periods of history north of the Mason-Dixon Line. Five were on the "Mayflower"; several were founders of Rhode Island Colony; twelve of them were among the 100 original founders of Hartford and subscribed to Rev. Thomas Hoover's philosophy of government which in 1861-5 became universal in the United States; many were in King Phillip's, the French and Indian, the Dutch, Dutch and Indian, the Dutch and English and the Revolutionary wars; a few in the war of 1812--one in the Mexican War and Mormon Battalion and one in the Civil War. The Spanish American War found the writer on sabatical leave in Germany and earnest efforts to serve on ships bought in England for war work, declined. During the

World War he held a Majors commission and assigned as Director General of Foreign Relief of the American Red Cross.

Thus the three boys and descendants are eligible to practically all the so-called pratriotic societies, and many of them along several lines. This may be of importance to some.

H. T. CORY

Los Angeles Athletic Club
Los Angeles, California, June 30, 1943.

NOTE ON NAMES AND SURNAMES

The following statement from pp. 16-21 of "The Bergen Family etc" by Teunis G. Bergen. Munsell.Albany,N. Y. 1876, concisely states an important fact

"----Anciently, among most European nations, then was but one name, surnames not commonly coming into use until the middle of the fourteenth century. The insufficiency of the Christian name to distinguish the particular individual when there were many bearing the same name, led necessarily to the giving of surnames. These in the great majority of cases were composed of the name of the place where the individual was born or dwelt, his occupation, some peculiarity in his appearance, character, history, qualities, or by adding to his Christian name that of his father, as Hans Hansen representing Hans, the son of Hans. The latter was the common practice in this country among the descendants of the Netherlanders until about the beginning of the eighteenth century, when it gradually ceased, and the surnames then in use have been since continued. Under it many families among us, although derived from a common ancestor, are now distinguished by different surnames, as for instance, the descendants of Adriaen Reyerse, of Flatbush, are now known by the surnames of Reyerson, Mortense and Adriance. This change from generation to generation of surnames causes great difficulty in genealogical researches. The prefix "Van" meaning "from", has also in many families been dropped. This is the case with the Couwen, Lovens, Ditmarses, and most of the Voorhees in our midst. "----

"The writer has in his possession several letters written by relations of the Voorhees family in the fatherland, to their friends in this country, and they are the only ones he has discovered in his examination of old papers and documents among the descendants of the Netherlanders in Kings County."

The author on pages 10-11 says the ancestors were natives "of a country where the fuedal system was never established; where, as in this country, the hand was mainly held under no superior, not even the king; of the original seat of the Northmen, who, during the dark ages, made such frequent descents on the coasts of England and France; who were the ancestors of the Normans, a Scandanavian race, who conquered and coined their institutions to England and the fairer portions of Europe; who founded a kingdom in France and another in Southern Italy; and who discovered and visited the coasts of America centuries before the voyage of Columbus."

The early settlers of this state, who were mainly Dutch or Netherlanders, with a few Hugenots and Northmen, were on a

social equality, the accident of family descent was not recognized,----- Their integrity was such, that it became a proverb among those who had dealings with them, that the word of a Dutchman was as good as his bond"

"Some of them have the names of families in the fatherland, whose coats of arms figure in the Genealogical Chart of the Netherland Race, published by C. Van Doorn and Son, at the Hague from 1865 to 1873, and edited by W. F. G. L. Van der Dussen and H. P. Smissaert. On the Charts of these families; among others may be found the coats of arms of the Adriaens, Adriansae, ----Van Laer, ------"

"In addition to the above evidence of the similarity of the names of our Dutch ancestors with the nobility of the Fatherland, the following American family names are to be found in the "Indicateur Nobiliaire de Belgique, de France, de Holland" etc to wit: Adriansen, ----Bergboo----"

On page 19 is given the cut of the Voorhees coat of arms.

ROBERT ABBOTT OF BRANFORD, CT.

Reference: History of New London, Ct. Frances W. Caulkings. Privately Printed. New London, Ct. 1852. XI - 680 pp. pp. 86.

Also: Descendants of George Abbott of Rowley, Mass. and Robert Abbott of Branford, Ct. Major Lemuel A. Abott, U. S. A. Privately Printed. Boston, Mass. 1906. 2 Vols. Vol. 1. 557 pp. Vol. 2. 558 - 1157 pp. pp. 1002-4.

Robert Abott (Spelled Abbitt in the Colonial Records) was admitted freeman in Watertown, Massachusetts, Sept. 3, 1634. He was one of a small Colony from there who in 1640 settled what they called Watertown, afterwards known as Wethersfield, Ct. He was made a member of the Court of New Haven June 6, 1642, and took the oath to the King July 1, 1644. The next year he moved to Totoket, now Branford, Ct., where he died intestate Sept. 30, 1658. His estate inventoried £143:13;0. His widow, Mary or Maria, married at Branford Nov. 4, 1659, John Robins.

ROBERT[1] (b in England about 1605) (d at Branford, Ct. Sept. 30, 1658) m 1st probably in England _____ (b _____) (d _____) and m 2nd Mary or Maria _____ (b _____) (d as Mrs. John Robins after 1659). He had at least 13 children of whom about the eldest was

ELIZABETH[2] (Robert[1]) (b about 1635) (d at New London, Ct. Aug. 17, 1702) m at Guilford, Ct. Mar. 3, 1654, Gabriel, son of Walter and Mary (Fry) Harris (b about 1632) (d at New London 1684). She was his second wife. They had 8 children, of whom the youngest was Joseph.

JEREMY ADAMS OF BRAINTREE, MASS. AND HARTFORD, CT.

Reference: Simsbury, Ct., Births, Marriages and Deaths. A. C. Bates, Hartford 1898. 345 pp.

Also: History of Simsbury, Granby and Canton, (Ct.) from 1642 to 1845. Noah A. Phelps. Case, Tiffany and Burnham, Hartford. 1845. 176 pp.

Also: History and Genealogies of Ancient Windsor, Ct. H. E. Stiles. Case, Lockwood and Brainard Co., Hartford 1892. 2 Vols. Vol. 2. p. 12 especially.

Also: A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England. James Savage. Little Brown and Company, Boston, 1862. 4 Vols. Vol. 1. pp. 9-12.

The ancestor of Samuel Adams who at Windsor, Ct. Apr. 23, 1694, married Deborah Gillett was almost, but not absolutely, certainly Jeremy Adams of Braintree and Hartford. Some of the early records have been burned and lost while there were very many named Adams in the early New England Colonies.

There is a possibility that the American Ancestor was Andrew Adams who taught the school at Hartford in 1643 for Lbs. 16 a year. There are no further records of him remaining, however. Also the first of the name could have been William Adams of Hartford in 1650. This man bought lands at Farmington 1653 and died there July 18, 1655, while his widow followed him 16 days later or Aug. 3, 1655.

It is greatly more probable, however, that Jeremy is the first American ancestor. He was at Braintree in 1632, but removed soon to Cambridge, then Newton, when he was made freeman May 6, 1635. The next year he moved to Hartford with Rev. Mr. Thomas Hooker in the first party which went overland to that settlement and is one of the Founders of Hartford, his name being on the Founders Monument.

He had three wives; the name of the first is yet unknown; his second was Rebecca, widow of Samuel Greenhill, her death occuring in 1678; while his third was Rebecca, daughter of John Fletcher, a widow of Andrew Warner. She died June 25, 1715, aged 77 years. By his first wife he had at least one child, Samuel, born it is said in 1643 and certainly baptized Nov. 23, 1645, and possibly other children. By his second wife he no doubt had at least one and probably three or more. At any rate, Jeremy had in addition to Samuel, at least Ann who married Robert Sanford, Elinor who married Nathaniel Willett, and John.

He long kept the ordinary and died at Hartford Aug. 11,

1683. His sons by his first wife, or first and second wives, probably found it pleasanter to leave the home, and Samuel probably went on to Simsbury where he had at least three sons, John, Samuel and Daniel. At any rate, such men named Adams, and probably brothers, were in Simsbury 1677 to into the 18th century. John married Dec. 6, 1677, Abigail, daughter of Humphrey Pinney (b Dec. 26, 1654); Daniel married 1687, Mary daughter of Samuel (son of Humphrey Pinney) (b June 16, 1667); and Samuel married 1st, before 1686, Elizabeth, daughter of Luke Hill and had Elizabeth (b Feb. 21, 1686-7); Samuel and Joshua, twins (b Oct. 26, 1689) and m 2nd at Windsor, Ct., Apr. 23, 1694, Deborah, daughter of Joseph and Elizabeth (Hawkes) Gillett (b after 1674 and had Gillett (b Feb. 19, 1694-5); Joshua (b Apr. 13, 1699) and probably others.

Jeremy Adams may have been a relative and possibly a brother of Henry Adams of Braintree, Mass. the ancestor of the two Presidents Adams. There is, however, no proof of any relationship.

JEREMY[1] (b in England about 1610) (d at Hartford, Ct., Aug. 11, 1683) m possibly in England___ (b___) (d___). They may have had several children, but at least we know that one was

SAMUEL[2] (Jeremy[1]) (b at Hartford, Ct. 1643, bapt. Nov. 23, 1645) (d___) m___ (b___) (d___). They probably had at least 3 sons of whom one was

SAMUEL[3] (Samuel[2] Jeremy[1]) (b probably at Windsor about 1665) (d after 1699) m 1st about 1685, Elizabeth, daughter of Luke Hill and m 2nd at Windsor, Ct., Apr. 23, 1694, Deborah, daughter of Joseph and Elizabeth (Hawkes) Gillett (b at Windsor after 1674) (d___). They had at least

GILLETT[4] (Samuel[3] Samuel[2] Jeremy[1]) (b at Windsor Feb. 19, 1694-5) (d at Simsbury, Ct., Dec. 11, 1766) m at Farmington, Ct., Aug. 4, 1715, Abigail (Bacon) Lewis, daughter of Thomas and Abigail (Haskill) Bacon (b at Simsbury Dec. 8, 1693) (d at Simsbury Dec. 17, 1719). Her first husband whom she married at Simsbury June 22, 1711, was John, son of Joseph Lewis. They had at least 3 children born in Simsbury of whom one was

ABIGAIL[5] (Gillett[4] Samuel[3] Samuel[2] Jeremy[1]) (b at Simsbury, Ct. June 4, 1716) (d at Harwinton, Ct. Nov. 17, 1755) m at Simsbury Jan. 8, 1739, Dr. Benjamin, son of John and Hannah (Hickox) Judd (b at Waterbury, Ct. Aug. 28, 1710) (d probably at Harwinton, Ct.). They had at least 5 children of whom the second was Thomas.

Dec. 8, 1930. It is now pretty conclusive that Jeremy and Henry Adams were brothers and consequently the relationships of the two Presidents Adams to Ida Judd Cory are as follows:--

1. _____ Adams
2. Henry Adams
3. Joseph Adams
4. Joseph Adams
5. John Adams
6. John Adams
   2nd President
7. John Quincey Adams

1. _____ Adams
2. Jeremy Adams
3. Samuel Adams
4. Samuel Adams
5. Gillett Adams
6. Abigail Adams
   m Benjamin Judd
7. Thomas Judd
8. Joel Judd
9. Thomas A. Judd
10. George T. Judd
11. Ida Judd
    m H. T. Cory
12. Cory Boys

Thus President John Adams was a 4th Cousin 5th removed and President John Quincey Adams a 5th Cousin 4th removed of Ida Judd Cory.

GEORGE ALDRICH OF DORCHESTER, MASS.

Reference: The Genealogical Dictionary of Rhode Island. J. O. Austin. J. Munsells Sons, Albany, N. Y. 1887. 449 pp. pp. 380-3.

Also: Old Northwest Quarterly. Vol. 12. pp. 55-60.

George Aldrich married Catherine Seald Sept. 3, 1629 and came from Derbyshire, England to America Nov. 6, 1631. He was made a freeman at Dorchester, Mass. Dec. 7, 1636; removed to Braintree, Mass. in 1643, and to Mendon, Mass. in 1663, where he was one of the first settlers. He died Mar. 1, 1683, and his wife was still living and mentioned in his will.

GEORGE[1] (b in England about 1605) (d at Mendon, Mass. Mar. 1, 1683) m in England probably Derbyshire Sept, 3, 1629, Catherine, daughter of _____ and _____ Seald (b in England about 1609) (d at Mendon after 1683). They had at least 5 sons and 5 daughters, an older son being

JOSEPH[2] (George[1]) (b at Dorchester, Mass. June 4, 1635) (d at _____ 1701) m at Weymouth, Mass. Feb. 26, 1662, Patience, daughter of John and Mary (_____) Osborn (b at Weymouth, Mass. about 1642) (d probably at Braintree or Mendon, Mass. after 1705). They had at least 2 sons and 1 daughter, one son being

SAMUEL[3] (Joseph[2] George[1]) (b at Mendon 1660) (d at Providence, R. I. Apr. 2 or 12, 1747) m at _____ about 1680, Jane, daughter of _____ and _____ (_____) _____ (b at _____ about 1660) (d at _____ after 1764). They had at least 4 sons, one being

PETER[4] (Samuel[3] Joseph[2] George[1]) (b at Providence about 1688) (d at Smithfield, R. I. May 22, 1762) m at Salem, Mass. Sept. 6, 1716, Priscilla, daughter of Henry and Priscilla (Lewis) Kinne (b at Salem Oct. 29, 1696) (d at Smithfield 1751). They had __ sons and __ daughters, one being

SYLVANUS[5] (Peter[4] Samuel[3] Joseph[2] George[1]) (b at Providence Apr. 21, 1722) (d at Smithfield July 6, 1773) m at Scituate, Mass. Mar. 8, 1746, Dorothy, daughter of Christopher and Amity (Harris) Smith (b at Scituate Jan. 18, 1727) (d at Smithfield about _____). They had __ sons and __ daughters, one being

AMITY[6] (Sylvanus[5] Peter[4] Samuel[3] Joseph[2] George[1]) (b at Providence Apr. 12, 1750) (d at ____ about ____) m at ____ about 1775, William, son of Ezekiel and Mary (___)Smith (b at Glocester, R. I. Oct. 14, 1748) (d at ___). They had __ sons and __ daughters, one being Phebe.

ALEXANDER ALVORD OF WINDSOR, CT.
AND NORTHAMPTON, MASS.

Reference: Alford Family Notes. Ancient and Modern. Josiah George Alford, Hon. Canon of Bristol and W. P. W. Phillimore. Phillimore and Co. London. 1908. viii-221 pp.

Also: A Genealogy of the Descendants of Alexander Alvord, an early settler of Windsor, Ct. and Northampton, Mass. Samuel Morgan Alvord. A. A. Andrews, Webster, N. Y. 1908. 823 pp.

Two brothers, Alexander and Benedict and one sister, Joanna Alford, came to America together in 1639-40 after a short preliminary trip by Benedict, the oldest. Joanna was baptized Dec. 8, 1622 and Alexander, Oct. 15, 1627, both in the Whitestaunton parish, Somerset County, England. Their parents were Thomas and May Joane (Hawkins) Alford and were married May 11, 1618. The mother, then a widow, died May 27, 1636

The father, Thomas Alford, was either the son or the grandson of Rev. Alexander and Agnes Alford of Whitestaunton. He died in 1576 and his wife in 1577. His father was probably John Alvord of Whitestaunton and born about 1475-1485.

The first mention of Alexander Alvord in America is at Windsor, Ct. in 1644. There he lived on the road running Southwest from the rivulet which formerly intersected Poquonock road at right angles above the old mill. Recently it has been known as the Oliver S. Gillett place. See "Jonathon Gillette," page ____. In 1661 he moved to Northampton, Mass. and lived near the meadow where the Philip's place now is. Later he probably resided on Hawley St. near John Braughton. In King Philip's War, 1676, the buildings of Alexander Alvord were burned, probably in the vicinity of what is now known as Pomeroy Terrace, outside the Palisades. He received a war grant of land on Hawley St. in 1676, near the site of the Chicago Beef Co's. warehouse. He took the oath of allegiance at Northampton Feb. 8, 1678 and was admitted as freeman in 1684. A local historian speaks of him as an "early settler and possessed of large means for the times." He died Oct. 3, 1687 at Northampton.

Thomas, his son, was a tailor and his homestead was No. 26, the Dr. Hunt place in Northampton. Est. 155. He fought under Capt. Wm. Turner, in the Falls Fight May 19, 1676, and for such services his son, Thomas 3, received (from the General Court of Mass. in 1734) a grant of land in Fallstown (now Bernardston, Mass.)

THOMAS[1] (b in England about 1595) (d in England prior to 1636) m in Whitestaunton Parish, Somerset County, England May 11, 1618, May Joane Hawkins (b _____) (d Whitestaunton May 27, 1636). They had at least children for Benedict, Joane and Alexander emigrated to America in 1639-40. One of these was

ALEXANDER[2] (Thomas[1]) (baptized at Whitestaunton Oct. 15, 1627) (d at Northampton, Mass. Oct. 3 1687) m at Windsor, Ct. Oct. 29, 1646, Mary, daughter of Richard and Ann (_____) Vore (b in England about 1626) (d at Northampton, Mass. prior to 1686). They had 12 children, the first 8 being born at Windsor and the last 4 being at Northampton. After moving to Northampton it appears he changed the spelling from Alford to Alvord. The 4th child was

THOMAS[3] (Alexander[2] Thomas[1]) (b at Windsor Oct. 27, 1653) (d at Northampton, Mass. July 22, 1688) m at Northampton Mar. 22, 1681, Joanne, daughter of John and Thankful (Woodward) Taylor, (b at Northampton Sept. 27, 1665) (d at Northampton Feb. 28, 1737-8). She m 2nd, Deliverance Bridgeman. Her father John Taylor, was killed in the present limits of Easthampton, Mass., while going to the rescue of those captured in the "Pascommuck Massacre". Thomas took the oath of Allegiance at Northampton Feb. 8, 1678. They had 4 children all born in Northampton, of whom the 2nd was

THOMAS[4] (Thomas[3] Alexander[2] Thomas[1]) (b at Northampton Aug. 28, 1683) (d at Chatham, Ct. Dec. 29, 1768) m 1st at Northampton Jan. 3, 1705-6, Esther, daughter of Capt. John and Sarah (Clark) Parsons (b _____) (drowned at Northampton Oct. 3, 1707). He m 2nd Mary, daughter of Thomas and Mary (Stebbins) Strong (b at Northampton Dec. 29, 1690) (d at Middletown, Ct. prior to 1768). He moved to Middletown after 1723 and before Apr. 28, 1726. He was a garrison soldier in the Meadow Fight at Deerfield, Mass. in 1703-4 being one of 8 men to go from Northampton to aid the inhabitants of Deerfield against the Indians. They had 7 children, of whom the oldest was

THOMAS[5] (Thomas[4] Thomas[3] Alexander[2] Thomas[1]) (b at Northampton May 18, 1710) (d at Middletown, Ct. Mar. 16, 1786) m probably at Guilford Submit, daughter of Daniel and Mary (Hall) Bishop (b at Guilford, Ct. Apr. 25, 1713) (d at Middletown, Ct. Apr. 22, 1793. He left Northampton with his father about 1725 and lived near the Durham-Guilford border; in Guilford in 1734, in Litchfield in 1737 and in Middletown in 1739. In Nov. 1743 he is named as one of the original members of the parish of Middlefield. In 1763 he sold a grant of land in what is now Bernardston, Mass., which he received as oldest male heir of his

father, Thomas Alvord, who received it from the General Court of Massachusetts for services rendered in the Indian War by his grandfather, Thomas Alvord. They had 12 children, of whom the 8th was

MARY[6] (Thomas[5] Thomas[4] Thomas[3] Alexander[2] Thomas[1]) (b at Middletown Oct. 17, 1744) (d _____) m probably at Torrington, _____ Thomas Judd, son of Dr. Benjamin and Abigail (Adam) Judd of Waterbury and Harwinton, Ct. (b at Harwinton Aug. 12, 1744) (d _____). They had 10 children, of whom one was Joel.

THOMAS ANGELL OF PROVIDENCE R. I.

Reference: Genealogy of the Descendants of Thomas Angell, who settled in Providence, R. I. 1636. A. F. Angell A. Crawford Greene, Providence. 1872. 206 pp.

Also: Ancestory of Thirty Three Rhode Islanders. J. O. Austin, Joel Munsell's Sons. Albany, N. Y. 1889. 139 pp.

There is a tradition that Thomas Angell was the son of Henry Angell of Liverpool, England and that he was born in 1618. At any rate he came to America in the ship "Lion," Capt. A. Pearce, Master, reaching Boston Feb. 9, 1631, with Roger Williams as his servant or apprentice. In this connection it is to be noted that often people who would have been prevented from leaving England for America, had they attempted to come in their own names, came in the guise of servants. That this may well have been the case with Thomas Angell is suggested by the relationship of Angell and Williams.

After about two months stay in Boston these two men went to Salem where they continued from 1631 to 1636, during what was called the period of Williams' persecution.

In the early settlement of Providence, the name of Thomas Angell does not often appear on the records, as he was a minor until after 1638 when Williams gave his celebrated deed to a six acre lot to each settler with him at the time. Angell received Lot 2 embracing the land where the First Baptist Church, the High School House, and Angell Street are situated, fronting on North Main Street. In 1652, he, with five other Commissioners from Providence was elected to make laws for the Colony; and he was a constable or sergeant, as well as a farmer, for many years, and after appointed to places of trust and honor. His will was made May 3, 1685 and proved Sept. 18, 1694. His Widow Alice's will was made Oct. 2, 1694 and proved Jan. 1695, in which she divided her property among her five daughters. Her family name, date and place of marriage and dates of the childrens births are all unknown.

THOMAS[1] (b in Liverpool 1618) (d at Providence, R. I. 1694 aged 76) m at _____ about 1640, Alice, daughter of ____ and _____ (_____) _____ (b at _____ about 1620) (d at Providence 1695). They had 2 sons and 6 daughters, of whom one was

AMPHYLLIS[2] (Thomas[1]) (b at Providence about 1643) (d at Providence _____ 1694) m at Providence 1663, Edward, son of Christopher and Alice (_____) Smith (b at Providence about 1640) (d at Providence Nov. 8, 1693). They had at least 5 sons and 2 daughters, one son being Christopher.

A second line of descent is as follows:

THOMAS[1] (b in England 1618) (d at Providence, R. I. 1694) m at _____ about 1640, Alice, daughter of _____ and _____ (b at _____ about 1620) (d at Providence 1695). They had 2 sons and 6 daughters, a son being

JOHN[2] (Thomas[1]) (b at Providence 1646) (d at Providence July 27, 1720) m at Providence Jan. 7, 1669, Ruth, daughter of John and _____ Field (b at Providence about 1649) (d at Providence after 1727). They had at least 5 sons and 2 daughters, one being

MERCY[3] (Thomas[1] John[2]) (b at Providence 1674) (d at Providence Sept. 3, 1721) m at Providence Apr. 12, 1693, Benjamin, son of John and Sarah (Whipple) Smith (b at Providence about 1672) (d at Providence Apr. 23, 1751). She had 6 sons and 6 daughters, the 4the child and 3rd son being Capt. Solomon.

THOMAS ARNOLD OF WATERTOWN, MASS.
AND PROVIDENCE, R. I.

Reference: Genealogy of the Family of Arnold in Europe and America. J. W. Dean, H. T. Drawne and E. Hubbard. David Clapp and Son. Boston. 1879. 16 pp. Reprinted from

Also: The New England Historical and Genealogical Register. Boston. Oct. 1879.

Thomas Arnold settled in Watertown, Mass. as early as 1640 and was admitted freeman of that colony May 13, of that year. His first wife's name is unknown and he married his second wife, Phebe, daughter of George Parkhurst of Watertown about 1640. In 1654 and 1655 he was fined for not attending church. Later he moved to Providence where he bought from the Indians 20,000 acres of land and he was admitted freeman May 18, 1658. He was deputy in 1670 and died March 24, 1674-5,

His ancestory is given at length in the references noted, running back to an obscure Welsh King Ynir, King of Gwentland whose wife was Nesta, daughter of Jestin of Gwigan, King of Glamorgan. This Ynir was paternally descended from Ynir, second son of Cadwaladr, King of the Britons, who built Abergavenny in the county of Monmouth, and its castle, the walls of which still remain.

Thomas Arnold's grandfather was Richard, eldest son and heir of Richard Arnold of Domersetshire who removed to Bagbere (Milbon Abas) parish of Middletown, whose will was proved July 9, 1595. His father was Thomas Arnold, Richard's second son, mentioned in Richard's will, who lived at Melcombe Horsey in 1598 removing thence to Cheselbourne. Richard was twice married and had at least 4 sons by the first wife. Thomas, his son, was also twice married, having 3 sons and 3 daughters by the first wife and 1 son and 2 daughters by the second. The middle child by the second wife was the American Emigrant, Thomas. The youngest half brother, William, also came to America and one of his great great grandsons was Gen. Benedict Arnold, the Revolutionary War traitor.

THOMAS[1] (bapt. at Cheselbourne, Dorsetchin County, England Apr. 18, 1599) (d at Providence, R. I. Mar. 24, 1674-5) m 1st probably in England about 1620 _____ (b _____) (d before 1639) m 2nd probably at Watertown, Mass. about 1639, Phebe, daughter of George and Susanna (_____) Parkhurst (b _____ about 1620) (d after 1688). He had 2 sons and 1 daughter by his 1st wife, and 4 sons and 1 daughter by his 2nd, the youngest child being

ELEAZER[2] (Thomas[1]) (b at Watertown June 17, 1651) (d at Providence Aug. 29, 1722) (m at Providence about 1674, Eleanor, daughter of John and Elizabeth (_____) Smith (b at _____) (d at Providence after 1722). They had at least 4 sons and 6 daughters, of whom one was

ELIZABETH[3] (Eleazer[2] Thomas[1]) (b at Providence about 1670) (d at _____ about 1715) m at Providence about _____, Christopher, son of Edward and Amphyllis (Angell) Smith (b at Providence about 1666) (d at Scituate, R. I. after 1755). They had 2 sons and 3 daughters, one being Christopher.

Incidentally the Arnold lines to Benedict Arnold, the traitor, and to Thomas J., Clarence R. and John H. Cory are:

Benedict[6-5-4-3], William[2], Richard[1] and
Cory Boys[12] (Ida[11] George[10] Thomas A.[9] Phebe[8] Amity[7]
Dorothy[6] Christopher[5] Elizabeth[4] Eleazer[3] Thomas[2] Richard[1])

Thus the Cory boys are 4th cousins 6 removed from Benedict Arnold.

WILLIAM BACKUS OF SAYBROOK, CT.

Reference: A Genealogical Memoir of the Backus Family, William W. Backus. The Bulletin Co., Norwich, Conn. 1889, 375 + iv pp.

Also: Old Houses of the Ancient Town of Norwich (Conn.) 1660-1800. Mary E. Perkins, Bulletin Co. Norwich, Conn. 1895. xviii + 621 pp.

Also: Old Families of Norwich, Conn. 1660 - 1800. Mary E. Perkins. Genealogies Vol. 1, part 1, Private Print Norwich, Ct. 1900, 50 pp.

Also: The Genealogy and History of the John Keysar Smith Family. A. S. P. Crane and C. P. S. Mullin. P. P. N. D. (1924) vi + 247 pp. pp. 38-9.

William Backus came from Norwich, England, on the "Rainbow" in 1637, and was at Saybrook, Ct. in 1638. There he married Sarah, daughter of Rev. John Charles of Branford. He was one of the thirty-four first settlers of Norwich, Ct. and tradition says it was he who named the new town. The deed to Norwich was made in June 1659 by three Mohegan sachems, Onkos or Uncos, Owonoco and Attawanhood and was at first called Mohegan. The place was first called Norwich (Norridge) in March 1661 and had become a legal township in 1662. Two years later (1664) he died, the first Englishman and second person in Saybrook (Lyme) Conn.

Peculiar interest attaches to the settlers of Mohegan because of Fenimore Cooper's famous novels.

WILLIAM[1] (b in Norwich (2) England about 1610) (d at Saybrook, Ct. before May 7, 1664) m about 1638, Sarah, probably sister, John Charles of New Haven and Branford, Ct. (b in England about 1618) (d at Saybrook before 1659) m 2nd at _____ 1660, Ann, widow of Thomas Bingham and daughter of _____ Stetson (b_____) (d at Norwich May 1670). By his first wife he had all his children, 2 sons and 3 daughters, of whom one was

MARY[2] (William[1]) (b in England 1638) (d at Wethersfield, Ct. July 8, 1717) m at New Haven or Saybrook Apr. 23, 1655, Benjamin, son of John and _____ Crane (b in England about 1630) (d at Wethersfield May 31, 1691). They had 8 sons and 1 daughter (the youngest), of whom the 6th was Abraham.

A second line of descent is:

WILLIAM[2] (William[1]) (b at Saybrook about 1639) (d at Saybrook _____) m at Saybrook May 11, 1660, Elizabeth, daughter of William and Elizabeth (Clark) Pratt (b at Hartford, Ct. Feb. 1, 1741) (d at Norwich, Ct. ____ 1730). They had at least 4 sons and 2 daughters, the 2nd child and 1st daughter being

SARAH[3] (William[2] William[1]) (b at Norwich, Ct. 1663) (d at Litchfield, Ct. after 1704) m at Norwich Jan. 15, 1682, Edward, son of Edward and Ann (Ellis) Colver (b at Poquot, Mass. 1654) (d at Litchfield Apr. 7, 1732). They had 7 sons and 5 daughters, the 10th child and 3rd daughter being Lydia.

NATHANIEL BACON OF MIDDLETOWN, CT.

Reference: A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England. James Savage. Little Brown & Co. Boston. 1860. 4 Vols. Vol. 1. pp. 91-92.

Also: Simsbury, Connecticut Births, Marriages, and Deaths. A. C. Bates. Hartford. 1898. 345 pp.

Nathaniel Bacon of Middletown, Ct., in 1653 was the son of William Bacon of Stretton, Rutland County, England, and nephew of Andrew Bacon who was early of Cambridge; was one of the Magistrates of Hartford 1637; and died at Hadley 1669. Andrew probably came from Rutlandshire, England and left no male descendants who had issue.

The evidence of the English Ancestry of Nathaniel is the testimony of Deacon John Fletcher and others of Milford, Ct. taken at New Haven, Ct. in 1661 before Nathaniel Bacon, Esq. wherein they state distinctly that "Nathaniel Bacon, then present, was the eldest son of William Bacon," etc.

He married Ann, daughter of Thomas Miller of Stretton, England, and had ten children. She died July 6, 1680 and he married again April, 17, 1682, Elizabeth Pierpont, probably a widow. He died Jan. 27, 1706.

NATHANIEL[1] (b at Stretton, Rutland County, England, before 1630) (d at Middletown, Ct., Jan. 27, 1706) m in England, Ann, daughter of Thomas Miller (b at Stretton, England about 1630) (d at Middletown July 6, 1680). They had 10 children of whom the 4th was Nathaniel, changed to

THOMAS[2] (Nathaniel[1]) (b at Middletown July 20, 1659) (d at Simsbury, Ct., ____) m at Simsbury March 12, 1684-5, Abigail, daughter of Thomas and Bethia (Parsons) Haskill (b at Windsor, Ct., Nov. 27, 1665) (d _____). They had 8 children all born at Simsbury, of whom the 5th was

ABIGAIL[3] (Thomas[2] Nathaniel[1]) (b at Simsbury Dec. 8, 1693) (d at Simsbury Dec. 17, 1719) m 1st at Simsbury June 22, 1711, John, son of Joseph Lewis and m 2nd at Farmington Aug. 4, 1715, Gillett, son of Samuel and Deborah (Gillett) Adams (b at Windsor, Ct., Feb. 19, 1694-5) (d at Simsbury Dec. 11, 1766). They had at least 3 children, of whom one was Abigail.

ORLANDO BAGLEY OF AMESBURY, MASS.

Reference: The Descendants of John Mack of Lyme, Conn. Sophia (Smith) Martin. Tuttle Co., Rutland, Vt. 1903-1904. 2 Vols. Vol. 1. 923 pp. Vol. 2. 924-1788 pp.

Orlando Bagley was born in England about 1620 and came to America about 1642, settling in Amesbury, Mass., where he was in 1655. He married Mar. 6, 1653-4, Sarah, daughter of Anthony and Susannah (Colby) who was born in Ipswich, Mass. He apprehended his friend and neighbor, Susannah Martin, for a witch, bringing her to trial at Salem, Mass., where she was afterwards executed. Orlando was living in 1663 and not living in 1700. His wife died Mar. 18, 1663. They had 5 children of whom only 2 grew up, Sarah and Orlando (b Feb. 18, 1658) who was for a long time schoolmaster in the town.

ORLANDO[1] (b in England about 1620) (d between 1663 and 1700) m at Amesbury, Mass., Mar. 6, 1653-4 Sarah Colby, daughter of Anthony and Susannah Colby (b at Ipswich, Ct. 1637) (d Mar. 18, 1663). They had 5 children, of whom the 3rd was

SARAH[2] (Orlando[1]) (b Mar. 2, 1663) (d after 1721) m at Boston Apr. 5, 1681, John Mack (b probably in Inverness, Scotland Mar. 6, 1658) (d at Lyme, Ct. Feb. 24, 1721). They had 12 children, of whom one was John.

BARTHOLOMEW BARNARD OF BOSTON, MASS.

Reference: A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England, James Savage. Little Brown & Co. Boston. 1860. 4 Vols. Vol. I. p. 118.

Bartholomew Barnard was a carpenter at Boston in 1651 and doubtless had been a dozen years before at York and brought from England a family consisting of a wife, a son Matthew and doubtless several other children. No doubt another son was Bartholomew who was in Hartford in 1647 when in Oct. he married Sarah Birchard. Little of any significance is known of him further.

BARTHOLOMEW[1] (b in England _____) (d _____) m in England _____ (b _____) (d _____). They had several children of whom one was

BARTHOLOMEW[2] (Bartholomew[1]) (b in England about 1622) (d at Hartford, Oct. 1698) m at Hartford Oct 25, 1647, Sarah, daughter of Thomas and Mary (_____) Birchard (b in England 1625 or 6) (d at Hartford before 1692). They had at least 2 sons and 4 daughters, of whom the eldest child was

SARAH[3] (Bartholomew[2] Bartholomew[1]) (b at Hartford Dec. 3, 1648; (d at Hartford 1730) m at Hartford about 1690, Lieutenant James, son of James and Anna (Bishop) Steele (b at Hartford about 1650) (d at Hartford 1712). They had 2 sons and 4 daughters, of whom the youngest was Elizabeth.

ROBERT BARTLETT OF NORTHAMPTON, MASS.

Reference: A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England. James Savage. Little Brown & Co. Boston. 1860. 4 Vols. Vol. 1. Page 132.

Robert Bartlett came to America in the "Lion" arriving in Cambridge, Mass., Sept. 16, 1632. Little is known of him further than that he removed to Northampton, Mass., about 1655 and was killed by the Indians there Mar. 14, 1676. The place of his marriage, family name of his wife, and date of her death are unknown.

ROBERT[1] (b in England probably about 1610) (d at Northampton, Mass., Mar. 14, 1676) m Ann _____ (b _____) (d _____). They had at least 3 children, of whom the 2nd was

ABIGAIL[2] (Robert[1]) (b probably at Charlestown, Mass., about 1637) (d at South Hadley Falls, Mass., Oct. 10, 1710) m at Northampton Dec. 17, 1657 as his second wife, John, son of Rowland and Sarah (_____) Stebbins (b in England 1626) (d at Northampton Mar. 7, 1678) m 2nd at Northampton Dec. 28, 1681, Jedediah, son of Elder John Strong. Abigail and John had 10 children, the 5th being Mary.

ROBERT BARTLETT OF PLYMOUTH, MASS.

Reference: History of the Society of Descendants of Robert Bartlett of Plymouth, Mass. Marion Longfellow, Loring Axtell Co., Springfield, Mass. 1914. 114 -- XXiii pp.

Robert Bartlett came to America from Stopham, Sussex County, England on the "Ann", arriving in July. 1623. In 1628 he married Mary, daughter of Richard Warren of the "Mayflower" who, with her mother and four sisters came over on the same ship. He was one of the first purchasers of Dartmouth, and died in 1676, aged 73 years. His widow married Oct. 24, 1692 or 1699 (both dates are given in Winsor's History) Thomas Delano

ROBERT[1] (b in England 1603) (d at Plymouth, Mass. 1676) m at Plymouth 1628, Mary, daughter of Richard and Elizabeth (Jouatt) Warren (b in England about 1608) (d at Duxbury, Mass, as Mrs. Thomas Delano after 1699). They had 2 sons and 6 daughters, of whom the 7th child was

LYDIA[2] (Robert[1]) (b at Plymouth, June 8, 1647) (d probably at Middleboro, Mass., before 1693) m at Plymouth about 1667, James Barnaby (b _____) (d _____) and m 2nd, probably at Plymouth, after 1676, John, son of William and Martha (Ford) Nelson (b at Plymouth June 8, 1647) (d at Middleboro, Mass. after 1678). She had by her 2nd husband at least 1 son, Thomas.

MATTHEW BECKWITH OF LYME, CT.

Reference: Beckwith Notes. Albert C. and Edward S. Beckwith. Private Print. Elkhorn, Wisconsin. 1899-1907. No. 1. Marvin Becksith and his wife, Abigail Clark, their colonial ancestors and their descendants. 1899. 88 pp. No. 2 Beckwith Notes with some account of allied families. 1899. 55 pp. No. 3. do. do. 1901. 64 pp. No. 4. do. do. 1903. 58 pp. No. 5. do. do. 1904. 36 pp. No. 6. Beckwith Notes. 1907. 78 pp.

Also: The Beckwiths. Paul Beckwith. J. Munsell's Sons. Albany, 1891. 384 pp.

Matthew Beckwith was born in England about 1610, place and parentage as yet unknown. His first American record is purchase of a home lot in Hartford, Ct., from William Pratt in 1645. He moved to New London and Lyme, Ct. about 1652, his land lying in both towns with his house in Lyme. On Oct. 21, 1680 he was killed by accident, "a fall in a dark night down a ledge of rocks". This gave occasion for a sermon on the providence of God which took away Matthew Beckwith and spared his fellow wayfarer. The inquest showed he was then seventy years old and this is the only evidence as to when he was born. The inventory of his estate made Dec. 13, 1682 totaled £293 10s. His widow, Elizabeth, married Samuel Buckland and died before 1690.

MATTHEW[1] (b in England about 1610) (d at Lyme, Ct. Oct. 21, 1680) m probably in England, Elizabeth_____ (b in England about 1615) (d at Lyme before 1690 as Mrs. Samuel Buckland). They had 7 children of whom the 3rd was

JOSEPH[2] (Matthew[1]) (b about 1641) (d at Lyme about 1708) m probably at Portsmouth, R. I. about 1677, Susannah, daughter of Peter and Ann (Hill) Tallman (b at Portsmouth, R.I. about 1660) (d at East Lyme, Ct. after 1715). His widow m 2nd about 1715, Ensign George Way. They had at least 2 children, one of whom was

JOSEPH[3] (Joseph[2] Matthew[1]) (b at Lyme Apr. 15, 1679) (d at East Lyme, Ct. Aug. 9, 1941) m at Lyme May 18, 1699. Marah, daughter of Lieut. Thomas and Mary (de Wolf) Lee (b at Lyme about 1679) (d 1759). His widow m 2nd May 16, 1745, Capt. Daniel Sterling and m 3rd_____Capt. Riggs of Derby, Ct. Joseph was appointed captain of militia in 1727. He had 11 children of whom the eldest was

JOSEPH[4] (Joseph[3] Joseph[2] Matthew[1]) (b at Lyme June 4, 1700) (d at Lyme Aug. 6, 1783, in 84th year) m probably at Lyme about 1733, Esther, daughther of Francis and Mary

Smith (b at Lyme 1703) (d at Lyme Dec. 4, 1774, in 71st year). They had 5 children of whom probably the youngest was

ZENAS[5] (Joseph[4] Joseph[3] Joseph[2] Matthew[1]) (b at Lyme _____) (d at Lyme _____) m at New London, June 23, 1768, Anna, daughter of John and Elizabeth (Champlin) Harris (b _____) (d _____). They had 8 children of whom the 2nd was

ESTHER[6] (Zenas[5] Joseph[4] Joseph[3] Joseph[2] Matthew[1]) (b at Lyme June 6, 1770) (d at Lyme Aug. 21, 1794) m at Lyme Nov. 13, 1788, Zophar, son of William and Abigail (Mack) Gee (b at Lyme, Ct. Aug. 28, 1763) (d at New Lyme, Ohio, Aug. 14, 1829). Her widower married second Sept. 10, 1795, Lura Jones of Hebron, Ct. Esther and Zophar had 3 children, the 2nd child being Salmon.

HENRY BENNETT OF SALEM AND IPSWICH, MASS.

Reference: The Descendants of John Mack of Lyme, Conn. Sophia (Smith) Martin. Tuttle and Co., Rutland, Vt. 1903-4. 2 Vols. 1788 pp.

Also: A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England. James Savage. Little Brown and Co.. Boston. 1860. 4 Vols.

Henry Bennett was of Salem, Mass., in 1630 on the Marblehead side, and of Ipswich in 1665, as appears in 2 Massachusetts Historical Collection VIII. 107. Little Else is known of him. His son, Henry Bennett Jr. married Jan. 27, 1673, Sarah, daughter of Henry Champion and died at Lyme, Ct. in 1726.

HENRY[1] (b in England before 1610) (d _____) m _____ (b _____) (d _____). Number of children unknown, of whom one was

HENRY[2] (Henry[1]) (b _____ about 1650) (d at Lyme, Ct. Jan. 17, 1726) m at Lyme Jan. 27, 1673, Sarah, daughter of Henry and Deborah Champion (b at Saybrook, Ct. 1649) (d at Lyme Mar. 31, 1727). They had 7 or 8 children of whom one, the fifth or sixth, was

LOVE[3] (Henry[2] Henry[1]) (b at Lyme or Saybrook Mar. 19, 1685) (d at Lyme Jan. 25, 1732) m at Lyme Jan. 13, 1704, John, son of John and Sarah (Bagley) Mack (b at Salisbury, Mass. Apr. 29, 1682) (d at Lyme May 29, 1734). They had 12 children, the 5th being Ebenezer.

ABRAM BERRY OF HUDDERSFIELD, ENGLAND.

Reference: Mss. "Genealogical Record of Abram Berry of Huddersfield, England, and his Descendants". By H. T. Cory, 1915. 11 pp.

Little is known of Abram Berry, except that he was probably born at or near Huddersfield, Yorkshire, England, about 1750 to 1755; married Sarah Dickson and had seventeen children, of whom three came to America. He died six weeks after his wife, in 1830-1831.

ABRAM[1] (b probably at or near Huddersfield, Yorkshire, Eng., about 1755) (d at Huddersfield late in 1830 or early in 1831) m probably at Huddersfield about 1776, Sarah Dickson (b probably at Huddersfield about 1758) (d at Huddersfield 1830 or 1831). They had 17 children, of whom the youngest was

HANNAH[2] (Abram[1]) (b at Huddersfield Dec. 15, 1807) (d at Cleveland, Ohio Dec. 25, 1880) m at Queen St. Chapel (Episcopal) Huddersfield, Apr. 12, 1831, Samuel, son of Joseph and Jane (Stocks) Stoney (b at Huddersfield Oct. 1, 1811) (d at Toronto, Ontario, Mar. 18, 1891). They had 9 children, of whom the 5th child and 4th daughter was Caroline.

ELIZABETH BIGELOW OF WATERTOWN, MASS.

Reference: A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England. James Savage. Little Brown and Co. Boston. 1860. 4 Vols. Vol. 1. p. 175.

While the antecedents of Elizabeth Bigelow who married Deacon Richard Butler at Cambridge or Watertown, Mass. about 1638 are yet unknown, it is certain that she was either the sister, or a daughter by a first marriage, of John Bigelow, a blacksmith, who was in Watertown, 1636, and found by Mr. Somerby to be a son of Randle Bigelow of Wreutham, Suffolk County, England. This John Bigelow who was the progenitor of all the early New England Bigelows, was baptized Feb. 17, 1617 by Rev. John Philip who came to America two years after Bigelow; was for a time in Dedham, Mass; and returned to his old living on the overthrow or the Bishop's domination.

ELIZABETH[1] (b at _____ about 1618) (d at Hartford, Ct. Feb. 26, 1656) m probably at Watertown, Mass. about 1638, Richard, son of _____ and _____ Butler (b in England about _____) (d at Hartford Aug. 6, 1684). They had at least 6 sons and 3 daughters, one being Nathaniel.

John Bigelow was an ancestor of President Garfield so that the lines of his descent and that of Ida J. Cory are:-

1. John Bigelow -brothers-
2. Samuel Bigelow
3. Mercy Bigelow
   m Thomas Garfield
4. Thomas Garfield
5. Solomon Garfield
6. Thomas Garfield
7. Abram Garfield
8. James Abram Garfield
   President

1. Elizabeth Bigelow
   m Richard Butler
2. Nathaniel Butler
3. Ruth Butler
   m William Curtis
4. Lydia Curtis
   m John Crane
5. Curtis Crane
6. William Crane
7. Sarah Crane
   m Salmon Gee
8. Susan Eliza Gee
   m Elam Luddington
9. Adelaide Luddington
   m George T. Judd
10. Ida Judd
    m H. T. Cory
11. Cory Boys

Thus President Garfield and Ida Judd Cory are 7th cousins twice removed.

THOMAS BIRCHARD OF SAYBROOK, CT.

Reference: A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England. James Savage. Little Brown and Co. Boston. 1860. 4 Vols. Vol. 1. p. 181.

Thomas Birchard came to America in the "Truelove" from London in 1635, aged 40, and accompanied by his wife Mary, aged 38, and children, Elizabeth, 13, Mary, 12, Sarah, 9, Susan, 8, John, 7, and Ann 1½. He was admitted freeman May 17, 1637. The spelling on that occasion is Bircher, in the custom house in London it is Birchood and he himself wrote it Birchward. He removed to Hartford where he was an original proprietor though not a first settler. Later he moved to Saybrook of which place he was Representative in 1650 and 1651 and died in 1684. His wife was buried Mar. 24, 1655 at Roxbury as is shown by the church record there. Since the town record makes no mention of her death it is possible she died while on a visit to her old friends. Indeed possibly they came there living within the edge of Dorchester, Mass. as the record gives decease of one Thomas Barchard Oct. 3, 1657.

THOMAS[1] (b in England 1595) (d at Saybrook, Ct. 1684) m in England, Mary _____ (b in England 1597) (d at Roxbury, Mass. Mar. 22, 1655). They had at least one son and 5 daughters of whom 3rd child and 3rd daughter was

SARAH[2] (Thomas[1]) (b in England 1625 or 6) (d at Hartford before 1692) m at Hartford Oct. 25, 1647, Bartholomew, son of Bartholomew and _____ Barnard (b in England about 1622) (d at Hartford 1698). They had at least 2 sons and 4 daughters of whom the eldest was Sarah.

Thomas Birchard was also an ancestor of President Hayes his line and that of Ida Judd Cory are:-

1. Thomas Birchard
2. John Birchard
3. James Birchard
4. John Birchard
5. Elias Birchard
6. Roger Birchard
7. Sophia Birchard
   m Rutherford Hayes
8. Rutherford Birchard Hayes
   President

1. Thomas Birchard
2. Sarah Birchard
   m Bartholomew Barnard
3. Sarah Barnard
   m Lt. James Steele
4. Elizabeth Steele
   m Cyprian Watson
5. Zachariah Watson
6. Zachariah Watson
7. Sarah Watson
   m William Crane
8. Sarah Crane
   m Salmon Gee

9. Susan Eliza Geo
m Elam Luddington
10. Adelaide Luddington
m George T. Judd
11. Ida Judd
m H. T. Cory
12. Cory Boys

Thus President Hayes and Ida Judd Cory are 6th cousins 3 times removed.

JOHN BISHOP OF GUILFORD, CT.

Reference: Caleb Benton and Sarah Bishop. Their Ancestors and Their Descendants. Chas. E. Benton. A. V. Haight Co. Poughkeepsie, N. Y. 1906. 29 pp.

Also: The Halls of New England: Genealogical and Biographical. David B. Hall. Joseph Munsell's Sons. Albany, N. Y. 1883. xii. 735-55 pp.

John Bishop was one of the original colonists of Guilford, Ct., and was one of the twenty-five signers of the "Covenant" drawn on the voyage over and dated June 1, 1639. He was probably as much as 35 years old when he, his wife, Ann ____, and several children came from England, location unknown. He was a prominent and wealthy man of the colony, being one of four to whom were entrusted the whole civil power until the organization of the church in 1643 and he was one of the grantees Oct. 19, 1639 of the Guilford lands from the "Red Cream" Menunketuck. He was also one of 12 Patentees to receive the charter of the town granted by the Colony of Connecticut. His widow, Anne, in her will made June 20, 1673 and probated at Hartford in June 1676, devises property in Hartford and Guilford and in England.

JOHN[1] (b in England about 1600) (d at Guilford, Ct. Jan. 7, 1661) m in England about 1625, Ann _____, (b in England about 1605) (d probably at Hartford June 1676). They had 6 children, of whom the eldest was

JOHN[2] (John[1]) (b in England about 1625) (d at Guilford Oct. 1683) m at Guilford Dec. 13, 1650, Susanna, only child, of Henry and Frances Goldham (b at Guilford) (d at Guilford Nov. 1, 1703). They had at least 8 children, of whom one was

DANIEL[3] (John[2] John[1]) (b at Guilford Dec. 8, 1663) (d at Guilford Apr. 17, 1751) m at Guilford July 16, 1693, Mary, daughter of John and Elizabeth (Smith) Hall (b at Guilford May 13, 1673) (d at Guilford Dec. 7, 1755). She was his second wife, the name of the first being unknown. See "The Halls of New England" p. 35. Daniel and Mary had 6 children, of whom the youngest was

SUBMIT[4] (Daniel[3] John[2] John[1]) (b at Guilford Apr. 25, 1713) (d at Middletown Apr. 22, 1793) m probably at Guilford _____, Thomas, son of Thomas and Mary (Strong) Alvord (b at Northampton May 18, 1710) (d at Middletown Mar. 16, 1786. They had 12 children, of whom the 8th was Mary.

A second line of descent is as follows:

JOHN[1] (b in England about 1600) (d at Guilford, Ct. Jan. 7, 1661) m in England about 1625, Ann ____ (b in England about 1605) (d probably in Hartford, Ct. June 1676). They had 6 children, of whom one was

ANNA[2] (John[1]) (b in England about 1631) (d at Hartford 1676) m at Guilford Oct. 18, 1651, James, son of George and ____ Steele (b in England about 1628) (d at Hartford after 1676) As his first wife. They had 2 sons and 4 daughters, the 2nd child being Lieut. James.

WYLLEM JANSEN VAN BORCKELLOO OF NEW AMSTERDAM AND FLATLANDS, L. I.

Reference: The Bergen Family; or the Descendants of Hans Hansen Bergen, one of the Early Settlers of New York and Brooklyn, L. I. with notes on the genealogy of some of the Cowenhaven, Voorhees, Eldert, Stoothoof, Cortelyon, Stryker, Snydam, Lott, Wyckoff, Barkeloo, Lefferts, Martense, Hubbard, Van Brunt, Vanderbilt, Vanderver, Van Nuyse and other Long Island Families. Jeunis G. Bergen. Joel Munsell. Albany, N. Y. 1876. viii + 658 pp. pp. 375, 378-80.

Wyllem Jansen Van Borckelloo, as written by himself, or from Borkuloo, anciently written Borkeloe and Borceloe, an extensive community near Zutpen, in the province of Gelderland, in the Netherlands, containing 1361 houses and 9350 inhabitants, and who married first a lady whose name is still unknown and second about 1666, Lysbeth or Elizabeth Jans, a widow who previously married first Christoffel Jans by whom she had a son Johannes Christoffel, and second Jan Claessen, by whom she had Claes and Christoffel Janson.

He emigrated to this country from Borculoo in the earldom of Zutphen, Holland, residing at first in New Amsterdam, following the occupation of butcher; afterwards at Amersfoost or Flatlands, and died Nov. 1683. After being in this country a short time he appears to have returned to Holland where he was in Feb. 1662, returning in that year, accompanied by his brother Harman Janse, who died prior to 1680, and whose son Hans Harmense resided for some years in New Utrecht and afterwards at Coustables Point, Bergen, N. J. where he died Oct. 26, 1700

Wyllem Jansen Van Borckelloo had more than ten children; six sons and three daughters by his second wife.

WYLLEM JANSEN[1] (b Borkeloe, Gelderland, Holland about 1635) (d at Flatlands, L. I. Nov. 1, 1683) m 1st _____ (b _____) (d _____) m 2nd in Long Island about 1666, Elizabeth _____ widow of Jan Claessen as her 3rd husband (b _____) (d _____). He had at least six sons and four daughters, of whom one by his first wife was

JANS WILLIAMSE[2] (Wyllem Jansen[1]) (b about 1660) (d _____) m probably at New Utrecht about 1680 _____ daughter of _____ and _____ (b probably in Holland about 1661) (d _____). He took the oath of Allegiance in 1687. They had at least 2 sons and 3 daughters of whom one was

JANNETJE[3] (Jans Williamse[2] Wyllem Jansen[1]) (b about 1686)

(d _____) m about 1706, Johannes Roll, son of Jan and _____ (Adriensen) Maugelsen (bapt. at Albany Jan. 27, 1686) (d near Springfield, N. J. after 1778). They probably had several children and certainly one, John Roll.

1620625

PETER BOUSICOT OF WARWICK, R. I.

Reference: The Genealogical Dictionary of Rhode Island. J. O. Austin. J. Munsell's Sons. Albany N. Y. 1887. 449 pp. p. 33.

Also: Vital Records of Rhode Island, 1636-1850. J. N. Arnold. Narragansett Historical Publishing Co. Providence, R. I. 1891 + 20 Vols. Vol. 1. p. 27 and Vol __ p. __.

Peter Busicot or Bousicot was probably a Frenchman, Pierre Bousicant or Boucicant. He was in Boston by 1636 where he was punished for drunkeness Sept. 6, 1636. He was a blacksmith and rather out of place in the Puritan colony as he was punished in Salem, Mass. Dec. 4, 1638 for quarrelling, and profanity and scoffing at the church. On Jan. 5, 1648 he was granted a 6 acre lot in Warwick, R. I.. From the children's names, Abigail, Mary, Ruth and Peter, one would judge his wife Mary, family name unknown, was a Puritan girl and hence Peter and her marriage occurred in New England or Old England.

PETER[1] (b probably in France about 1610) (d at Warwick, R. I. about 1692) m at _____ about 1640, Mary, daughter of _____ and _____ (b at _____ about 1620) (d at Warwick about 1692). They had at least 1 son and 3 daughters, one of the younger being

RUTH[2] (Peter[1]) (b probably at Warwick about 1655) (d at _____) m at Warwick Feb. 23, 1677, Thomas, son of _____ and _____ Thurber (b at _____ about 1655) (d at _____). They had at least 3 daughters, the youngest of these being Mary.

LESLIE BRADFIELD OF BRANFORD, CT.

Reference: A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England. James Savage. Little Brown & Co. Boston. 1860. 4 Vols. Vol. 1. pp. 9 and 230.

Little is known of Leslie Bradfield except that he was in Wethersfield, Ct. in 1643 and moved to Branford, Ct. where he died prior to 1657, his widow marrying George Adams on Sept. 5th of that year. In 1670 the latter made a will naming a wife and son probably by another wife; a later will made Oct. 10, 1677 devises all his property to Noah Rogers and others not very near relatives so that Mrs. (Bradfield) Adams must have died prior to 1677.

LESLIE[1] (b _____) (d at Branford, Ct. before 1657) m _____ (b _____) (d at Branford as Mrs. George Adams, probably before 1677). They had at least one child

MARTHA[2] (Leslie[1]) (b _____ about 1641) (d after Dec. 4, 1711) m at Branford, Mar. 9, 1661, John, son of _____ and Elizabeth (Alcock) Whitehead (b in England about 1635) (d at Branford June 8, 1695). They had 8 children, of whom the 4th was Martha (changed to Mercy).

EDWARD BRIDGE OF ROXBURY, MASS.

Reference: A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England. James Savage. Little Brown and Co. Boston, Mass. 1860. 4 Vols. Vol. 1. pp. 247-8.

Edward Bridge probably came from Essex County, England to America, about 1636 as he was made a freeman of Roxbury, Mass. May 22, 1639. Perhaps he was a brother of John of Cambridge, Mass. and near of kin to William Bridge, the steadfast non-conformist divine of Norwich, England, who was a member of the Westminster Assembly, and author of discourses that are still somewhat read. Little is known of his career in America. The family name of his wife, Mary is still unknown.

EDWARD[1] (b in England in 1601) (d at Roxbury, Mass. Dec. 20, 1683, aged 82) m at _____, Mary, daughter of _____ and _____ (b at _____) (d at Roxbury after 1640). They had at least 1 son and 1 daughter

MARY[2] (Edward[1]) (b at Roxbury Nov. 18, 1637) (d at Dedham, Mass. Apr. 13, 1718) m at Roxbury Nov. 23, 1661, Samuel, son of John and Joanne (_____) Gay (b at Dedham, Mar. 10, 1639) (d at Dedham Apr. 15, 1718). They had at least 5 sons, the 3rd son being John.

REV. CHAD BROWNE OF PROVIDENCE, R. I.

Reference: The Chad Browne Memorial; Consisting of Genealogical Memoirs of a Portion of the Descendants of Chad and Elizabeth Browne, Etc.. Private Print. Brooklyn, N. Y. 1888. 173 pp. Preface signed A. I. Bulkley.

Also: Genealogy of a Portion of the Brown Family. H. T. Beckwith. H. H. Brown. Providence, R. I. 1851. 16 pp.

Also: Family Histories and Genealogies. E. E. Salisbury and E. McC. Salisbury. Private Print. New Haven, Ct. 1892. 5 Vols. Vol. 3. pp. 15-9.

Rev. Chad Browne came from Stoneleigh Abbey near Kennilworth, Warwickshire, England to Boston, Mass. on the ship "Martin" in July 1638, with his wife Elizabeth, son John, and perhaps other children. He seems to have gone back to England, and returned to American in 1641, on the same boat with his daughter Phebe and husband Thomas Lee, and their three children. Thomas lee died on the boat and was buried at sea. See Item "Thomas Lee".

On account of difference of religious views he soon, that same year, 1638, was exiled from Salem, Mass. "for conscience sake", and was one of the famous Thirteen Signers of the Providence Compact. He was the surveyor who headed the Committee to compile a list of house lot owners on "Towne Street" and the meadows alloted thereto. His home lot on "Towne Street" is now largely occupied by Brown University.

In 1640 he was one of a committee of five to draft the first written form of government for the colony and which was in force until 1644 when Roger Williams returned from England with the first Charter. Of the thirty-nine signatures to this agreement Chad Browne's was the first.

In 1642 he was ordained as the first pastor of the (First) Baptist Church. In 1643 he was on a committee to arrange peace between the Warwick settlers and Massachusetts Bay Colony.

Chad Browne's great great grandsons, John and Moses Brown repurchased a large part of the original home lot and gave it to the College of Rhode Island when it was moved to Providence from Warren, and in 1804 the name was changed to Brown University.

When Chad Browne died is not known except that a reference is made Sept. 2, 1650 to his widow. Both his and his wife's tombstones are in the North Burial Grounds in Providence.

CHAD[1] (b in England about 1585) (d at Providence, R. I. before Sept. 2, 1650) m in England, Elizabeth, daughter of _____ and _____ _____ (b in England about 1587) (d at Providence after 1650). They had 5 sons and 1 daughter of whom one daughter was

PHEBE[2] (Chad[1]) (b in England about 1610) (d at Simsbury, Ct. about _____) m 1st in England about 1629, Thomas, son of _____ and _____ Lee (b in England about 1610) (d at sea June 1634) m 2nd at Saybrook, Ct. about _____ Greenfield Larobes (b _____) (d _____) m 3rd at Saybrook about _____ _____ Cornish (b _____) (d a Simsbury _____). By her 1st husband she had 1 son and 2 daughters; by her 2nd, 3 sons and 2 daughters; and by her 3rd, 1 son. The only son by her 1st husband was Thomas

LYDIA BROWN OF WINDSOR, CT.

Reference: History and Genealogies of Ancient Windsor, Connecticut, H. R. Stiles. Case Lockwood and Brainard Co. Hartford, Ct. 1892. 2 Vols. Vol. 2. p. 117.

Probably, but not certainly, Lydia Brown, who married at Windsor, Ct. June 28, 1641, Thomas Parsons, was the daughter of American Emigrant ancestor parents, but as yet this is not certain. She must have been born about 1621 and as she does not seem to have been a daughter of the "Mayflower" Peter Brown, it is very probably that she was born in England and that she is, and perhaps her parents also are, American Emigrant ancestors.

LYDIA[1] (b at _____ 1621) (d at Windsor, Ct. after 1663) m 1st at Windsor June 28, 1641, Thomas, son of _____ and _____ Parsons (b in England 1618) (d at Windsor Sept. 23, 1661) m 2nd at Windsor about _____ 1662, Eltweed Pomeroy (b _____) (d _____). By her 1st husband she had 11 children, the eldest being Bethia.

RICHARD BULLOCK OF REHOBOTH, MASS.

References: A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England. James Savage. Little Brown & Co. Boston. 4 Vols. Vol. 1. 1860. p. 297.

Also: Vital Record of Rehoboth 1642-1896. James N. Arnold. Narragansett Hist. Pub. Co., Providence, R. I., 1897. xxxvii + 926 pp. pp. 67 and 563.

Richard Bullock was in Rehoboth as early as 1643; and there August 4, 1647, he married Elizabeth Ingraham. He was a freeman of May, 1646. He moved to Newton, L. I., about 1656, but soon returned to Rehoboth, where he died about 1667. I have been able to find relatively little about him.

RICHARD[1] (b probably in England about 1623) (d at Rehoboth 1667) m at Rehoboth, Aug. 4, 1647, Elizabeth, daughter of Richard and _____ (_____) Ingraham (b in England about 1625) (d at Rehoboth Jan. 7, 1659) m 2nd at Rehoboth, July 21, 1660, Elizabeth Billington (b_____) (d _____). He had 1 son and 5 daughters by his first wife; and 3 sons and 1 daughter by the second. His second child was

ELIZABETH[2] (Richard[1]) (b at Rehoboth Oct. 9, 1650) (d at Swansea, Mass.) m at Rehoboth, Dec. 1672, Caleb, son of Samuel and Elizabeth (_____) Eddy (b at Plymouth, Mass., 1643) (d at Swansea, Mass. Mar. 23, 1713). They had 4 sons and 4 daughters, the 6th child and 2nd daughter being Hannah.

DEACON RICHARD BUTLER OF HARTFORD, CT.

Reference: The History of Ancient Wethersfield, Connecticut. Henry. R. Stiles. Grafton Press. New York. 1904. 2 Vols. Vol. 2. pp. 170-174.

Deacon Thomas Butler came to America in 1633 from Braintree, Essex County, England and became a freeman at Cambridge, Mass. May 14, 1634. He was a member of Rev. Thomas Hookers Church at Hartford, Ct. in 1642 where he was, with his brother William, among the first settlers receiving 16 acres of land in the first division. He was a deacon in the first church there, juror 1643-4-7-8, grand juror 1660-2; selectman 1649-54-58; deputy to General Court 1656-60; clerk General Court from May 20, 1658 on. He resided at Hartford on the south side of Little River and owned a houselot and other lands in Wethersfield, Ct. He was twice married, the name of the first wife being unknown, one account says he came thither "mourning the loss of wife and infant". He married before coming to Hartford, Elizabeth Bigelow, according to Hinman, but some others think she was of Hartford. He died at a ripe old age Aug. 6, 1684 leaving an estate of £654:15:00.

DEACON RICHARD[1] (b in England about 1600) (d at Hartford, Aug. 6, 1684) m 1st probably in England _____ (b _____) (d before 1636) m 2nd _____, Elizabeth Bigelow (b _____) (d at Hartford Feb. 26, 1656-7). He had by his second wife at Hartford 6 sons and 2 daughters, of whom the 3rd son and child was

NATHANIEL[2] (Richard[1]) (b at Hartford about 1641) (d at Wethersfield Feb. 9, 1697-8 "age 56 years or thereabouts") m 1st probably, Sarah _____ (b _____) (d before 1696) m 2nd Mary (b _____) (d at Wethersfield Apr. 9, 1725 "age about 26 years"). He had at Wethersfield only, 2 sons and 4 daughters, of whom the youngest was

RUTH[3] (Nathaniel[2] Richard[1]) (b at Wethersfield about 1680) (d probably at Wethersfield after 1713) m at Wethersfield Jan. 8, 1702, William, son of John and Lydia (_____) Curtis (b at Wethersfield Mar. 12, 1677) (d probably at Wethersfield after 1713). They had 3 sons and one daughter, Lydia.

HUGH CALKINS OF GLOUCESTER, MASSACHUSETTS

References: "Lineal Ancestors of Captain James Cory and of his Descendants." C. H. Cory Jr., Private Print. St. Petersburgh, Fla. 1937. 2nd vol ii and 178 and 179 - 361 pp. pp 278-293.

Hugh Calkins, a Welsh husbandman from Chepshire, in Monmouthshire, came to America in 1640 with his wife, Ann, and several children, and settled, with others of Rev. Richard Blinman's party, at Green Harbor, now Marshfield, Mass., and then on with them to found Gloucester, Mass. He was a Selectman continuously from 1644 to 1649 and a Representative to the General Court in Boston, 1650 and 1651. In 1651, again with Rev. Blinman, he moved to New London, Conn., and was at once sent from there to the General Court at Hartford, and thereafter for a total of twelve times. He was also Selectman of New London for eight years. In 1660 he moved to Norwich, Conn. where "Deacon Calkins" died about 1690, aged 90 years.

1. Hugh (b in Wales, near Monmouthshire, England, about 1600) (d at Norwich, Ct. 1690) m in England, Ann _____(b near Monmouthshire about 1610) (d at Norwich before 1690). He had at least 2 sons and 4 daughters, probably the 2nd child and daughter being

2. Mary (Hugh 1) (b at Newark, N. J. after 1672) m 1st at Gloucester, Mass., November 8, 1649, Hugh, Son of _____Roberts (b in England about 1623) (d at Newark Nov. 1671) m 2nd at Newark about 1672 Robert Bond (b) (d). By her 1st husband she had 2 sons and 4 daughters, probably the eldest being Priscilla.

THOMAS CHAMBERLAIN OF WOBURN, MASS.

Reference: One Branch of the Descendants of Thomas Chamberlain of Woburn 1644. Geo. W. Chamberlain, Willis B. Chamberlain, Worcester, Massachusetts. 1897. 16 pp.

Thomas Chamberlain first appears in America at Woburn, Mass. where he was made freeman by the General Court May 29, 1644. He was a "planter". On Feb. 28, 1651-2 together with James Parker and Isaac Learned, also of Woburn, he bought 1500 acres of land lying on both sides of the Concord River in Shawshine (now Billerica, Mass.) of Governor Thomas Dudley. He probably never occupied any part of this tract which was divided up and sold. He was of the first company that settled Chelmsford. On Dec. 20, 1669, his wife, Mary, died and on Apr. 16, 1674, he married at Chelmsford Mrs. Mary Parker, widow of Sergt. John Parker of Billerica, and also widow of "Goodman John Poulter Sr. of Rayleigh, County Essex near Billerica, England". By her he had no children and she died Feb. 7, 1692-3. As to his death, only from a deed can it be inferred that it occured before Dec. 21, 1700.

THOMAS[1] (b in England about 1620) (d at Chelmsford or Billerica, Mass. before Dec. 21, 1700) m probably in England, Mary _____ (b _____) (d at Chelmsford, Mass. Dec. 20, 1669) m 2nd at Chelmsford Apr. 16, 1674, Mrs. Mary Parker (b in England) (d at Chelmsford or Billerica Feb. 7, 1692-3). He had by his first wife at least 3 children of whom one was

SARAH[2] (Thomas[1]) (b at Woburn, Mass. Jan. 30, 1649) (d at Lyme, Ct. between 1691 and 1741) m at Chelmsford Feb. 22, 1676, Aaron, son of John and Jane (or Joan) Huntley (b at Boston, Mass. Apr. 15, 1654-5) (d at Lyme about June 1745). They had 8 children, of whom the 3rd was Sarah.

HENRY CHAMPION OF SAYBROOK AND LYME, CT.

Reference: The Champion Genealogy. A History of the Descendants of Henry Champion of Saybrook and Lyme, Ct. Francis Bacon. Trowbridge. Privately Printed. New Haven. 1891. xiv + 560 pp.

Henry Champion emigrated from England and in 1647 had settled at Saybrook, Conn. About 1660 the first known records of the town were begun and contained a description of his land parcels. He soon moved across the Connecticut River to Lyme, on the east shore, where he was propounded a freeman May 12, 1670. The records of that town were begun in 1674 and those covering June 18th of that year contain descriptions of several parcels of his land, recorded on pages 23 and 24 of the First Book of Town Records of Lyme, under the attestation of "Matthew Griswald and Renold Mervines" who were the town surveyors. On Sept. 13, 1684 he consents, as "being the first proprietor of the land above", to transfer it to Thomas Lee, by the way, another American immigrant ancestor.

Henry Champion lived in the house he had built on the hill just east of the meeting-house and near the old burying ground. His "eare mark for all sorts of cretures is a crop one the off eare with a half penny cutt one the under side of the same eare".

Nothing is known of his English antecedents, or the name and family of his first wife who was probably the daughter or sister of one of the early Saybrook settlers. He married his second wife, Deborah Jones, March 21, 1697-8 and died Feb. 17, 1708-9 aged 98 years. He signed his second marriage contract, and his estate, after earlier division of property, inventoried £81:18:4.

HENRY[1] (b in England 1610) (d at Lyme, Conn. Feb. 17, 1708-9) m 1st _____ (b _____) (d _____) m 2nd at Lyme Mar. 21, 1698, Deborah Jones (b _____) (d after 1710). By his first wife he had 6 children of whom the eldest was

SARAH[2] (Henry[1]) (b at Saybrook, Ct. 1649) (d at Lyme Mar. 31, 1727) m at Lyme Dec. 9, 1675, Henry, son of Henry Bennett Ipswich, Mass. (b about 1650) (d at Lyme Jan. 17, 1726). They had 7 or 8 children of whom one, the 5th or 6th, was Love.

JEFFERY CHAMPLIN OF WESTERLY, R. I.

Reference: The Genealogical Dictionary of Rhode Island. John O. Austin. J. Munsell's Sons. Albany, N. Y. 1887. 447 pp. pp. 274-7.

Also: Probate Records, New London, Conn. Book E p. 433.

Jeffery Champlin with several others was admitted to the Island of Aquidneck near Newport in 1639 and on September 7, 1640, was made freeman. About 1661 he moved to Westerly; on May 18, 1669, he became freeman there and on May 17, 1671, took the oath of allegiance to Rhode Island. In 1680 he was in the town council, 1680 to 1684 was Moderator of the town meeting, 1681 to 1686 inclusive was Deputy and December 4, 1685, was appointed with others to survey highways. His son Jeffery was often Deputy and almost continuously from 1696 to 1715 an Assistant and another son, William, was Deputy nearly all the time from 1690 to 1712. A third son, Christopher, was also in the town council, a constable and a Deputy. Savage says (Genealogical Dictionary Vol. 1. p. 355) "This had been a name of celebrities in Rhode Island". The son, William, left an estate of £189:4:10.

JEFFERY[1] (b in England about 1618) (d at Westerly, R. I. before 1695) m probably in England _____ (b _____) (d _____). He had at least 3 sons of whom one was

CHRISTOPHER[2] (Jeffery[1]) (b at Newport, R. I. about 1656) (d at Westerly, R. I. Apr. 2, 1732) m 1st probably at Westerly about 1680, _____ (b _____) (d at Westerly about 1700) m 2nd Elizabeth, widow of William Davol (b _____) (d at Westerly about 1722). All his 5 children were by his 1st wife of whom the youngest was

JOHN[3] (Christopher[2] Jeffery[1]) (b at Westerly about 1695) (d at Lyme, Ct. about Oct. 10, 1746) m probably at Westerly, Elizabeth, _____ (b _____) (d at Lyme after Nov. 8, 1746). They had at least 2 sons and 5 daughters of whom one was

ELIZABETH[4] (John[3] Christopher[2] Jeffery[1]) (b probably at Lyme about 1717) (d _____) m at New London, Ct. Mar. 31, 1737, John, son of Joseph and Mary (Stevens) Harris (b at New London Apr. 18, 1715) (d probably at New London _____). After her death he married Deborah, daughter of John Rogers of New London. They had at least 7 children of whom the 5th was Ann.

REV. JOHN CHARLES OF BRANFORD, CT.

Reference: A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England. James Savage. Little Brown & Co. Boston, Mass. 1860. 4 Vols. Vol. 1. p. 364.

Also: The Genealogy and History of the John Keysar Smith Family. A. S. P. Crane and C. P. S. Mullin. Private Print. Florence, Neb. 1924. 247 pp. pp. 38-9.

Rev. John Charles was in Charlestown, Mass., 1636; removing to New Haven, Ct. in 1637, and to Branford, Ct. in 1667 where he was one of the first settlers, and where he died in 1673. He seems to have been a good, effective and successful clergyman, so that there is little more significant to be said of him.

JOHN[1] (b in England about 1595) (d at Branford, Ct. ___ 1673) m in England about 1618, _____, daughter of _____ and _____ (b in England about 1605) (d at _____). They had several sons and daughters, one being

SARAH[2] (John[1]) (b at _____ about 1620) (d at Saybrook, Ct. before 1659) m at Saybrook, Ct. 1638, William, son of _____ and _____ Backus (b in Norwich, England about 1610) (d at Saybrook before May 7, 1664). They had 2 sons and 3 daughters, one being Mary.

JOHN CHIPMAN OF BARNSTABLE, MASS.

Reference: Chipmans of America, A. L. Chipman, Chipman Printery, Poland, Maine, 1904. 232 pp.

Also: The Chipman Lineage, R. M. Chipman. From the Historical Collections of the Essex Institute, Salem Press, Salem, Mass., 1872, 59 pp.

Thomas Chipman was born, probably in Whitechurch, near Dorchester, England, about 1567, and died about 1623. He owned property in Whitechurch which yielded him an income of 50 pounds per annum. In 1775 Thomas Chipman of Salisbury, Ct. caused inquiries to be made by Silas Dean, or Benjamin Franklin, colonial agents in England, regarding the estate, and learned it lay as described, and the rental was 500 pounds. The Revolution and its consequences, prevented presenting the claim to the estate. Thomas married about 1590, and his wife died about 1637. There are records of but 3 children John Hannor (Hannah?) and Tumsum (Thomasine?).

The son, John, was born about 1614. Brotherless, and early left fatherless, he sailed from Barnstable, Devon County, England, May, 1631, in the ship "Friendship", arriving in Boston July 14, 1631.

On March 2, 1642, he brought suit against his cousin, John Derby. He joined the Barnstable Church, June 30, 1653; his wife having joined August 7, 1650, and on Apr. 14, 1670, became one of the ruling elders. He was for successive years a selectman, then in the Plymouth Colony, with authority of a magistrate, and was a Representative, or Deputy to Court in 1663-4-5-6-7-8 and 9.

In 1646, he married Hope, second daughter of John and Elizabeth (Tilley) Howland of "Mayflower" fame, and her gravestone is in the ancient burial ground on Lathrop Hill, Barnstable. He married a second time, but all his children were by his first wife. His will is dated Nov. 12, 1702, and proved May 17, 1708.

THOMAS[1] (b probably in Whitechurch, County of Dorset, England about 1567) (d at Whitechurch about 1623) m about 1590, _____) (b _____) (d about 1637). They had at least 1 son and 2 daughters

JOHN[2] (Thomas[1]) (b probably at Bryans-Piddle, near Dorchester, England about 1614) (d at Barnstable, Mass., Apr. 7, 1708) m at Plymouth, Mass., 1646, Hope, daughter of John and Elizabeth (Tilley) Howland (b at Plymouth 1629) (d at Barnstable, Jan. 8, 1684, aged 54) m 2nd in 1684, Ruth,

youngest daughter of William Sargent, and widow of, first Johnathan Winslow, of Marshfield, Mass., and second (1677) Rev. Richard Bourne, who died in 1682 (b at Charlestown, Mass., Oct. 25, 1642) (d at Sandwich, Mass., Oct. 4, 1713). He had, all by his first wife, 3 sons and 9 daughters, of whom the 3rd daughter, and 3rd child was

HOPE[3] (John[2] Thomas[1]) (b at Barnstable, Mass., Aug. 31, 1652) (d at Barnstable _____) m at Barnstable, Aug. 10, 1670, John, son of Thomas and Rose (_____) Huckins (bapt. at Barnstable Aug. 5, 1649) (d at Barnstable Nov. 10, 1678) m 2nd, Jonathan Cobb (b _____) (d _____). By her first husband she had four daughters, of whom one was

HOPE[4] (Hope[3] John[2] Thomas[1]) (b at Barnstable May 10, 1677) (d at Middleborough, Mass., Dec. 7, 1782) m at Barnstable, about 1698, Thomas, son of John and Lydia (Bartlett) Barnaby Nelson (b at Middleboro about 1677) (d at Middleboro _____). They had at least 1 daughter, Elizabeth.

JOHN CLARK OF SAYBROOK, CT.

Reference: A Record of Descendants of John Clark of Farmington, Conn.. Julius Gay. Case, Lockwood and Brainard Co. Hartford, Ct. 1862. 94 pp. pp. 10-11.

Also: A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England. James Savage. Little Brown and Co. Boston. 1860. 4 Vols. Vol. 1. p. 396.

Also: The Pratt Family; of the Descendants of Lieut. William Pratt. F. W. Chapman. Case Lockwood and Co. Hartford, Ct. 1864. 420 pp.

John Clark, a native of Great Mundon, Hertfordshire, England came to America and was in Saybrook, Ct. Sept. 9, 1647 and who was one of those to whom Charles II granted the Charter of 1662. He was for many years a Deputy from Saybrook to the General Court, and held many public commissions. His will is dated Feb. 17, 1672 at its beginning and Jan. 19, 1673 at its end. The inventory of his estate was filed Feb. 28, 1673. The will is given at length on page 340 of the William Pratt Genealogy (see Item William Pratt). In it he names both his daughter, Elizabeth Pratt and his son-in-law, William Pratt, and his wife among others. His widow whose name is not yet known, was a daughter of the widow of Joyce Ward of Wethersfield, Ct., and died at Farmington, Ct. Jan.22, 1678.

JOHN[1] (b in Hertfordshire, England about 1595) (d at Saybrook, Ct. Feb. 1673) m in England about 1618, _____, daughter of _____ (b probably in England about 1600) (d at Farmington, Ct. Jan. 22, 1678). They had at least 2 sons and 2 daughters, one being

ELIZABETH[2] (John[1]) (b probably in Great Mundon, Hertfordshire, England about 1620) (d at Saybrook, Ct. after 1672 and probably after 1678) m at Hartford, Ct. about 1640, Lieut. William, son of _____ and _____ Pratt (b near Stevenage, Hertford England about 1610) (d at Saybrook ___ 1678). They had 5 sons and 3 daughters, the eldest child being Elizabeth.

ANTHONY COLBY OF AMESBURY, MASS.

Reference: The Descendatns of John Mack of Lyme, Conn. Sophia (Smith) Martin. Tuttle Co., Rutland, Vt. 1903-1904. 2 Vols. Vol. 1. 923 pp. Vol. 2. 924-1788 pp.

Anthony Colby was the first of that name in this country and one of 12 children. He came to America with Gov. Winthrop's company in 1630, arriving in June or July. His name is on the record of the Boston First Church. He was in Cambridge, Mass. in 1631, in Ipswich, Mass. in 1637, in Salisbury, Mass. in 1640 and in Amesbury, Mass. 1644. He became one of the largest property owners in Amesbury, Mass. His wife's name was Susannah and they had 12 children, born from 1633 on, so he doubtless married in America. He died Dec. 11, 1660-1. In 1664 his widow married again, husband unknown. In 1682 she is spoken of as "infirm from age" and in 1701 Anthony's property was divided. She probably died about that same time.

ANTHONY[1] (b in England about 1610) (d Dec. 11, 1660-1) m _____ Susannah _____ (b about 1612) (d between 1682 and 1701). They had 12 children of whom the second was

SARAH[2] (Anthony[1]) (b Ipswich, Ct. 1637) (d Mar. 18, 1663) m at Amesbury, Mass. Mar. 6, 1653-4, Orlando Bagley (b in England about 1620) (d at Amesbury, Mass. between 1663 and 1700). They had 5 children, of whom the 3rd was Sarah.

JAMES COLE OF PLYMOUTH, MASS.

Reference: The Descendants of James Cole of Plymouth, 1633, etc. Ernest Byron Cole. Grafton Press. New York. 1908. xiii + 413 pp.

Also: The Early Genealogies of the Cole Families in America. Frank T. Cole. Private Print. Columbus, Ohio. 1887. xxxiii + 308 pp.

James Cole was living in Highgate, a suburb of London, in 1616. He was a great lover of flowers, and it is probably due to this fact that he became acquainted with and married Mary, daughter of the noted botanist and physician, Mathieu Lobel. The latter was born in Lille, Belgium in 1538, the son of Jean de Lobel, a distinguished lawyer. He was physician to William of Orange in Antwerp, and to James First in London, and the author of several books. He died at Highgate, Mar. 2, 1616.

James Cole and Mary Lobel were married in 1624, and their first children, James and Hugh, were probably born in London. They came to Saco, Maine, in 1632, and in 1633 located in Plymouth, Mass. where he was that year admitted freeman. He was a sailor, and the first settler of, and person to live on "Cole's Hill", the first burial ground of the Pilgrims, and probably included the spot upon which rests Plymouth Rock. His land probably included all the area on the south side of Leyden Street, from the corner of Warren Street to the westerly line of the lot opposite the Universalist Church; and his house stood on the lot next below the Baptist Church. He was surveyor of highways in 1641-2, 51-2; constable in 1641 and 1644; and in 1637 he was a volunteer against the Pequot Indians.

Soon after his arrival in Plymouth he opened the first Inn there, and one of, if not the first Inn in New England. It was kept as a public Inn by him and his son, James, until 1698. So far no record has been found of the death of this English emigrant, or his wife.

His son Hugh, admitted as a freeman of Plymouth in 1657, was a shipwright and a civil engineer; and for years, a great friend of King Philip, the Indian Chief. In 1667, he, with 20 others, bought from Philip 500 acres of land on the west bank of what was named for him Cole's River, at Swansea, Mass. There they set up the first Baptist Church in Massachusetts. In June 1675, at the commencement of the war with King Philip, two of his sons were captured by the Indians and taken to Philip at Mt. Hope. Philip set them at liberty, but sent word to Hugh Cole that he could no longer restrain his warriors, and for him to take his family at once to Rhode Island. This he did, and one hour thereafter his house was burned. Hugh settled at

Portsmouth, R. I. During the war he was a sergeant, and his son Gersham was the first white person killed. After the war, Hugh returned to Swansea. There he lived but a few rods from where Miss Abby Cole resided in 1908; and a well walled by him on the bank of the Kickemmit River is still there. He was a selectman many years, and a Deputy and Representative to the General Court in 1673-4-5-80-3-4-5-6 and 9. He is buried in Tyler Point Cemetery.

JAMES[1] (b in England about 1600) (d probably at Plymouth, Mass. after 1666) m probably at Highgate, London, 1624, Mary, daughter of Mathieu and _____ Lobel and granddaughter of Jean de Lobel (b probably in London about 1605) (d probably at Plymouth, Mass. after 1668). They had at least 3 sons and 1 daughter, of whom the 2nd son was

HUGH[2] (James[1]) (b at London 1627) (d at Swansea, Mass. Jan. 22, 1699) m at Barnstable, Mass. Jan. 6, 1654-5, Mary, daughter of Richard and Ann (Shelly) Foxwell (b at Barnstable Aug. 17, 1635) (d at Swansea before 1688) m 2nd at Swansea Jan. 1, 1609, Elizabeth, widow of Jacob Cook, former widow of William Shurtliffe, and daughter of Thomas and Ann Lettuce of Plymouth (b _____) (d at Swansea Oct. 31, 1693) m 3rd at Swansea Jan. 30, 1694, Mary, widow of Deacon Ephriam, former widow of William Harlow, and daughter of Robert and Judith Shelly, a cousin of his first wife. He had, all by his first wife, 6 boys and 4 girls, the first 7 born at Plymouth and the last 3 at Swansea. The youngest child was

DEACON BENJAMIN[3] (Hugh[2] James[1]) (b at Swansea 1676) (d at Swansea Sept. 29, 1748) m at Swansea June 27, 1701, Hannah, daughter of Caleb and Elizabeth (Bullock) Eddy (b probably at Swansea about 1683) (d at Swansea May 15, 1768). They had 5 sons and 3 daughters, of whom the 3rd was

BENJAMIN[4] (Benjamin[3] Hugh[2] James[1]) (b at Swansea Oct. 31, 1706) (d at Swansea Dec. 20, 1776) m at Middleboro, Mass. Nov. 19, 1730, Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas and Hope (Huckins) Nelson (b at Middleboro about 1710) (d at Swansea Mar. 25, 1748) m 2nd at Swansea Sept. 22, 1749, Hannah, widow of John Luther and daughter of Richard and Mary (Thurber) Harding. He had 1 or 2 sons and 5 daughters by his first wife, and 5 sons and his second wife. His 3rd child was

HANNAH[5] (Benjamin[4] Benjamin[3] Hugh[2] James[1]) (b at Swansea 1736) (d at Swansea July 3, 1787) m at Warren Nov. 15, 1753, Benjamin, son of Richard and Mary (Thurber) Harding, brother of her stepmother (b at Swansea about 1730) (d probably lost at sea, about 1757). She had at least 2 daughters, of whom one was Elizabeth.

WILLIAM COLLINS OF NEW HAVEN, CT.

Reference: A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England. James Savage. Little Brown & Co. Boston. 1860. 4 Vols. Vol. 1. p. 436.

Also: Vital Records of New Haven 1649-1850. Part 1. The Connecticut Society of the Order of the Founders and Patriots of America. Hartford. 1917. x + 599 pp. pp. 86 and 91.

The first reference to William Collins is his being taxed at New London, Ct. in 1667. He moved to New Haven and that year married Sarah Morrill. He was a Proprietor of New Haven, Ct. in 1685.

WILLIAM[1] (b in England about 1642) (d at New Haven, Conn. after 1687) m at New Haven Jan. 1, 1667, Sarah, daughter of Henry and Blanche (_____) Morill (b at New Haven Nov. 17, 1650) (d at New Haven _____). They had several children of whom one was

DANIEL[2] (William[1]) (b at New Haven, May 28, 1677) (d at New Haven _____) m at East Haven Sept. 8, 1698, Abigail, daughter of John and Priscilla (Powell) Thompson (b at East Haven Feb. 24, 1680) (d _____). They had several children of whom one was

ABIGAIL[3] (Daniel[2] William[1]) (b at East Haven Sept. 14, 1700) (d at East Haven Dec. 12, 1790) m at East Haven Aug. 20, 1720, Eliphalet, son of William and Mercy (Whitehead) Luddington (b at East Haven Apr. 28, 1697) (d at East Haven Jan. 26, 1761). They had 10 children, the oldest being Jesse.

EDWARD COLVER OF DEDHAM, MASS

Reference: Colver, Colver Genealogy: Descendants of Edward Colver of Boston, Dedham and Rosbury, Massachusetts and New London and Mystic, Connecticut. F. L. Colver. Frank Allaben Genealogical Company, New York. 1910. 271 pp.

Edward Colver came from the southeastern part of England to America with a partyof emigrants brought over by Gov. John Winthrop in the autumn of 1635. The old records speak of him as "Edward Colver, the wheelwright". He was first in Boston, but in the next year he joined the group which founded Dedham, Mass. formerly Contentment, being the 68th of the 124 signing the covenant. He was in the Pequot War of 1637 and from then on was noted as an Indian Scout, being a great friend of King Uncas, who named his son after Colver's second son, Johna.

In the King Philip War 1675 Colver, then 75, years old, went out with his four sons, Edward Jr., Ephriam, Joseph and Samuel. He was the only person in the "Swamp Fight" of Dec. 19, 1675 who had been in the Pequot War.

Colver sold his holdings at Dedham and moved to Roxbury, Mass. between 1644 and 1648. In 1654 he built a waterpower grist mill at New London, Ct. In 1678 he moved to Mystic, Ct. where he died in 1685.

EDWARD[1] (b in England 1600) (d at Mystic, Ct. 1685) m at Dedham, Mass. Sept. 19, 1638, Ann, daughter of John and _____ Ellis (b in England about 1620) (d at Mystic about 1685). They had 7 sons and 2 daughters, the 8th child and 6th son being

EDWARD[2] (Edward[1]) (b at Pequot, Mass. 1654) (d at Litchfield, Ct. Apr. 7, 1732) m at Norwich, Ct. Jan. 15, 1682, Sarah, daughter of Lt. William and Elizabeth (Pratt) Bachus (b at Norwich, Ct. 1663) (d at Litchfield after 1704). They had 7 sons and 5 daughters, the 10th child and 3rd daughter being

LYDIA[3] (Edward[2] Edward[1]) (b at Lebanon, Ct. Nov. 10, 1700) (d at Sharon, Ct. May 9, 1787) m at Lebanon Dec. 7, 1720, John, son of John and Mary (Fisher) Gay (b at Dedham, Mass. July 8, 1699) (d at Sharon Aug. 6, 1792). They had 5 sons and 6 daughters, the youngest being Thomas.

THOMAS CORNISH OF NEWTON, L.I.

Reference: History and Genealogy of the Cornish Families in America. Joseph E. Cornish. George H. Ellis & Co. Boston. 1907. 349 pp. pp. 284-6.

Also: History of the Town and City of Gloucester, Cape Ann, Massachusetts. James R. Pringle. Privately Printed. Gloucester, Mass. 1892. 340 pp. pp. 42.

Thomas Cornish's first American record is his marriage at Gloucester, Mass. Sept. 4, 1641 to Mary, daughter of John Stone. He may have been in Exeter, N. H. in 1652, but he certainly was at Newton, Long Island, very soon after settlers first went there in 1651. His name appears with others there on a petition to the Governor of the colony in 1657. He was a cooper and a substantial man. He had at least 4 sons and 2 daughters and died at Newton in 1662.

THOMAS[1] (b in England about 1615) (d at Newtown, L. I. 1662) m at Gloucester, Mass. Sept. 4, 1641, Mary, daughter of John and_____Stone (b probably in England about 1620) (d probably at Newtown after 1662). They had at least 5 children of whom one was

MARY[2] (Thomas[1]) (b at Exeter, N. H. July 1, 1648) (d at Huntington, L. I. as Mrs. John Sammis after Apr. 9, 1696) m at Huntington, L. I. Dec. 16, 1667, John, son of John and Anne_____ Cory (b probably in America about 1639) (d at Huntington before Jan. 25, 1686). They had 8 children, of whom the 4th child and eldest son was John.

JOHN CORY OF SOUTHOLD, LONG ISLAND.

Reference: Some Chronicles of the Cory Family, etc., Harriet C. Dickinson. T. A. Wright. New York, 1914. 113 pp.

Also: Mss. Cory Genealogies, by James E. Cory, Shelby, Ohio; by Charles E. Cory, Ft. Scott, Kansas; and Hannah M. Cahagan, Troy, Ohio, and by C. H. Cory Jr. St. Petersburgh, Florida.

Also: The Corey Family of Southampton and Southold, Long Island, New York. Lucy D. Ackerly of Newburg, N. Y. New York Genealogical and Biographical Record, New York. Vol. xxxi; 225-229, Oct. 1900; and xxxii 30-35, January, 1901.

John Cory is first mentioned in America on Mar. 7, 1644, when he was appointed Whale Commissioner at Southold, Long Island. The followind day he received a grant of land. He is said to have assisted Rev. John Young to organize, Oct. 21, 1640, the First Presbyterian Church of Southold, L. I. He was probably a brother of Giles Cory, who at 77 years of age was pressed to death in the Salem witchcraft craze, and the only white person in Massachusetts to suffer such inhumane torture. Very likely he was also related to and possibly a brother of Thomas Cory of Chelmsford, Mass. and William Cory of Portsmouth, R. I. These four men landed at, or about, the same time, prior to 1640, in or near Boston.

He was born probably about 1611, and, according to Dr. Gustav Anjou the eminent Genealogist of New York City, was the son of John Corry, third child of Hugh Corrie of Corrie in Devonshire, England who married Pasco, daughter of Roger Fortesque of "Buckland Phillic", Devonshire. John and Pasco Corry emigrated to Ireland in 1623, settling in Westmeath. The family of Hugh Corrie runs back to 1250 A. D. in and about Norwich, and the line is traced back by Miss Jessica Corrie as far as A. D. 830 in Scotland.

The wife of the first emigrant John was Anne, family unknown, whom he doubtless married before coming to Long Island and probably about 1637-8. She was the mother of all his children, none of whom were of age in 1660 except John.

He bought the house of John Budd in 1659, and refused to take the "oath of fidelity" to New Haven Colony the same year. As that time Long Island belonged to the New Haven, Ct. Colony. In May, 1660, however, he took the oath and became a Connecticut freeman in 1662. He seems to have been a man of considerable means, for at that time he owned several houses and lots in Southold and Huntington.

He was a weaver, and his first dwelling in Southold was on "Town Street, with Peter Payne on the East, and William Salmon on the West. The latter gave John Cory a home lot and lands at Hashamomach for his neighborhood." In 1674 he changed his residence as shown by a town vote. "Rev. Mr. Hobart shall enjoy forever land formerly in possession of John Cory Senior". He lived where Mr. Albert W. Albertson had his home in 1915, when the 275th anniversary of Southold was celebrated. He died at Southold, giving most of his land to his son Isaac; his estate was inventoried Mar. 1686 at £43:3:4; his will dated Feb. 1, 1685, and proved Oct. 2, 1685, names seven children and no wife. He was doubtless married but once and his only wife, Ann, died evidently, just prior to 1680.

His son, John, was one of the earliest settlers of Hungington, L. I., where he bought a home lot July 7, 1659, and where he was town clerk for many years, also recorder and arbitrator, so that he must have been an estimable man. He died at Hungtington and the inventory of his person estate, dated Jan. 25, 1686-7, nine months after that of his father, showed £182:10:0. His widow married John Sammis, and survived him for in a deed of her son, John[3], she is mentioned as still living, in 1696. Shortly afterwards, this son John[3] moved to Elizabeth, N. J., where he was one of the Memorialists (founders). The first settlement at Elizabethtown was in 1665, and by 1700 the place was an important seaport. He evidently was a Presbyterian, and he and his wife are buried in the old church-yard or the First Presbyterian Church at Elizabeth, N. J. His will was dated Mar. 8, 1720, and probated Jan. 7, 1722-3, Liber A, p. 232, Essex County, and his wife's will, dated Mar. 6, 1722-3, was probated Dec. 17, 1723, Liber A. p. 269.

His son Elnathan lived about 15 or 20 miles from New York City and owned 200 acres formerly owned by Jacob Coole and also 100 acres No. 33 of the Elizabethtown lots south of that tract. His son Thomas served as sergeant in Minutemen in Essex County Militia during the Revolutionary War. He left his lands to his five sons, Ebenezer, James Joseph, Thomas, Jerimiah, all of whom were born in New Jersey. There were also other children.

JOHN[1] (b in England about 1611) (d at Southold, L. I. about Sept. 1685) m probably in Ireland, Ann, _____ (b _____) (d at Southold just prior to 1680). They had 7 children of whom the oldest was

JOHN[2] (John[1]) (b probably in America about 1639) (d at Huntington, L. I. before January 25, 1686) m at Huntington, Dec. 16, 1667, Mary, daughter of Thomas and Mary (Stone) Cornish (b probably at Gloucester, Mass. about 1647) (d at

Huntington after April 9, 1696, as the widow of John Sammis). They had 8 children, of whom the 4th child and oldest son was

JOHN^3 (John^2 John^1) (b at Huntington Feb. 3, 1674) (d at Elizabethtown, N. J. Dec. 1722) m probably at Newark, N. J. 1698, Priscilla, daughter of Joseph and Priscilla (Roberts) Osborn (b at Easthampton, L. I. about 1675) (d at Elizabethtown, N. J. between Mar. 5 and Dec. 17, 1723). The New Jersey genealogist C. C. Gardner clearly disproved the former opinion that Priscilla Cory's family name was Day, and he is certain it was Osborn. The long manuscript of Gardner's researches in 1922, how with C. H. Cory Jr. the family genealogist, also proves the ancestry of Janetje (Voorhees) Simpson, wife of Elnathan^4 (John^3 John^2 John^1) They had 4 sons and 2 daughters, of whom the 2nd child, and eldest son, was

ELNATHAN^4 (John^3 John^2 John^1) (b at Elizabethtown 1701) (d at New Providence, N. J. Oct. 8, 1766) m at Elizabeth (?) Jan. 2, 1729, Sarah Janetje, daughter of Alexander and Janetje (Van Voorhees) Simpson (b probably at Flatbush, L. I. 1705) (d at New Providence Jan. 24, 1785). An old family bible record, examined by a daughter of their oldest child, Elnathan the 2nd, Aunt Sally Cory Smith of Troy, O., of Elnathan and "Sarah J. Simpson" marriage proves this wife s name. They had 6 sons and 3 daughters the 3rd son being

THOMAS^5 (Elnathan^4 John^3 John^2 John^1) (b at Elizabethtown (?) 1739) (d near New Carlisle, Ohio, Feb. 9, 1813) m at Springfield, N. J. about 1763, Jane, daughter of John and Elizabeth (_____) Roll (b near Springfield, N. J. 1744) (d near New Carlisle Mar. 13, 1828). He enlisted in 1776 for 1 year in Col. Christopher Lippet's New Jersey Regiment and fought in the Battle of Princeton, Jan. 2-3, 1777. On expiration of his enlistment, the army of New Jersey was suffering great hardships, and he volunteered and served until the end of the war. They were Presbyterians. They had 5 sons and 4 daughters, the youngest child being

THOMAS^6 (Thomas^5 Elnathan^4 John^3 John^2 John^1) (b near Springfield, N. J. Apr. 6, 1784) (d near New Carlisle, Mar. 1, 1852) m at New Carlisle, Aug. 26, 1806 (runaway match) Margaret, daughter of Jacob and Margaret (_____) Saylor, who came from Germany about 1785 (b in America Aug. 18, 1788) (d near New Carlisle, Feb. 6, 1873). He was with Gen. Hull at Detroit during the War of 1812 and his widow drew a pension many years. They were Presbyterians. They had 6 sons and 4 daughters, the 3rd child and son being

ELNATHAN[7] (Thomas[6] Thomas[5] Elnathan[4] John[3] John[2] John[1]) (b near New Carlisle, Mar. 11, 1811) (d near Montmorenci, Ind. Jan. 18, 1864) m at Troy, Ohio Feb. 26, 1832, Susannah, daughter of Abraham and Susannah (Wunderlich) Harr (Herr) (b near Carlisle, Pa. Mar. 10, 1812) (d near Montmorenci, Ind., Feb. 13, 1880). He and his wife were Baptists and moved to Indiana entering land, near Montmorenci, Tippecanoe Co. in 1822. They had 2 sons and 5 daughters the 5th child and 2nd son being

THOMAS[8] (Elnathan[7] Thomas[6] Thomas[5] Elnathan[4] John[3] John[2] John[1]) (b near Montmorenci, Ind. Feb. 10, 1838) (d at Berkeley, California, May 30, 1915) m at Philadelphia, Pa. Dec. 29, 1862, Carrie, daughter of Samuel and Hannah (Berry) Stoney, who arrived at Philadelphia from England May 15, 1840 (b at Philadelphia Dec. 21, 1842) (d at Los Angeles, Calif. Nov. 13, 1921) He was Topographical Engineer in General Wilder's Brigade during the Civil War and his widow drew a pension until her death. They were Methodists. They had 2 sons and 2 daughters, of whom the 2nd child and eldest son was

HARRY THOMAS[9] (Thomas[8] Elnathan[7] Thomas[6] Thomas[5] Elnathan[4] John[3] John[2] John[1]) (b near Montmorenci, Ind. May 27, 1870) (d_____) m at Los Angeles, Calif., Ida Judd Hiller, daughter of George Thomas and Adelaide Eliza (Luddington) Judd (b near Meadowville, Utah, May 21, 1877) (d_____). They had three children

1. Thomas Judd (b at San Francisco, June 15, 1914) (d_____) m at Glendale, Calif. July 12, 1936, Alice Eleanor, daughter of Roy and Alice Emma (Ramsdall) Adamson (b at Omaha, Neb. Feb. 28, 1914) (d_____)
2. Clarence Richard (b at San Francisco, May 1, 1916) (d at San Francisco Nov. 13, 1920).
3. John Harry (b at San Francisco, May 1, 1916) (d at El Centro, Calif. June 18, 1937).

JOHN CRANE OF BOSTON (BROOKLINE), MASS.

Reference: Genealogy of the Crane Family. Ellery B. Crane. Charles Hamilton, Worcester, Mass. 2 Vols. Vol. 1. 1895. xv + 201 pp. and Vol. 2. 1900. viii + 642 pp.

John Crane was in Boston as early as January 8, 1637, probably coming from Chilton, near Sudbury, in Suffolk County, England. He was first living at Muddy Brook, now Brookline, Mass., where he owned 16 acres of land, between Benjamin Ward and Robert Houlton; and in 1642, is recorded as having 26 acres of land in Roxbury, In 1649 he was a Deputy to General Court; and as no later mention is found of him, he must, about that time, have died, or returned to England. He is doubtless the father of the two brothers, Benjamin and Henry Crane. The first was in 1649, about 20 years old; and the latter 14 years. They were probably bound out until of age, or taken into some family until their minority. On May 15, 1653, Benjamin, testified at Flushing "that he had lived some time at Dedham with Mr. Joseph Clark (nine years), and with Mr. Howard, of Dorchester (one year), then aged twenty-four. Also that he lived up Hudson River ten miles, with one Mrs. Vandunkes' son, Mr. Daughty; that his Mrs. could speak good Indian," etc.

Benjamin Crane was in Wethersfield, Ct. as early as 1655 and may be a few years before. Wethersfield was settled mainly by families from Eastern Massachusetts. He was defendant in a civil suit with John Sadler, Plaintiff, at Hartford, Mar. 1655. He was made freeman May 12, 1658, at Wethersfield.

February 24, 1656, the town gave him a home lot of 2½ acres, bounded by the Commons, N. W.; a brook and the home lot of John Graves N. E.; the Commons, S. E.; and the Highway, S. W. He also bought John Dixons, or Dickenson's land in the West Field, September 14, 1664, the tract on which the late home of Samuel Coleman stands on Mud Lane. There Crane built a home and tanneries, and with his brother Henry tanned leather. His house was one of the six houses fortified by town vote in 1704. Documents disposing of considerable of his property to his sons, and dated August 22, 1689, were signed by his mark. The inventory of his estate made February 13, 1692, showed real property £408; personal £150; or a total of £558.

JOHN[1] (b in England about 1605) (d _____) m _____ (b _____) (d at Wethersfield Apr. 1, 1661). He had at least 2 sons

BENJAMIN[2] (John[1]) (b in England about 1630) (d at Wethersfield, Ct. May 31, 1691) m at Saybrook, Ct. Apr. 23, 1655, Mary, daughter of William and Sarah (Charles) Backus (b at

Saybrook about 1634) (d at Wethersfield July 8, 1717). They had 8 sons and 1 daughter (youngest) of whom the sixth was

ABRAHAM[3] (Benjamin[2] John[1]) (b at Wethersfield 1668) (d at Wethersfield, July 5, 1713, aged 45) (m at _____ about 1696, Hannah, daughter of_____ (b_____) (d after Oct. 4, 1737, probably at Wethersfield). They had 3 sons and 3 daughters of whom the first son and 2nd child was

SERGT. JOHN[4] (Abraham[3] Benjamin[2] John[1]) (b at Wethersfield Mar. 14, 1700) (d at Wethersfield shortly before June 2, 1761) m at Wethersfield Mar. 30, 1737, Lydia, daughter of William and Ruth (Butler) Curtis (b at Wethersfield Apr. 19, 1713) (d at Wethersfield Aug. 1, 1790, aged 78). They had 3 sons and 4 daughters, of whom the 5th child and 2nd son was

CURTIS[5] (John[4] Abraham[3] Benjamin[2] John[1]) (b at Wethersfield Mar. 27, 1747) (d at Eaton, N. Y. Oct. 10, 1828) m at Wethersfield Oct. 6, 1774, Elizabeth, daughter of_____ Palmer (b at _____) (d at Milford, N. Y. June 15, 1848). They had 5 sons and 3 daughters of whom the eldest was They left Wethersfield about 1785 and their youngest son was born 1787 at New Hartford, Ct. Curtiss Crane served 5½ years in the Revolutionary War, his brothers, William and John also soldiers, the latter at Bunker Hill.

WILLIAM[6] (Curtis[5] John[4] Abraham[3] Benjamin[2] John[1]) (b at Wethersfield June 27, 1775) (d at Charlestown, S. C. of yellow fever Nov. 25, 1795 enroute from or to the West Indies) m at New Hartford, Ct. about 1794, Sarah, daughter of Zachariah and Susan (Moody) Watson (b at New Hartford, Ct. July 7, 1774) (d probably at Sandisfield, Mass. 1796). He was a sea captain. They had but one child whom the father never saw, vix.

SARAH[7] (William[6] Curtis[5] John[4] Abraham[3] Benjamin[2] John[1]) (b at Sandisfield Jan. 26, 1795) (d at Council Bluff, Ia. May 21, 1849) m at New Lyme, O., Nov. 15, 1814, Salmon, son of Zophar and Esther (Beckwith) Gee (b at New Lyme, Ct. October 16, 1792) (d at Ambrosia, Lee Co. Ia. Sept. 13, 1845). The mother of Sarah Crane died when she was less than two years old and so she was raised by her maternal grandmother, being taken to the Connecticut Western Reserve, now Ashtabula Co., Ohio in 1811. Sarah and Salmon Gee had at least 5 sons and 5 daughters the 7th child and 3rd daughter being Susan Eliza.

THOMAS CURTIS OF WETHERSFIELD, CT.

Reference: The History of Ancient Wethersfield, Connecticut. Henry A. Stiles. Grafton Press. New York. 1904. 2 Vols. Vol. 2. pp. 262-4.

Thomas Curtis had a son born in Wethersfield, Ct. Jan. 1, 1639, which event is the first recorded of him in America. He probably came to that colony in 1636 and his homestead was a 6 acre piece bounded on the west by the High Street Commons, on the North by the highway next the river (now the Cove), on the south by Richard Butler's land and on the east by the meadow lands of John Whitmore and John Timmon. He had a cattle ear mark recorded in 1653 and May 21, 1657 he was relieved by the General Court from training, watching and working. He died Nov. 13, 1681 in Hartford, aged 83, leaving an estate of £717:13:09. His wife's name was Elizabeth and there is an unsupported family tradition that he was a physician.

THOMAS[1] (b in England 1598) (d at Hartford, Ct. Nov. 13, 1681) m probably in England, Elizabeth _____ (b _____) (d after 1674 and before 1681). They had at least 5 sons and 2 daughters of whom the first born in Wethersfield at least was

JOHN[2] (Thomas[1]) (b at Wethersfield, Ct. Jan. 1, 1639) (d before Mar. 18, 1714-5) m at Wethersfield Nov. 20, 1666, Lydia, daughter of _____ (b _____) (d prior to 1714). They had 4 sons and 4 daughters, of whom the 3rd son and 5th child was

WILLIAM[3] (John[2] Thomas[1]) (b at Wethersfield Mar. 12, (Oct. 12 according to Huiman) 1677) (d probably at Wethersfield after 1713) m at Wethersfield Jan. 8, 1702, Ruth, daughter of Nathaniel and Sarah (_____) Butler (b at Wethersfield about 1680) (d probably at Wethersfield after 1713). They had 3 sons and one daughter

LYDIA[4] (William[3] John[2] Thomas[1]) (b at Wethersfield Apr. 19, 1713) (d at Wethersfield Aug. 1, 1790, aged 78) m at Wethersfield Mar. 30, 1737, Sergt. John, son of Abraham and Hannah (_____) Crane (b at Wethersfield Mar. 14, 1700) (d at Wethersfield shortly before June 2, 1761). They had 3 sons and 4 daughters, of whom the 5th child and 2nd son was Curtis.

BALTHASAR DE WOLF OF LYME, CT.

Reference: Charles D' Wolf of Guadaloupe, his Ancestors and Descendants, being a Genealogy from Balthasar de Wolf of Lyme, Connecticut (1668). C. B. Perry. T. A. Wright. New York. 1902.

Also: Family Histories and Genealogies. E. E. and E. McC. Salisbury. Private Print. 1892. 4 Vols. Vol. 2. pp. 123-265.

Balthasar de Wolf is first mentioned in the court records of Hartford, Ct. Mar. 5, 1656, next in Weathorfield, Ct. 1664, and in Lyme, Ct. 1668. His English antecedents are yet unknown. His signature in Lyme May, 1678 is said to be a fine specimen of the handwriting of the best educated English settlers of the period and unlike the autograpsh of the early Dutch and Huguenot settlers of New York. He was not a man of much means and yet there were some "classy" characteristics about the family as all of the children married into the most prominent families of Lyme, He died after 1695 and his wife Alice was living in 1687. One of his sons was born 1646 so Balthasar must have been born before 1625 and married about 1645.

Balthasar and Alice had at least six children of whom both Stephen and Mary are ancestors of Susan Eliza Geo. Hence like William Tuttle, Balthasar de Wolfe is a double ancestor of Ida Judd Cory.

Stephen was in King Philips War in 1675 and for such services was granted land in Voluntown, Connecticut.

BALTHASAR[1] (b in England about 1625) (d at Lyme, Ct. after 1698) m probably in England about 1645, Alice _____ (b probably in England about 1625) (d at Lyme after 1687). They had at least 6 children of whome one was

STEPHEN[2] (Balthasar[1]) (b in England_____) (d at Lyme about Oct. 17, 1702) m 1st at _____ about _____ _____ (b _____) (d before 1688) m 2nd at Lyme about 1689, Hannah _____ (b _____) (d at Lyme _____). They had 7 children of whom the eldest was

DEBORAH[3] (Stephen[2] Balthasar[1]) (b at Lyme about 1690) (d at Lyme after 1749) m at Lyme July 27, 1707, Aaron, son of Aaron and Marah (Chamberlain) Huntley (b at Lyme Dec. 1, 1680) (d at Lyme 1748). They had 11 children, of whom one was Deborah.

The line of descent through the daughter Mary is:

MARY[2] (Balthasar[1]) (b probably at Hartford, Ct. about 1655) (d at Lyme after 1719) m 1st at Lyme July 13, 1676, Lieut. Thomas, son of Thomas and Phebe (Brown) Lee (b probably in England about 1638) (d at Lyme Jan. 5, 1677) m 2nd at Lyme May 30, 1705 as his 2nd wife, Mathew Griswold. Her daughter Hannah married a son of Judge John Griswold, and became the mother of Gov. Matthew Griswold. By Lieut. Lee she had 11 children, of whom the 3rd was Marah or Mary.

HENRY DOWD OF GUILFORD, CT.

Reference: The Descendants of Henry Doude who came from England in 1639. W. W. Dowd. Case Lockwood and Brainard Co. Hartford, Ct. 1885. vii + 355 pp.

Henry Doude came from Surrey or Kent County, England in 1639, with a colony under the leadership of Rev. Henry Whitfield, and settled at Guilford, Ct. He located on land about a quarter mile from the North east corner of the "green" on the road extended along the east side of said "green". Relatively little significant is known of him.

HENRY[1] (b in Surrey County England about 1610) (d at Guilford, Ct. 1668) m in England about 1635, Elizabeth, daughter of _____ and _____ (b in England about 1615) (d at Guilford 1713). They had at least 4 sons and 4 daughters, one being

REBECCA[2] (Henry[1]) (b at Guilford about 1642) (d at Guilford 1703) m at Guilford 1662, Daniel, son of John and _____ (_____) Evarts (b probably in England about 1630) (d at Guilford Dec. 5, 1692). They had 4 sons and 2 daughters, the 5th child and 2nd daughter being Sarah.

SAMUEL EDDY OF PLYMOUTH, MASS.

Reference: The Eddy Family Reunion, at Providence, to Celebrate the Two Hundred and Fiftieth Anniversary of the Landing of John and Samuel Eddy, J. S. Cushing, Boston. 2nd edition 1884, 304 pp. (No author)

Also: Genealogy of the Eddy Family, Charles Eddy. Nolan Bros. Brooklyn, N. Y., 1881, 180 pp.

Also: The Eddy Family in America. R. S. D. Eddy. Eddy Family Association Inc. Boston. 1930. xix + 1372 pp.

Rev. William Eddye, A. M., was vicar of the Church of St. Dunstan, Cranbook, County of Kent, England, from 1589 to his death in 1616. He was a native of Bristol, and educated at Trinity College, Cambridge. On Nov. 20, 1587, he married Mary Fosten, daughter of John and Ellen (Hunson) Fosten, who was the mother of ten children, and died July 18, 1611. On Feb. 22, 1614, he married a widow, Elizabeth Taylor. They had one child, Priscilla, she died Nov. 23, 1616.

Besides the two brothers, John and Samuel, a sister, Abigail, Mrs. John Benjamin, and her husband, came to Boston Sept. 16, 1632, in the "Lion", and settled at Watertown, Mass.

John and Samuel with about 60 other passengers came over in the "Handmaid", John Grant, Master, which sailed from London, Aug. 10, and reached Plymouth Oct. 29, O. S., or Nov. 3, N. S., 1630, after a severe passage, during which the ship spent all her masts.

Shortly after John and Samuel reached America, viz. Nov. 11, 1630, they went to Boston with Capts. Grant and Standish, and called on Governor Winthrop, who termed them "two gentlemen passengers."

On Jan. 1, 1632, Samuel was admitted to the freedom of the Society, and took the oath. On Oct. 7, 1651, his wife, Elizabeth, was fined (ten shillings) for wringing out clothes on the Lord's day. This was afterwards remitted. May 1, 1660, she was summoned to answer for travelling on Sunday to an ill friend, and admonished.

He bought a house of Experience Mitchel, May 9, 1631, at Spring Hill, end of Main Street, Plymouth, and sold it 1645. He was one of the original purchasers of Middleboro, Mass., and a large land-owner at other places. In 1631 his assessment was half that of Captain Standish, and in 1633, it was the same.

WILLIAM[1] (b in Bristol, England about 1565) (d at Cranbrook, County of Kent, England, Nov. 23, 1616) m 1st probably at Cranbrook, Nov. 20, 1587, Mary, daughter of John and Ellen (Munn) Foster (b probably about 1566) (d at Cranbrook, July 18, 1611) m 2nd at Cranbrook, Feb. 22, 1614, a widow, Elizabeth Taylor (b _____) (d _____). He had 10 children by his first wife and 1 daughter by his second. One, probably the 7th, was

SAMUEL[2] (William[1]) (b at Cranbrook, May, 1608) (d at Swansea, Mass., 1685) m Elizabeth _____ (b in England about 1608) (d at Swansea, 1689, aged 81 years). They had 4 sons and 1 daughter, the 3rd child being

CALEB[3] (Samuel[2] William[1]) (b at Plymouth, Mass., 1643) (d at Swansea, Mass., Mar. 23, 1713) m at Rehoboth, Mass. Dec. 1672, Elizabeth, daughter of Richard and Elizabeth (Ingraham) Bullock (b at Rehoboth, Oct. 9, 1650) (d at Swansea _____). They had 4 sons and 4 daughters, the 6th child and 2nd daughter, probably, being

HANNAH[4] (Calbeb[3] Samuel[2] William[1]) (b probably at Swansea about 1673) (d at Swansea May 15, 1768) m at Swansea June 27, 1701, Benjamin, son of Hugh and Mary (Foxwell) Cole (b at Swansea 1678) (d at Swansea, Sept. 29, 1748). They had 5 sons and 3 daughters, the 3rd child being Benjamin.

President Millard Fillmore also had an Eddy Ancestor. His and the Judd Lines being as follows:

1. William Eddy
2. Zachariah Eddy -brothers-
3. John Eddy of Townton, Mass.
4. Eleazer Eddy
5. Hannah Eddy
   m Rev. Robt. Millard
6. Phebe Millard
   m Nathaniel Fillmore
7. Millard Fillmore, President

1. William Eddy
2. Samuel Eddy
3. Caleb Eddy
4. Hannah Eddy
   m Benjamin Cole
5. Benjamin Cole
6. Hannah Cole
   m Benjamin Harding
7. Elizabeth Harding
   m Peter Hastings
8. George W. Hastings
9. Teresa Hastings
   m Thos. A. Judd
10. George T. Judd
11. Ida Judd
    m H. T. Cory
12. Cory Boys

Thus President Fillmore and Ida J. Cory were 5th cousins 4th removed.

JOHN ELLIS OF DEDHAM, MASS.

Reference: A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England. James Savage. Little Brown and Co. Boston. 1860. 4 Vols. Vol. 2. p. 113.

John Ellis first appears in the Colonial records when his daughter Ann married Edward Colver at Dedham, Mass. Sept. 19, 1638. He was made a freeman of Dedham June 2, 1641. Either he was a widower on coming to America, or his first wife died over here before 1640, or probably before his coming to Dedham, as he married there Nov. 10, 1641, Sarah Lumber. She died at Dedham Apr. 4, 1654 and he married the third time on June 16, 1655, Joan, widow of John Clopp of Dorchester, Mass. He died Apr. 2, 1697 and his widow Joan, Mar. 2, 1704.

JOHN[1] (b in England about 1597) (d at Dedham, Mass. Apr. 2, 1697) m 1st in England about 1620, _____, daughter of _____ and _____ (b in England about 1600) (d at ____ before 1640) m 2nd, Susan, daughter of _____ and ____ Lumber (b at _____) (d at Dedham Nov. 10, 1641) m 3rd at Dorchester, Mass. June 16, 1655, Joan, daughter of _____ and _____ and widow of John Clopp (b at _____) (d at Dedham Mar. 2, 1704). He had by his 1st wife at least one daughter; by his 2nd, 1 son and 1 daughter; and by his 3rd, 2 sons. A daughter by his first wife was

ANN[2] (John[1]) (b in England about 1620) (d at Mystic, Ct. about 1685) m at Dedham Sept. 19, 1638, Edward, son of _____ and _____ Colver (b in England 1600) (d at Mystic 1685). They had 7 sons and 2 daughters, the 8th child and 6th son being Edward.

THOMAS ESTANCE OF SWANSEA, MASS.

Reference: The Hardings in America. Wilber Judd Harding. Harding Printing Co. Keystone, Ia. 1925. 209 pp.

Thomas Estance was one of the earliest Settlers of Swansea, Mass. lands for which were purchased from the Indians Mar. 20, 1653. Then Stephen Harding married Thomas's daughter, Bridget in the First Baptist Church. Both he and his son-in-law moved to Providence about 1664. On Nov. 14, 1674 he sold to this son-in-law one fourth interest in the "right of common" in the undivided lands of Providence. Relatively little is known of him. One thing to note is that the name of his children is often spelled Esten. Since he swore allegiance at Providence May, 1682, his death occured not earlier than then. He was a Welshman.

THOMAS[1] (b probably in England about 1620) (d at Providence after 1682) m at _____, _____, daughter of _____ (b _____) (d _____). He had several children, of whom one was

BRIDGET[2] (Thomas[1]) (b at _____) (d at Providence between 1693 and 1698) m at Swansea, Mass. about 1650, Stephen, son of Richard and _____ (_____) Harding (b probably at Braintree, Mass. 1624) (d at Providence Feb. 20, 1698). They had 3 sons and 4 daughters, of whom one was John.

JOHN EVARTS OF GUILFORD, CT.

Reference: A History of the Adams and Evarts Families. J. H. Adams. Courier Printing Co., Chatham, N. Y. 1894. 84 pp.

Also: A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England. James Savage. Little Brown & Co. Boston. 1860. 4 Vols. Vol. 2. p. 128.

William Evarts was born at Tortworth, Gloucestershire, England, 1569-70 and in 1593 married Sarah Everhard who inherited an interest in the Everhard estate of Hertfordshire. The latter were closely connected by marriage with the Hicks Family who bore coats of arms and descended from Sir Ellis Hicks who was knighted by Edward, the Black Prince, at the battle of Poictiers Sept. 19, 1356 (see Foster's edition of the Baronetage 1881 p. 311). William and Sarah died at an advanced age in Hertfordshire. They had John, Sarah, and Edward and perhaps other children.

John was born in Hertfordshire in 1601 and came to America. He was made a freeman at Concord, Mass. Mar. 1638. He married in England but only the initial "S" of the first name of his wife is known. He moved to Guilford when he married Elizabeth, widow of John Parmalee the elder.

WILLIAM[1] (b at Tortworth, Gloucestershire, Eng. 1569-70) (d in Hertfordshire, Eng. at an advance age) m in Hertfordshire 1593, Sarah Everhard (b in England about 1573) (d in Hertfordshire at an advance age). They had at least 3 children of whom one was

JOHN[2] (William[1]) (b in Hertfordshire, Eng. 1601) (d at Guilford, Ct. May 10, 1669) m in England S_____ (b _____) (d _____) m 2nd at Guilford, Elizabeth, widow of John Parmalee. By his 1st wife he had several children of whom probably the eldest was

JAMES[3] (John[2] William[1]) (b probably in England about 1630) (d at Fairfield, Ct. 1684) m probably at Guilford, Ct. about 1658, Lydia, daughter of Richard and _____ Goodridge (b about 1638 _____) (d at Fairfield after 1684). They had 10 children of whom the 3rd was

MARY[4] (James[3] John[2] William[1]) (b at Fairfield _____ 26, 1664) (d at Guilford, Ct. June 1734) m probably at Fairfield June 8, 1684, John, son of Nicholas and Sarah (Hall) Munger (b at Guilford Apr. 26, 1660) (d at Guilford Nov. 3, 1732). They had 9 children, of whom the 7th was Jonathan.

A second line of descent is from another son of John[2] (William[1]) as follows:

DANIEL[3] (John[2] William[1]) (b probably in England about 1632) (d at Guilford Dec. 5, 1692) m 1st at _____ about 1655, Mary, daughter of _____ and _____ (b _____) (d at Guilford Mar. 31, 1663) m 2nd at Guilford Nov. 1, 1664, Rebecca, daughter of Henry and Elizabeth (_____) Dowd (b at Guilford about 1642) (d at Guilford 1703). By his 2nd wife he had 4 sons and 3 daughters, 5th child and 2nd daughter being

SARAH[4] (Daniel[3] John[2] William[1]) (b at Guilford May 15, 1675) (d _____) m at Hurtford Apr. 3, 1700, John son of John and _____ Moody (b at Hurtford 1660) (d at Hurtford Nov. 5, 1732, aged 72). They had at least 3 sons and 4 daughters, one being Adonijoh.

JOHN FIELD OF PROVIDENCE R. I.

Reference: The Genealogical Dictionary of Rhode Island. J. O. Austin. J. Munsell's Sons. Albany N. Y. 1887. 449 pp. pp. 75-7.

Also: Field Genealogy. F. C. Pierce. W. B. Conkey Co. Chicago. 1901. 2 Vols. Vol. 1. pp. 101 ff.

John Field came from Thurnscoe, Hertfordshire Englamd, and was one of the famous Thirteen signers of the first Providence, R. I. Compact, Aug. 20, 1637. On July 27, 1640 he was one of the thirty-nine signers of the second agreement; a freeman 1655; drew lot 5 in the division of lots Feb. 19, 1665; was a Deputy in 1679; and died in 1686.

JOHN[1] (b in England about 1610) (d at Providence, R. I. 1686) m at _____ about 1635, _____, daughter of _____ and _____ (_____) _____ (b in England about 1610) (d at Providence after 1696). They had at least 3 sons and 2 daughters, probably the youngest being

RUTH[2] (John[1]) (b at Providence about 1648) (d at Providence after 1727) m at Providence Jan. 7, 1669, John, son of Thomas and Alice (_____) Angell (b at Providence 1646) (d at Providence July 27, 1720). They had at least 5 sons and 2 daughters, one being Mercy.

ANTHONY FISHER OF DEDHAM, MASS.

Reference: The Fisher Genealogy. P. A. Fisher. Massachusetts Publishing Co. Everett, Mass. 1898. viii + 462 pp.

Anthony Fisher, his wife Mary, five sons and one daughter, came to America in the "Rose" arriving at Boston June 26, 1637. He was the son of Anthony Fisher and Mary, daughter of William and Anne Fiske, of Syleham, Suffolk County, England. His mother, Anne, was a daughter of the William Fiske of St. James, South Elmsham, Suffolk County, belonging to the old Puritan family which had suffered during the religious persecutions of Queen Mary's reign.

Anthony the immigrant, had three brothers one, of whom, Joshua, also came to America arriving in 1639, the other two remaining in England.

Anthony subscribed to the Dedham Covenant July 18, 1637 and the following January was one of the committee to "contrive the fabricke of a Meetinghouse." Mar. 27, 1642 his wife, Mary joined the Dedham Church, but he was not "comfortably received into ye church" "on account of his proud and haughty spirit" until Mar. 14, 1645. He was made a freeman May, 1645; was a Selectman 1646 and 47; County Commissioner 1660; Deputy to the General Court in 1649; and Woodreeve 1653-8 and 1661-2. On Feb. 20, 1656-7 his property was assessed at £117:3:0. His wife died about 1661 and he married again Sept. 9, 1663; Isabell, widow of Edward Breck, he "being at the time of the marriage about 72 years of age." He was a Selectman of Dorchester 1664, 5 and 6 and died there Apr. 18, 1671.

ANTHONY[1] (b probably at Syleham, Suffolk County, England about 1560) (d at Syleham Apr. 9, 1640) m at South Elmsham, Suffolk County about 1583, Mary, daughter of William and Anne (_____) Fiske (b at South Elmsham about 1563) (d at Syleham after 1638). They had at least 4 sons and 2 daughters of whom one, the American immigrant, was

ANTHONY[2] (Anthony[1]) (bapt. at Syleham Apr. 23, 1591) (d at Dorchester, Mass. Apr. 18, 1671) m 1st in England, Mary, daughter of _____ and _____ (b in England about 1620) (d at Dedham, Mass. about 1662) m 2nd Sept. 14, 1663, Isabell, daughter of ____ and _____ _____ and widow of Edward Breck (b at _____) (d at Dorchester June 22, 1673). By his 1st wife he had 5 sons and 1 daughter of whom one was

ENSIGN DANIEL[3] (Anthony[2] Anthony[1]) (b in England about 1619) (d at Dedham Oct. 8, 1683, inventory of his estate being

Nov. 19, 1683, of £530.) m at Cambridge, Mass. Nov. 16, 1641, Abigail, daughter of Deacon Thomas and Susanna (_____) Marrett (b in England about 1621) (d at Dedham Oct. 11, 1683). They had 4 sons and 3 daughters, the 2nd child and eldest son being

CAPT. DANIEL[4] (Daniel[3] Anthony[2] Anthony[1]) (b at Dedham Feb. 26, 1650) (d at Dedham Nov. 17, 1713) m at Dedham Jan. 19, 1675, Mary, daughter of Thomas and Hannah (Flower) Fuller (b at Dedham Mar. 26, 1655) (d at Dedham Mar. 19, 1726). Daniel was in King Philip's War. They had 3 sons and 4 daughters, the eldest child being

MARY[5] (Daniel[4] Daniel[3] Anthony[2] Anthony[1]) (b at Dedham Sept. 27, 1676) (d at Dedham May 18, 1748) m at Dedham May 24, 1692, John, son of Samuel and Mary (Bridge) Gay (b at Dedham June 25, 1668) (d at Dedham June 17, 1758). They had 4 sons and 3 daughters, the 3rd child and 1st son being John.

HANNAH FLOWER OF DEDHAM, MASS.

Reference: Descendants of Ensign Thomas Fuller of Dedham. F. H. Fuller. Reprint from Dedham (Mass.) Historical Register Oct. 1893. 8 pp.

Of Hannah Flower but little is known. That she was the niece of Margaret Kingsbury, wife of John, who was admitted freeman at Waterbury, Mass. in 1635, and to the Church at Dedham, Mass. Oct. 20, 1639, is proven by her will in the Suffolk Registry, Lib. 1. vol. 383a. She was admitted to the Dedham Church Mar. 11, 1641. She died between 1690 and Feb. 15, 1703 when the children divided the property.

HANNAH[1] (b probably in England about 1623) (d at Dedham, Mass. between 1690 and 1703) m at Dedham Nov. 22, 1643, Thomas, son of _____ and _____ _____ Fuller (b in England about 1615) (d at Dedham Sept. 28, 1690). They had 5 sons and 4 daughters of whom the 6th child and 2nd daughter was Mary.

THOMAS FORD OF WINDSOR, CT.

Reference: A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England. James E. Savage. Little Brown & Co. Boston, 1860. 4 Vols. Vol. 2. p. 183.

Also: The History of the Descendants of Elder John Strong of Northampton, Mass. Benjamin W. Dwight. Joel Munsell, Albany, N. Y., 1871. 2 Vols. Vol. 1. LIX -- 764 pp. Vol. 2, 765- 1531 pp.

Thomas Ford and wife, name unknown, came to America on the "Mary and John", Capt. Squeb, Master, arriving at Nantasket (Hull) Mass., near Boston, May 30, 1630. He settled at Dorchester, like most of the other 140 passengers of this ship who followed the leadership of Rev. Mr. John Warham. He requested admission as freeman Oct. 19, 1630, and was sworn in as such May 18, 1631. He moved to Windsor, Ct. where he was a representative to the General Court in 1638 to 1641, inclusive, 1644 and 1654, and a Grand Juror in 1643. His wife died at Windsor, Apr. 18, 1643; and Nov. 7, 1644, he married Mrs. Ann Scott, widow of Thomas Scott, of Hartford. He moved to Northampton, Mass., probably with Elder John Strong in 1659, where he died Nov. 28, 1676, leaving an estate of £369:12:10. He had at least four daughters, all of whom married leaders of the famous "Mary and John" company of 1630, viz.:

Joanna, married Nov. 6, 1633, Capt. Roger Clapp; Aibgail, married Dec. 1630, Elder John Strong; Hepziah, married Richard Lyman; and one who married Major Aaron Cooke. The Strongs, Clapps, and Lymans have wonderfully intermarried.

THOMAS[1] (b in England before 1610) (d at Northampton, Mass., Nov. 28, 1676) m in England _____ (b _____) (d at Windsor, Ct. Apr. 8, 1643) m 2nd at Hartford, Ct., Ann, widow of Thomas Scott (b _____) (d _____). By his 1st wife he had at least 4 daughters, of whom one was

ABIGAIL[2] (Thomas[1]) (b in England about 1608) (d at Northampton July 6, 1688) m at Dorchester (Boston) Mass., Dec. 1630, Elder John, son of Richard Strong (b at Taunton, Somersetshire, England, 1605) (d at Northampton, Mass., Apr. 14, 1699). She had 16 children, the eldest being Thomas.

THE WIDOW FORD OF PLYMOUTH, MASS.

Reference: A Genealogical Directory of the First Settlers of New England. James Savage. Little, Brown & Co., Boston, 4 Vols. Vol. 2, 1860. pp. 182-4.

Also: Ford Genealogy. E. R. Ford. Private Print. Oneonta, N. Y. 1916. 249 pp.

A pathetic character in history is the "widow Ford", of Plymouth, who came to America with three children, William, John and Martha, on the ship "Fortune" in 1621. She had a child the next night after landing but "perhaps it died soon." Of her husband, who probably died in England, or perhaps on the trip, we know nothing. In 1624 she counted four in the division of the lands, but perhaps she went home with her son William for in 1627, at the division of the cattle, only John and Martha are named. If so, they doubtless returned, as William was of Marshfield in 1639, Duxbury 1643, and origainal proprietor of Bridgewater, and died September 28, 1676, aged 72; and it is rather probable the mother married Peter Brown of the "Mayflower". John, no doubt, stayed by the old colony, and died in Marshfield 1693. Martha married William Nelson.

"THE WIDOW FORD[1] (b in England about 1580) (d _____) m in England, _____ Ford (b _____) (d _____ probably at sea or in England 1620 or 1621). They had at least 2 sons and 1 daughter

MARTHA[2] (The Widow Ford[1]) (b in England about 1620) (d after 1668, probably at Plymouth, Mass.) m at Plymouth, October 27, 1640, William Nelson (b in England about 1618) (d at Plymouth after 1668). They had at least 1 son and 1 daughter, the son being John.

RICHARD FOXWELL OF BARNSTABLE, MASS.

Reference: A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England. James Savage. Little, Brown & Co., Boston, 4 Vols. Vol. 2. 1860. p. 198.

Also: The Early Genealogies of the Cole Families in America. Frank T. Cole. Private Print. Columbus, O., 1887 xxxiii 308 pp. p. 57.

Richard Foxall came over with Governor Winthrop, in the fleet in 1630; desired admission as freeman, Oct. 19, 1630, and on May 18, 1631, was sworn in as freeman. He moved to Scituate, Mass. in 1634, and married Ann Shelley, a servant who came over that year, as the church records of Roxbury, Mass. prove. She was a niece of Robert and Judith (Garrett) Shelley of Scituate and Barnstable, Mass. who came over on the "Lion", arriving Sept. 16, 1632. His daughter Mary was the first wife of Hugh Cole.

He was one of the founders of the First Church of Scituate, with the Rev. Mr. John Lathrop, or Lathrope. He died about 1668, says Deane, who tells of him as from Kent. He had at least three daughters and one son.

RICHARD[1] (b in England about 1600-05) (d at Barnstable _____ 1668) m at Roxbury, 1634, Ann Shelley (b in England about 1615) (d probably at Scituate after 1641). They had at least 3 daughters and one son, of whom one was

MARY[2] (Richard[1]) (b at Barnstable, Mass. Aug. 17, 1635) (d at Swansea before 1688) m at Barnstable, Jan. 8, 1654-5, Hugh, son of James and Mary (Lobel) Cole (b at London, 1627) (d at Swansea, Mass. Jan. 22, 1699). They had 6 sons and 4 daughters, the youngest being Deacon Benjamin.

THOMAS FULLER OF DEDHAM, MASS.

Reference: Descendants of Ensign Thomas Fuller of Dedham. F. H. Fuller. Reprint from Dedham (Mass.) Historical Register. Oct. 1893. 8 pp.

Also: Chief Justice Fuller, a Descendant of one of the Early Settlers of Dedham. Article in the Dedham (Mass.) Transcript, Sept. 1, 1888 by Don Gleason Hill. Reprinted for the Dedham Historical Society and in Library of Congress as CS 71 F 968, 1888.

The first mention of Thomas Fuller seems to be in the Dedham, Mass. Town Records of Nov. 25, 1642, when he was permitted to buy from Martin Phillips, his home lot. In 1663 and for 14 years thereafter, he was a Selectman of Dedham; an Ensign; and Deputy to the General Court in 1673, 1679 and 1686. He married Hannah Flower, Nov. 22, 1643, who died, according to Savage, Apr. 11, 1672, but who outlived Thomas according to Hill. At any rate his will provides for a life interest in the estate to his widow Hannah. This widow died before 1703 when, by agreement of the heirs, the homestead was assigned to Thomas Junior. The Hannah Fuller who died Apr. 11, 1672 was no doubt Thomas Fuller senior's daughter Hannah who was born Nov. 5, 1650.

ENSIGN THOMAS[1] (b in England about 1615) (d at Dedham, Mass. Sept. 28, 1690) m at Dedham Nov. 22, 1643, Hannah, daughter of _____ and _____ Flower (b probably in England about 1623) (d at Dedham about 1703). They had at least 5 sons and 4 daughters, the 6th child and 2nd daughter being

MARY[2] (Thomas[1]) (b at Dedham Mar. 26, 1655) (d at Dedham Mar. 19, 1726) m at Dedham Jan. 19, 1675, Daniel, son of Daniel and Abigail (Marrett) Fisher (b at Dedham Feb. 26, 1650) (d at Dedham Nov. 17, 1713). They had 3 sons and 4 daughters, the eldest child being Mary.

JOHN GAY OF DEDHAM, MASS.

Reference: John Gay of Dedham, Massachusetts, and some of his Descentants. New England Historical and Genealogical Register. Boston, January 1879. Vol. 19. Reprint by Clapp and Sons. Boston, 1879. 15 pp.

Also: The History of Woodstock, Connecticut: Genealogies of Woodstock Families. C. W. Bowen. Private Print. Plymton Press. Norwood, Mass. 1933. 5 Vols. Vol. 5. pp. 296-575.

Also: A Genealogical Register of the Inhabitants of the town of Litchfield, Conn. from the Settlement of the Town A. D. 1720 to the year 1800, etc. G. C. Woodruff Case Lockwood and Brainard Co. Hartford, ct. 1900. 267 pp.

Also: Boon Married and Died in Sharon, Connecticut. A Record of Births, Marriages, and Deaths in the town of Sharon, Conn. from 1721 to 1879, etc. L. Van Alstyne. Private Print. Sharon, Ct. 1879. 143 pp.

Also: History of Wayne Pike and Monroe Counties, Pennsylvania. A. Matthews. R. T. Peck and Co. Philadelphia. 1886. x + 1283 pp.

Also: Pensylvania Archives. Sines. 5 Vols. 8 pp. 374, 570.

Also: U. S. Census Records of 1790; 1800; and 1810.

Also: Gravestone Incriptions in Cemetery at Westport, Leeds County, Ontario, examined by H. T. Cory, Sept. 1920.

John Gay emigrated to America with Gov. Winthrop in the "Mary and John" May 30, 1630, settleing at Watertown, Mass. where he was a grantee in the Great Dividends and in the Beaver Brook plowlands, owning altogether forty acres. He was admitted freeman May 6, 1635. With others of Watertown, he was one of the founders of Dedham, Mass. his name appearing on the petition for incorporation Sept. 6, 1636, and among the original proprietors of lands. He was a Selectman 1654. His wife is thought to have been the widow of a man named Baldwicke. He died Mar. 4, 1688, and his will, dated Dec. 18, 1686 and proved Dec. 17, 1689 makes his wife Joanna and son John executors, the inventory of his estate being £91:5:8. His widow died Aug. 14, 1691. Little more is known of him.

JOHN[1] (b in England about 1612) (d at Dedham, Mass. Mar. 4, 1688) m at _____ 1639, Joanna, daughter of _____ and _____ and widow of _____ Baldwicke (b in England about

1615) (d at Dedham Aug. 14, 1691). They had 7 sons and 4 daughters, the oldest child being

SAMUEL[2] (John[1]) (b at Dedham Mar. 10, 1639) (d at Dedham Apr. 15, 1718) m at Roxbury, Mass. Nov. 23, 1661, Mary, daughter of Edward and Mary (_____) Bridge (b at Roxbury Nov. 18, 1637) (d at Dedham Apr. 13, 1718). They had at least 5 sons and the 3rd son being

JOHN[3] (Samuel[2] John[1]) (b at Dedham June 25, 1668) (d at Dedham June 17, 1758) m at Dedham May 24, 1692, Mary, daughter of Daniel and Mary (Fuller) Fisher (b at Dedham Sept. 27, 1676) (d at Dedham May 18, 1748). He was a selectman at Dedham 1721. They had 4 sons and 3 daughters, the 3rd child and 1st son being

JOHN[4] (John[3] Samuel[2] John[1]) (b at Dedham July 8, 1699) (d at Sharon, Ct. Aug. 6, 1792) m at Lebanon, Ct. Dec. 7, 1720, Lydia, daughter of Edward and Sarah (Backus) Colver (b at Lebanon Nov. 10, 1700) (d at Sharon May 9, 1787). They had at Litchfield, Ct. at least 5 sons and 6 daughters between Oct. 3, 1722 and Sept. 8, 1741; moved to Sharon, Ct. in 1743 and there had at least the one son

THOMAS[5] (John[4] John[3] Samuel[2] John[1]) (b at Sharon about 1747) (d probably in Oneida County, N. Y. after 1800) m probably in Northampton, now Monroe County, Pa. about 1771 to 3, Elizabeth, daughter of _____ and _____ (b at _____ about 1750) (d probably in Oneida County, N. Y. after 1800). They had at least 8 sons and 3 daughters, among the oldest and probably the oldest daughter, was Margaret.

This Thomas was undoubtedly one of several hundred Connecticut people who, particularly between 1761 and 1773, went to a large area in the northeast corner of Pennsylvania claimed by Connecticut and included within Litchfield County in which Sharon, Ct. lies. The area was also claimed by the Pennsylvania Proprietors who disputed the claims, intimately with success, of Connecticut. There resulted the so-called Pennamiee War which ended only during the Revolution and which for over ten years was replete with exciting incidents so appealing to young men. Incidentally it was an indirect cause of the Wyoming Massacre.

He was a Corporal in Capt. Van Etten's company of Northumberland County, 5th Pennsylvania Battalion troops at least from 1777 to 1781 and participated in the Battle of Brandywine Sept. 11, 1777 where his company suffered severe losses.

In 1790 his family consisted of 2 males over 16 years old, 5 males under 16, and 4 females of all ages, that is, probably one son was over 16 or born by 1773; and he was in Upper Bethel Township, Northumberland County, Pa. In 1798 that portion of the county was cut off into Wayne County and the 1800 census finds him at the same place but in Upper Smithfield Township of the New County, with 1 male over 46, 1 between 21 and 45, 1 between 16 and 21, 1 between 10 and 16, and 2 under 10, and but 1 female and she was over 46. Thus probably 2 sons and 3 daughters were married, left home, or deceased, and the number of sons remained six while 2 had been born since, 1790 as they were under 10. There is no mention of any Lovering, (see below) in either Northampton or Wayne Counties in the 1790, 1800 and 1810 censuses; perhaps they were a New Jersey family, just across the Delaware River, but there are no census records of New Jersey before 1830 in Washington.

In 1810 there were no Gays (nor Loverings) in either county, so the entire male portion at least, of the family had left the region, doubtless to Oneida County, New York or to Ontario where many members of its settled.

MARGARET[6] (Thomas[5] John[4] John[3] Samuel[2] John[1]) (b in Mt. Bethel Township, Northumberland County, Pa. May 15, 1775) (d at Westport, Leeds Co. Ont. Oct. 1, 1858) m 1st probably in Northumberland Co. about 1797, John, son of _____ and _____ Lovering (b _____) (d _____). After divorcing him she m 2nd at _____ about 1802, George Washington, son of Peter and Elizabeth (Harding) Hastings (b at Providence, R. I. Feb. 14, 1775) (d at Westport Nov. 12, 1844). She had by her 1st husband at least 1 daughter and by her 2nd, 1 son and 4 daughters. The ___ child and ___ daughter was Teresa.

SOLOMON GEE OF LYME, CT.

Reference: Lyme Genealogies. Mss by Dr. D. W. Patterson in the Library of the Connecticut Historical Society. Athenuem Building, Hartford, Conn.

Solomon Gee was born in 1698 in Devonshire County, England. When a young man he was impressed into the Royal Navy and put on board a man of war. He was granted a few days leave of absence and on returning to the ship found that the Captain whipped the men as fast as they came on board. With a comrade he fell back and after the ship had sailed, he got aboard another vessel. "Shifting from one vessel to another he came to this place. Being a clothier by trade, married, settled in the town of Lyme, now called East Lyme, County of New London, state of Connecticut." He was married March 27, 1732 by the pastor of the First Church of Lyme, to Deborah Huntley of Lyme. He and his wife are buried in East Lyme in the Old Stone Church burying grounds, in the thirteenth row starting at the north wall, in the northeast section.

SOLOMON[1] (b in Devonshire, England 1698) (d at Lyme, Ct. Apr. 13, 1769) m at Lyme Mar. 27, 1732, Deborah, daughter of Aaron and Deborah (de Wolf) Huntley (b at Lyme Aug. 20, 1714) (d at Lyme Mar. 26, 1807). They had 6 children of whom the 3rd was

WILLIAM[2] (Solomon[1]) (b at Lyme Apr. 5, 1739) (d at Lyme, Sept. 16, 1817) m at Lyme, Jan. 1, 1761, Abigail, daughter of Ebenezer and Abigail (Davis) Mack (b at Lyme Mar. 14, 1740) (d at Lyme Mar. 23, 1838, aged 97). They had six children of whom the 2nd was

ZOPHAR[3] (William[2] Solomon[1]) (b at Lyme, Ct. Aug. 28, 1763) (d at New Lyme, O. Aug. 14, 1829) m at Lyme Nov. 13, 1788, Esther, daughter of Zenas and Anna (Harris) Beckwith (b at Lyme June 6, 1770) (d at Lyme Aug. 21, 1794) m 2nd at Lyme Sept. 10, 1795, Lura Jones of Hebron, Ct. who died May 18, 1857. He had 3 children by Esther and 6 by Lura. The 2nd child was

SALMON[4] (Zophar[3] William[2] Solomon[1]) (b at Lyme, Oct. 16, 1792) (d at Ambrosia, Lee Co. Iowa, Sept. 3, 1845) m at new Lyme, Ohio, Nov. 15, 1814, Sarah, daughter of William and Sarah (Watson) Crane (b at Sandisfield, Mass. Jan. 24, 1795) (b at Council Bluffs, Ia. May 21, 1849). They had 5 sons and 5 daughters of whom the 7th child and 3rd daughter was

SUSAN[5] (Salmon[4] Zophar[3] William[2] Solomon[1]) (b at Rome, Ohio,

Jan. 31, 1828) (d at Salt Lake City, Utah Aug. 2, 1860) m at Salt Lake, Dec. 4, 1849, as his plural wife, Elam, son of Elam and Sena (Munger) Luddington (b at Harwinton, Ct. Nov. 23, 1806) (d at Salt Lake City, Mar. 22, 1893). They had 2 sons and 2 daughters, one daughter being Adelaide Eliza.

AUTOBIOGRAPHICAL STATEMENT OF
LYSANDER GEE

(b at Austinburg, Ashtabula Co. Ohio, Sept. 1, 1818) (d at Tooele, Utah, June 27, 1894). Original in Possession of a daughter, Mrs. Sarah Gee Skelton, of Los Angeles, Calif.

"My mother's name was Sarah W. Crane, daughter of William Crane who was a sea captain and died in the West Indies about the time of the birth of my mother and consequently she never saw (him). He had one brother by the name of Mary (Harvey ?) Crane. Her mother's name was Sarah Watson who died soon after the birth of my mother who was left an orphan without brother or sister, and was raised by her grandfather whose name was Zachariah Watson, he was Captain of a company in the American Revolution, and fought in the memorable battle of Bunker Hill. He had one brother whose name was Cyprion Watson and who was the author of several interesting poems. Zachariah Watson's wife's name was Susanna. They had three sons and two daughters, viz, Ethan Allen, Heman, Sarah and Susanna. Ethan was a very noted physician, the last I knew of him he lived in Romulus, Seneca Co. New York. Heman lived in the State of Ohio, he had a large family of children but I do not know the names of but three, Heman, Harvey and Gordon.

Lysander the third son and child, then married, was head of the Gee clan as his oldest brother George (b Aug. 13, 1815) had died Jan. 20, 1842 in Pittsburg, Pa. while on a mission, the second (b Jan. 18, 1817) died a child (Apr. 23, 1821) and the other two brothers were much younger, Erastus (b July 29, 1825) and Salmon (b Nov. 13, 1830). Apparently the eight surviving brothers and sisters came to Utah. Lysander died at Tooele Utah June 27, 1894 always a leader in his community, well educated and substantial. His youngest brother Salmon (b Nov. 13, 1830) is still (1922) living in Idaho.

SOPHAR[3] and his family including Salmon[4] emigrated in 1810 from Lyme Conn. to the Western Reserve then belonging to Connecticut but now in North Eastern Ohio. The Journey took 40 days. Sarah Crane was while an infant, left an orphan without brother or sister, raised by her grandparents Zachariah and Susannah Watson and soon after 1810 brought to New Lyme, Ohio by a family named Henderson. Henderson was apparently the husband of another daughter of Zachariah and Susanna Watson and it seems he and his wife adopted Sarah W. Crane. Salmon and Sarah Gee's first child was born Aug. 13, 1815, their third at Austinburg, Ashtabula Co., Sept. 1, 1818 and their 7th at Rome ame county, Jan. 31, 1828. They were among the first members of the Mormon Church which was founded early in 1830 and went with it to Kirtland, Geauga Co. Ohio where Salmon was ordained an Elder Mar. 3, 1836. They were in the immigration to Nauvoo, Ill., when their third son Lysander was ordained an Elder Apr. 6, 1840 (recorded Dec. 23, 1840). Sarah died of Cholera at Council Bluffs Iowa in 1849 while awaiting formation of a party to start thence for Salt Lake City. Susanna married a man by the name of Benjamin Baley, they had six children viz, Benjamin, Minerva, Susan, Hannah, Louiza, and Sophronia. This is as far as I can go with their history with any degree of accuracy."

JONATHAN GILLETT OF WINDSOR, CT.

Reference: Lewis and collateral Lines. Harriet S.(Lewis) Barnes. Privately Printed. Philadelphia, Pa. 1910. 73 pp. See article "Gillett".

Also: Histories and Genealogies of Ancient Windsor, Connecticut. H. R. Stiles. Case Lockwood & Brainard Co. Hartford 1892. 2 Vols. Vol. 2. p. 12 especially and pp. 289-292.

With his brother Nathan he came to America with about 140 Puritans collected in the counties of Devonshire, Dorsetshire, and Somersetshire, England, by Revs. John Warham and John Maverick as pastors. No further information is available as to his English antecedents. They sailed in the "Mary and John" Mar. 30, 1630 and arrived at Nantasket, Mass. May 30, 1630, settlement being made at Dorchester. He returned to England and "came into New inglan the secon(d) time in June in the yeare 1643 and Jonathan and his sonne was born about half a yeare aftur he com to land" as the old Gillett Bible says. He was made freeman there May 6, 1635. With the Dorchester Church and Rev. Mr. Warham, he removed about 1636 to Windsor, Conn. where he had a lot granted to him 17 rods wide "near Mr. Warham's and across the Poquonoc Road from Alexander Alvord" (see page) of the same county. He and his wife Mary were in 1673 on Matthew Grant's list of "twenty-one members who were so in Dorchester and came up with Mr. Warham and are still with us". He died Aug. 23, 1677 and his wife died Jan. 5, 1685.

JONATHAN[1] (b in England about 1609) (d in Windsor, Aug. 23, 1677) m probably in America, Mary, (b _____) (d Jan. 5, 1685). They had 10 children, 3 being born before going to Windsor. The 5th was

JOSEPH[2] (Jonathan[1]) (bapt. at Windsor July 25, 1641) (d _____) m at Windsor 1664, Elizabeth, daughter of John and Elizabeth Hawkes (b at Windsor Jan. 10, 1647) (d _____). They had nine children of whom the eighth or ninth was

DEBORAH[3] (Joseph[2] Jonathan[1]) (b at Windsor after 1674) (d _____) m at Windsor April 23, 1694, as his second wife, Samuel Adams (b probably in Hartford, Conn. about 1665) (d _____). They had at least two children of whom the first was Gillett.

HENRY GOLDHAM OF GUILFORD, CT.

Reference: A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England. James Savage. Little Brown & Co. Boston. 1860. 4 Vols. Vol. 2. Page 269.

Little is known of Henry Goldham except that he was freed from training for weakness in 1645 and soon after moved to Guilford. He had but one child, Susannah, yet his will made July 9, 1661 gives some land to Nicholas Munger, called a son-in-law, very likely the son of his wife Frances by a former husband. Nothing further is known of his wife except that she died 1671 or 1672.

HENRY[1] (b probably in England about 16__) (d at Guilford, Ct. after July 9, 1661) m _____ probably as her second husband, Frances _____ (b _____) (d at Guilford 1671 or 1672). They had 1 child

SUSANNAH[2] (Henry[1]) (b at _____) (d at Guilford Nov. 1, 1703) m at Guilford Dec. 13, 1650, John, son of John and Ann Bishop (b in England about 1625) (d at Guilford Oct. 1683). They had at least 8 children, one being Daniel.

RICHARD GOODRIDGE OF GUILFORD, CT.

Reference: A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England. James Savage. Little Brown and Co. Boston. 1860. 4 Vols. Vol. 2. pp. 128 and 276.

Also: The Goodrich Family in America. L. W. Case. Furgus Printing Co. Chicago. 1889. VI. 417 pp. pp. 18 and 350 ff.

Richard Goodridge or Goodrich or Guttridge as it was sometimes spelled in the early colonies, evidently came from about Denbigshire, England, as indicated by the following quotation from the family records extending from 1465 to 1819 in possession of the late James Pitt Goodrich of Egarth House, Egarth, Denbigshire, England. "Sir Henry Goodrich, knight and baronet, son of Richard and Muriel (Evans) Goodrich, married Jane, daughter of Sir John Savile, baronet of the exchequer. John Goodrich, second son of Richard and Muriel (Evans) (Goodrich married and emigrated to Virginia in 1635, and with him came Henry, Richard John and William". These men came to New England instead of Virginia and William was in Watertown, Massachusetts, 1636; John of same place 1637 while Richard was one of the original signers of the famous Guilford Covenant on the ship coming to America in 1639.

On May 7, 1646, he married Dinah _____ as his second wife and he died May 7, 1676. Except for these items and the further one that he became a Connecticut freeman in 1664, little further is known of him. He had at least six children.

RICHARD[1] (b in England _____) (d at Guilford, Ct. May 7, 1676) m in England _____ (b _____) (d before 1646) m 2nd at Guilford June 7, 1646, Dinah, _____ (b _____) (d _____). He had at least 6 children of whom one was

LYDIA[2] (Richard[1]) (b about 1638) (d at Fairfield, Ct. after 1684) m probably at Guilford about 1658, James, son of John and S_____ (_____) Evarts (b probably in England about 1630 (d at Fairfield 1684). They had 10 children, of whom the 3rd was Mary.

HANS GRAF OF LANCASTER, PENN.

Reference: Graf Genealogy. 1891. 103 pp.

Also: History of Lancaster County. I. D. Rupp. Gilbert Hills, Lancaster, Pa., 1844. 531 pp. pp. 133-4 and 121-9.

Also: A Biographical History of Lancaster County, Alex Harris. Elias Barr & Co. Lancaster, Pa., 1872. 639 pp. pp. 237-9.

Also: Memorials of the Huguenots in America with Special Reference to the Emigrants to Pennsylvania. Ammon Stapleton. Huguenot Publishing Co. Carlisle, Pa. 1901. ix + 164 pp. pp. 108 ff.

Hans Graf was born of distinguished parentage in Switzerland 1661. He belonged to the Mennonite Church against which the sword of intolerance was unsheathed after the Revocation of the Edict of Nantes in 1685, by Louis XIV. It was to escape the destruction that seemed to threaten the devoted followers of Menno Simon that led many of this sect to the New World as a place of refuge.

About 1690 Hans Graf fled from his home in Switzerland to Alsace in France, where he had the title of Baron von Weldon and lived until he came to America about 1696. He first lived in Germantown, but induced by the glowing descriptions of the Lancaster country, when Rev. Hans Herr and his congregation settled in 1709, he moved to the Pequea Valley in 1716, and settled on Graf's Run, in West Earl Township, Lancaster Co.. There he built a cabin under a large white oak tree, where his wife, one child and he spent the winter. The next year he took out a warrant for a large body of land, the document being dated November 22, 1717. The following spring he built a house on a location still pointed out as an historic landmark of the region.

It is said he learned to speak Indian tongue fluently, traded with them largely, and laid the foundations of a princely fortune. He was evidently highly respected and his counsel valued, as no business of importance seems to have been transacted in that early period, unless his judgement was first obtained. Further, in spite of race and sectarian antagonisms, he was often assigned by the governor and the Province Board of Council to positions of official trust. So, when Lancaster County was divided into townships, June 9, 1729, one of these was name for him, "Earl" the English equivalent of Graf; it has been since divided into Earl, East Earl, and West Earl. He is buried in the Graveyard attached to the Groff Meeting House. He founded a great

family and was grandfather of Andrew and Sebastian Graff noted Revolutionary patriot.

HANS[1] (b in Switzerland _____ 1661) (d in East Township, Pa. _____) m _____ (b _____) (d _____). He had several children of whom one was

MICHAEL[2] (Hans[1]) (b probably at Germantown, Pa. about 1701) (d near Lampeter, Pa. about 1771) m near Willow Street, Pa. about 1721, Elizabeth, daughter of Christian and Anna (_____) Herr (b in Europe about 1705) (d near Lampeter _____). They had at least 9 children of whom one was

BARBARA[3] (Michael[2] Hans[1]) (b near Willow Street about 1727) (d near Carlisle, Pa. _____) m near Willow Street about 1748, John, son of Rudolph and Barbara (Brubacher) Herr (b near Manor 1727) (d at Cocalico, Pa, 1775). They had at least nine children, of whom one was Abraham.

DR. JASPER GUNN OF ROXBURY, MASS.
AND HARTFORD, CT.

Reference: The History of the Old Town of Derby, Ct. Samuel Orcutt. Springfield Printing Co. Springfield, Mass. 1880. xcvii + 844 pp. p. 723.

Also: A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England. James Savage. Little Brown & Co. 1860. 4 Vols. Vol. 2, p. 323.

Dr. Jasper Gunn came in the "Defense" in 1635 aged 29 with Ann aged 25 who was probably though not certainly his wife, since the church records do not mention her as such. He was made freeman May 25, 1636. At The London Custom House the name is written Goun. Perhaps he visited Milford in 1639. At any rate in 1645 he moved to Hartford where he was a physician. After 1657 he moved to Milford and died there in 1670 leaving one daughter and four sons.

One of these sons was Abel who married Mary Smith and having no children he left all his property to a nephew, Abel, son of his brother Jobannah. This will the town confirmed by vote in 1709.

Sergeant Abel Gunn, called Junior, heir to his uncle's property, came to Derby and there on May 24, 1704, married Agnes, youngest daughter of Joseph Hawkins.

JASPER[1] (b in England 1606) (d at Milford, Ct. 1670) m probably in England, Ann _____ (b _____) (d before 1670). He had at least 5 children of whom one was

JOBANNAH[2] (Jasper[1]) (b probably at Hartford, Ct. about 1655) (d _____ after 1680) m _____ (b _____) (d _____). They had at least one child

SERGT. ABEL[3] (Jobannah[2] Jasper[1]) (b at _____ about 1680) (d at Derby, Ct. Feb. 1721) m at Derby, May 24, 1704, Agnes, daughter of Joseph and _____ Hawkins (b at Milford Nov. 6, 1681) (d _____). They had five children of whom the fourth was

SARAH[4] (Abel[3] Jobannah[2] Jasper[1]) (b at Derby Apr. 3, 1713) (d _____) m at Derby Nov. 5, 1729, John, son of William and Hannah (Wooster) Washburn (b at Derby about 1705) (d _____). They had at least two children, of whom one was Anne.

WILLIAM HALL OF GUILFORD, CT.

Reference: The Halls of New England; Genealogical and Biographical. David B. Hall, M. A. Joel Munsell's Sons. Albany, N. Y. 1883. XII + 55 pp.

William Hall, son of Gilbert Hall, probably of Rolvendue, Kent Co., England, came to America with his wife Esther, whose maiden name is unknown. He was one of the first Guilford Company under the leadership of Rev. William Whitefield which formed a plantation covenant and signed it June 1, 1639, while on their passage to America. The company was composed mostly of select young men. He died at Guilford, Ct. March 8, 1669, and his young widow about 1683. They were double ancestors, through their son John and also their daughter Sarah.

WILLIAM[1] (b in England about 1620) (d at Guilford, Ct. Mar. 8, 1669) m in England, Esther _____ (b _____) (d at Guilford, 1683). They had at least 3 children of whom one was

JOHN[2] (William[1]) (b 1648) (d _____) m at New Haven Nov. 13, 1669, Elizabeth, daughter of George and Sarah Smith of New Haven (b _____) (d _____). They had 7 children of whom the 2nd was

MARY[3] (John[2] William[1]) (b at Guilford May 13, 1673) (d at Guilford December 7, 1755) m at Guilford July 16, 1693, Daniel son of John and Susannah (Goldham) Bishop (b at Guilford December 8, 1663) (d at Guilford Apr. 17, 1751) as his second wife. They had 6 children of whom the youngest was Submit.

The second line of descent is through the daughter Sarah. This is as below

WILLIAM[1] (b in England about 1620) (d at Guilford, Ct. March 8, 1669) m in England, Esther, (b _____) (d at Guilford 1683). They had at least 3 children of whom one was

SARAH[2] (William[1]) (b about 1639) (d at Guilford January 31, 1689) m 1st at Guilford June 2, 1659, Nicholas, son of _____ and Frances (_____) Munger (b in England about 1630) (d at Guilford October 16, 1668) and m 2nd Dennis Crampton. Sarah and Nicholas had 2 children, of whom the eldest was John.

RICHARD HARDING OF BRAINTREE, MASS. AND NEWPORT, R. I.

Reference: The Hardings in America. A Genealogical Register of the Descendants of John Harding of England. Born A. D. 1567. W. J. Harding. Harding Printing Co. Keystone, Ia. 1925. 209 pp.

Also: The Descendants of James Cole of Plymouth, 1633, etc. E. B. Cole. Grafton Press, New York. 1908. xiii + 413 pp.

Also: The Root Manuscripts in the Rhode Island Historical Society's Library. Providence, R. I.

Also: Letters from Caroline E. Copwell, Asst. Secy. Assoc. Alumni, Brown University of Oct. 10, 1919 and Dec. 14, 1920, in the latter quoting from a letter to her from Mrs. Allen, a well known New England genealogist.

Also: The Ancestory of President Harding, etc. C. G. Miller. Reprint from Proc. and Collet. of the Wyoming (Pa.) Historical and Genealogical Society. Vol. 21. 1928 p. 50.

In 1632 Capt. Sir Robert Georges, a son of Sir Ferdinando Georges, for his valiant services to the English Crown during the "Venitian Wars", was appointed by the Council of New England, Governor of the Plymouth Colony and given a large grant of land on Massachusett's Bay. A few years previous he had married Mary Harding "the daughter and heir of William Harding, Gent."

Gov. Georges sailed from Harwick, County of Essex, taking his wife, a clergyman from the Church of England and "sundrie passengers and their families". They reaches America Aug. 1623. The passenger list included John Harding, his wife and young sons, Joseph Harding and Richard Harding with his wife and infant son. These three, John Joseph and Richard were incidently children of a John Harding, brother of William, who mentions them in his will dated 1636 in which he states he is in his 70th year. He died Jan. 14, 1637.

The party settled at Wessagusset, a part of Braintree, Mass.

Richard Harding was doubtless the elder of these brothers and about 30 or more years old. On May 10, 1640 he was admitted freeman which implied church membership. The name of his wife who accompanied him to America in unknown; she died before 1630 as then he married Elizabeth Adams. Richard had at least two sons by his first wife and a daughter by his second.

Richard was a mariner while one of his sons, Stephen, born about 1623 was a blacksmith. The latter early migrated to Swansea, Mass., established a few years before by Roger Williams, and joined the Baptist Church. He died Feb. 20, 1698 leaving an estate of £44:16:6.

JOHN[1] (b in England ____ 1566) (d in Northampton, England Jan. 14, 1637) m at _____ _____ (b _____) (d _____). They had 5 sons and of whom one was

RICHARD[2] (John[1]) (b in Northampton, England about 1583) (d at Braintree, Mass. after Dec. 18, 1657) m 1st in England about 1615 _____ (b in England about 1590) (d at Braintree before 1630) m 2nd at Braintree 1630, Elizabeth, daughter of _____ and _____ (_____) Adams (b _____) (d at Braintree 1664). He had by his 1st wife at least 2 sons and by his 2nd, 1 daughter, The youngest son by the 1st wife was

STEPHEN[3] (Richard[2] John[1]) (b at Braintree about 1624) (d at Providence, R. I. Feb. 20, 1698) m at _____ about 1650, Bridget, daughter of Thomas and _____ (_____) Estance (b at _____) (d probably at Providence before 1693). They had at least 3 sons and 4 daughters, of whom one was

JOHN[4] (Stephen[3] Richard[2] John[1]) (b at _____ about 1652) (d at Newport, R. I. after 1698) m at _____ about 1675, _____, daughter of _____ and _____ (_____) _____ (b at _____ about 1655) (d at _____). They had at least 2 sons, of whom one was

RICHARD[5] (John[4] Stephen[3] Richard[2] John[1]) (b at Swansea 1678) (d at Swansea May 15, 1748) m at _____ about 1705, Mary, daughter of Thomas and Ruth (Boussigut) Thurber (b at Swansea Sept. 18, 1686) (d at Swansea, Mass. Dec. 26, 1759). They had at least 4 sons, John, Richard, Eleazer and Benjamin, and 5 daughters, The youngest son was

BENJAMIN[6] (Richard[5] John[4] Stephen[3] Richard[2] John[1]) (b probably at Rehoboth about 1730) (d lost at sea 1757) m at Warren, R. I. Nov. 15, 1753, Hannah, daughter of Benjamin and Elizabeth (Nelson) Cole (b at Swansea 1736) (d at Swansea July 3, 1787). "Aunt" Margaret Clawson (see item "Peter Hastings of Providence, R. I.") stated positively that her great grandmother, Elizabeth Harding Hastings' (next below) father Benjamin, was lost at sea when his daughter Elizabeth was two years old and that the uncle Eleazer Harding played a large part in her life.

Benjamin and Hannah had 2 daughters, one being

ELIZABETH[7] (Benjamin[6] Richard[5] John[4] Stephen[3] Richard[2] John[1])

(b at Rehoboth or Swansea Nov. 9, 1754) (d probably at Little Nine Partners, N. Y. between 1800 and 1830) m at Providence, R. I. about 1773, Peter, son of _____ and _____ (_____) Hastings (b in England about 1750) (d at Little Nine Partners about 1820). They had 2 daughters and 3 sons, one being George. The other sons were Eleazer and James.

Stephen[3] and Bridget (Estance) Harding were ancestors of President Warren G. Harding, the lines of descent being:

1. Stephen Harding
2. Abraham Harding
3. Stephen Harding
4. Abraham Harding
5. Amos Harding
6. George T. Harding
7. Charles A. Harding
8. George T. Harding
9. Warren G. Harding

1. Stephen Harding
2. John Harding
3. Richard Harding
4. Benjamin Harding
5. Elizabeth Harding
   m Peter Hastings
6. George W. Hastings
7. Teresa Hastings
   m Thos. A. Judd
8. George T. Judd
9. Ida Judd
   m H. T. Cory
10. Cory Boys

Thus President Harding and Ida Judd Cory are 7th Cousins.

THOMAS HARRIS OF PROVIDENCE, R. I.

Reference: Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England. James Savage. Litte Brown & Co. Boston. 1860. 4 Vols. Vol. 2. pp. 363-365 and Vol. 4. p. 270.

Also: The Genealogical Dictionary of Rhode Island. J. O. Austin. J. Munsell's Sons. Albany, N. Y. 1887. 449 pp. pp. 310-3.

Thomas Harris and his brother William came from Bristol, England, on the "Lyon" reaching Boston Feb. 15, 1631 with Roger Williams, settled with him in Salem and on with him to Providence in 1636. Thomas was an Assistant Governor there under the first charter in 1654 and under the second 1666-9. He swore allegiance to Charles II May 1666 and died 1686, his will being probated July 20 of that year. His son Thomas married Elethan, daughter of Richard and Mary (Clark) Tew, Richard Tew being a very close associate of Roger Williams.

Thomas Harris' life was quite even as compared to that of his brother William's. The latter had a bitter controversy with Roger Williams over the right to lands at Pantuxet between Warwick and Providence, which controversy split the Plantation into the William and the Harris factions. In 1674 he went to England to secure the Crowns interposition in the matter, (see Connecticut Colony Records II. 586) returning just after the outbreak of King Philip's War. He stayed in Providence through this war, and again, late in 1678, started for England again on the land matter. He sailed on the "Unity" Capt. Condy, from Boston, but on Jan. 24, 1679 was taken by an Algerian Corsair and sold in Barbary. After more than a years slavery, he was redeemed at a high rate, Connecticut, for which colony he was acting, paying as a part of it $400. He travelled through Spain and France reaching London in 1680 when he died at the home of a friend, John Stokes, in three days.

THOMAS[1] (b in England about 1615) (d at Providence, R. I. June 7, 1686) m at _____ about 1640, Elizabeth, daughter of _____ and _____ (b at _____ about 1620) (d at Providence after 1687). They had at least 1 son and 2 daughters, the son being

THOMAS[2] (Thomas[1]) (b at _____ about 1640) (d at Providence Feb. 27, 1711) m at Providence Nov. 3, 1664, Elethan, daughter of Richard and Mary (Clark) Tew (b at Providence Oct. 15, 1644) (d at Providence after 1711). They had 7 sons and 3 daughters, the 2nd child and son being

RICHARD[3] (Thomas[2] Thomas[1]) (b at Providence Oct. 14, 1668) (d

at Smithfield, R. I. 1750) m at _____ about 1689, _____, daughter of Clement and Elizabeth (_____) King (b at Marshfield, Mass. about 1670) (d at Smithfield about 1720). They had 6 sons and 3 daughters, the 7th child and 2nd daughter being

AMITY[4] (Richard[3] Thomas[2] Thomas[1]) (b at Smithfield Dec. 10, 1677) (d at _____) m at Smithfield about 1729, Christopher, son of Christopher and Elizabeth (Arnold) Smith (b at _____) (d at Scituate Jan. 27, 1781). They had __ sons and __ daughters, one being Dorothy.

WALTER HARRIS OF WEYMOUTH, MASS. AND NEW LONDON, CT.

Reference: Harris Genealogy: A History of James Harris of New London, Conn. and His Descendants. Nath. Harris Morgan. Case Lockwood & Brainard Co., Hartford, Ct. 1878. 239 pp.

Also: History of New London, Conn. Frances M. Caulkins. Published by Author, New London, 1852. xi + 679 pp. pp. 86 and 269-271.

Also: Probate Records, New London, Conn. Book C. p. 293.

Also: Ye Ancient Burial Place of New London, Ct. 1899 pp. pp. 38.

Walter Harris of Weymouth, Mass., came to America in the ship "William and Francis" in 1632. Probably his mother, "widow of Walter Harris," and his brother, Gabriel, came with him, but returned to England "for property left behind" and were lost on the passage back. Walter was at Weymouth as early as 1635 and by 1650 had acquired a large landed estate.

The "Harris Range" of lands, still known by that name, belonged to him. He moved to New London, Ct. in 1652 and had a house, lot and eight acres of upland assigned him. He died there Nov. 6, 1654, and his wife Jan. 29, 1655. The inventory of their combined estates was taken Apr. 4, 1656. His wife was Mary Fry, a sister of William Fry and Thomasin or Tamizin Fry who married John Meigs. By the way, her will which is one of the oldest in the country, if given in full in Caulkins History of New London, p. 270. They left three daughters and two sons, Gabriel and Thomas. The latter went to England after the death of his father, and, according to doubtful tradition, never returned. At any rate there was a Thomas Harris on the New London Highway Commission Aug. 16, 1665, who, if not this one, was of unknown antecedents.

An interesting story of the impetuous courtship of Gabriel Harris and Elizabeth Abbott is given on page 86 of Caulkins History of New London. His estate inventories over £800.

WALTER[1] (b in England about 1610) (d at New London, Ct. Nov. 6, 1654) m probably in England, Mary Fry, _____ (b at Weymouth, England, about 1610) (d at New London Jan.

29, 1655). They had 5 children, of whom one was

GABRIEL[2] (Walter[1]) (b about 1632) (d at New London ____ 1684) m 1st Mary _____ and m 2nd at Guilford Mar. 3, 1654, Elizabeth, daughter of Robert and _____ (_____) Abbott (b about 1635) (d at New London Aug. 17, 1702). He had 1 child by his firstwife and 8 by his second, of whom the youngest was

JOSEPH[3] (Gabriel[2] Walter[1]) (b at New London Jan. 16, 1673) (d at New London 1734) m at Killingworth, Ct. Dec. 1, 1696, Mary, daughter of William and Mary (Meigs) Stevens (b perhaps at Killingworth, Nov. 2, 1677) (d at New London, Oct. 20, 1718) m 2nd at New London, Lydia (Moore) Denison, widow of Wetherell Denison (b_____) (d after 1734). He had 10 children by his first wife of whom the 9th was

JOHN[4] (Joseph[3] Gabriel[2] Walter[1]) (b at New London Apr. 18, 1715) (d probably at New London _____) m at New London Mar. 31, 1737, Elizabeth, daugher of John and Elizabeth (_____) Champlin (b probably at Lyme about 1717) (d _____). m 2nd at New London Mar. 10, 1754, Deborah, daughter of John and _____ Rogers (b _____) (d _____). He had by his 1st wife at least 7 children of whom the 5th was

ANN[5] (John[4] Joseph[3] Gabriel[2] Walter[1]) (b at New London Jan. 27, 1745) (d _____) m at New London June 23, 1768, Zenas, son of Joseph and Esther (Smith) Beckwith (b _____) (d _____). They had 8 children, of whom the 2nd was Esther.

PETER HASTINGS OF PROVIDENCE, R. I.

Reference: Rambling Reminiscences of Margaret Gay(Judd) Clawson. Abstracted by H. T. Cory. Nov. 1, 1914. MSS. 84 pp. (In Congressional Library. Washington, D. C.

Also: Records of Temple Work. Mormon Tabernacle. Salt Lake City, Utah.

"Aunt" Margaret Clawson, who, from religious considerations was fervently interested in the exact genealogy of her ancestors, was positive as to the facts that one of her great grandfathers, Peter Hastings, came from England to America when a young man; settled in Rhode Island; was at one time on a body guard of Gen. George Washington during the Revolution; and was a relatively close cousin of Warren Hastings, who was Governor General of India and tried by Parliament 1786-1795. See Macauley's "Essay on Warren Hastings".

The occasion of being on George Washington's escort was either when the latter passed through Providence Aug. 5 to 7, 1776, when he was met by troops under Gen. Nathaniel Greene; or on the visit to Newport and Providence, R. I. Mar. 6 to 15, 1781, accompanied by French officers.

Peter Hastings married Elizabeth, daughter of Benjamin and Hannah (Cole) Harding in Rhode Island, and was head of a household in Warren, R. I. in 1774 when the Rhode Island province took its first census; and was in North Providence, R. I. in 1790 when the first United States census was taken. He left Rhode Island before 1800, probably going direct to the settlement in Duchess and Columbia counties, New York, known as Little Nine Partners, which included what is now Pine Plains, lying along the Hudson River about 80 miles above New York City. There he, and almost certainly, his wife are buried.

PETER[1] (b in England about 1745) (d at Little Nine Partners, N. Y. about 1820) m at Providence, R. I. about 1773, Elizabeth, daughter of Benjamin and Hannah (Cole) Harding (b probably at Rehoboth, Mass. Nov. 9, 1754) (d at Little Nine Partners after 1815). They had 3 sons and 2 daughters, the oldest being

GEORGE WASHINGTON[2] (Peter[1]) (b at Providence, R. I. Feb. 14, 1775) (d at Westport, Leeds Co., Ont. Nov. 12, 1844) m at _____ about 1805, Margaret, daughter of Thomas and Elizabeth (_____) Gay and divorced wife of John Lovering (b "in Pennsylvania" May 17, 1775, as her tombstone says) (d at Westport, Oct. 1, 1858). They had 1 son, Eleazer, and 4 daughters.

(George's second name, Washington, was incidently added by him or his parents after the Revolution. His son Eleazer was a substantial man and devout Baptist in Westport, living to a ripe old age. The writer and wife, Ida Judd Cory, a granddaughter of Teresa[3], next paragraph, visited Eleazer's descendants in Westport, Sept. 1920, and copied data from family bibles and tombstones.)
One daughter was

TERESA[3] (George Washington[2] Peter[1]) (b at Turin, Lewis Co., N. Y. Oct. 3, 1812) (d at Salt Lake City, Utah, Feb. 20, 1881) m at North Crosby, Leeds Co., Ont. Dec. 27, 1830, Thomas Alvord, son of Joel and Phebe (Smith) Judd (b at Crown Point, N. Y. Apr. 19, 1812) (d at Salt Lake City May 2, 1886). They had 3 sons and 2 daughters, the 4th child and 2nd son being George Thomas.

JOHN HAWKES OF WINDSOR, CT.

Reference: A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England. James Savage. Little Brown & Co. Boston. 1860. 4 Vols. Vol. 2. p. 381.

John Hawkes was a freeman of Dorchester, Mass., Sept. 3, 1634, and moved to Windsor, Connecticut, before August 1643 where he lived until 1659. The following year he moved to Hadley, Mass., where all of his children were born and where he died June 28, 1662. His widow, Elizabeth, married Robert Hinsdale and 3rd Thomas Dibble.

JOHN[1] (b in England about 1615) (d at Hadley, Mass. June 28, 1662) m _____ Elizabeth _____ (b _____) (d as Mrs. Thomas Dibble _____). They had 12 children of whom the 3rd was

ELIZABETH[2] (John[1]) (b at Windsor, Ct., Jan. 10, 1647) (d at _____) m at Windsor 1664, Joseph, son of Jonathan and Mary (_____) Gillett (baptized at Windsor July 25, 1641) (d _____). They had 9 children of whom the 8th or 9th was Deborah.

ROBERT HAWKINS OF CHARLESTOWN, MASS.
AND MILFORD, CT.

Reference: The History of the Old Town of Derby, Connecticut. Samuel Orcutt and Ambrose Beardsley. Springfield Printing Company. Springfield, Mass. 1880. xcvii + 844 pp.

Also: A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England. James Savage. Little Brown & Co. Boston. 1860. 4 Vols. Vol. 2. p. 383.

Robert Hawkins, aged 25, and his wife, aged 24, (Mary) came to America from an as yet unknown place in England, on the "Elizabeth and Ann" in 1635 and he was made a freeman May 25, 1636. There they had three children and perhaps more. The number of their children, however, and the place of their birth is as yet unknown. One was Robert who is thought to have been born at Milford, Ct. Apr. 3, 1642, and married there Apr. 8, 1668 a woman, name unknown. He settled at Birmingham Point, Ct. and had eight children of whom the youngest, Lois and Agnes, born Nov. 6, 1681, were twins.

ROBERT[1] (b in England 1610) (d probably at Milford, Ct. ____) m in England, Mary _____ (b in England 1611) (d probably at Milford _____). They had at least 4 children of whom one was

JOSEPH[2] (Robert[1]) (b at Milford Alr. 3, 1642) (d _____) m at Milford Apr. 8, 1668, _____ _____ (b _____) (d _____). They had 8 children of whom the youngest (a twin) was

AGNES[3] (Joseph[2] Robert[1]) (b at Milford Nov. 6, 1681) (d _____) m at _____, Sergt. Abel, son of Johannah and _____ Gunn (b _____) (d _____). They had 5 children of whom the 4th was Sarah.

REV. HANS HERR, OF LANCASTER, PA.

Reference: Genealogical Record of Rev. Hans Herr and his Direct Lineal Descendants. T. W. Herr. Examiner Printing House, Lancaster, Pa. 1908. xiii + 785 pp.

Also: History of Lancaster County, Pennsylvania. I. D. Rupp. Gilbert Hills, Lancaster, Pa. 1844, 531 pp. pp. 67-81.

Also: Pennsylvania Archives, Second Series, Vol. 19, p. 622; Third Series, Vol. 17, pp. 121, 285, 357, 514 and 714; Fifth Series, Vol. 7, pp. 702, 749, 754.

Also: Book "SS" p. 62; Book "C" Vol. 3. p. 641; Book "DD" Vol. I p. 76, and Book "WW" pp. 778 and 784 of Recorder of Deeds for Lancaster County, Pa.

Also: Book "B" Vol. 1. p. 683 of Register of Wills for Lancaster County, Pa.

Also: Patent Book 29, p. 165 of Office of Internal Affairs of Pennsylvania, in Harrisburg, Pa.

Also: Proc. Lancaster County Historical Society. Vol. xix. p. 292.

Rev. Hans Herr was born at or near Zurich, in the canton of Zurich, Switzerland, in 1639. He became a member of the Mennonite Religious Society, and a prominent minister of that denomination. His father, Hans Herr, was born in 1608, and had, besides the Rev. Hans, at least three other sons, Jacob, of Switzerland, Christian of Mursbach, Baden, Germany, and Benjamin of Zatsche, Baden.

The Edict of Nantes, issued in 1598, in favor of the Huguenots, was revoked in 1685, by Louis XIV. One of the most terrible and cruel persecutions ever known occurred in France, Switzerland and Germany, especially in the Palatinate, from that and other causes.

It is estimated that over 500,000 Huguenots (confederated protestants) escaped from France alone, from 1685 to 1720. Many also from Zurich, Berne, etc., in Switzerland, suffered severely from religious persecutions about this time, including Rev. Herr's father-in-law, Hans Mylin, and two of his sons, between 1638 and 1643.

Rev. Hans Herr with many of his congregation emigrated to the Palatinate in Germany, which was then governed by a ruler who promised them protection and religious freedom. This was satisfactory until the Palatinate fell into the hands of other rulers, when the Mennonites were again persecuted severely.

When this occurred; Swiss and German Mennonites, by invitation and encouragement of William Penn, settled as early as 1683, at what is now Germantown, Pennsylvania.

In 1709, Rev. Hans Herr, Martin Kendig, and several others who were still in Europe, came to America and bought 10,000 acres of land on the south side of Pequea Creek near Lancaster, Pa., the warrant being dated Oct. 10, 1710, and the survey Oct. 23, 1710. Rev. Herr was then over 70 years old. Two sons, Rev. Christian and Hans, came over with some twenty Swiss immigrants, arriving in Philadelphia Sept. 23, 1710 on the "Maria Hope", Capt John Annis from London. These Swiss people were the first permanent settlers of Lancaster County while Rev. Hans Herr and Martin Kendig, always closely associated, were the keystones of the Lancaster County development. See "New Light on Hans Herr and Martin Kendig. M. H. Brackbill. Lancaster County Historical Society. Lancaster, Pa. Vol. xxxix No. 4 1935. pp 73-102. Martin Kendig went back to Europe and made report, returning with a numerous colony, including six sons and one daughter of Rev. Hans Herr, who were married and had families. Tradition says several sons and daughters remained in Europe, and one son at least went with a colony to London in 1709, and shortly after settled in Ireland.

Rev. Hans Herr built his first home in 1709, about one mile east of Willow Street, in Lancaster County, Pa., and later lived with his son, Rev. Christian Herr, near Willow Street, where the latter built a large stone dwelling in 1719, which is still standing and which is a notable and treasured historical relic of that region. There he in 1725, in his 87th year.

He was a double ancestor, through two of his sons, Abraham and Rev. Christian.

REV. HANS[1] (b at or near Zurich, Switzerland, Sept. 17, 1639) (d near Willlow Street, Pa. 1725) m in Switzerland about 1659, Elizabeth, daughter of John and Jane (Mylin) Kendig (b at or near Zurich, 1643) (d near Willow Street 1730). They had at least 7 sons and 1 daughter, of whom the eldest was

ABRAHAM[2] (Hans[1]) (b probably in Switzerland 1660) (d near Manor, Pa. 1736) m in Europe about 1685, Anna_____ (b in Europe _____) (d near Manor, Pa). They had at least 6 sons and 2 daughters, one, probably the 4th son, being

JOHN[3] (Abraham[2] Hans[1]) (b near Manor about 1725) (d in Rapho Twp., Lancaster Co., between Jan. 26, and Mar. 25, 1775) m Barbara, daughter of Michael and Elizabeth (Herr) Graf (b near Willow Street about 1727) (d in Rapho Twp._____). They had at least 9 children, one of whom was

ABRAHAM[4] (John[3] Abraham[2] Hans[1]) (b in Rapho Twp. prior to 1750) (d near Carlisle, Pa. 1804) m_____, Elizabeth,_____ (b_____) (d_____after 1804). He left an estate of over £5,000. They had at least 4 children, of whom one was

ABRAHAM[5] (Abraham[4] John[3] Abraham[2] Hans[1]) (b probably near Cocalico, Pa. May 11, 1779) (d in Augusta Co. Va. _____ 1824) m near Carlisle, Nov. 15, 1807, Susannah, daughter of John Daniel and Susannah (Xander) Wunderlich (b near Carlisle, Pa. Mar. 18, 1790) (d in Hancock Co. Ohio Apr. 9, 1873, as Mrs, John Ullery). They had 6 children, of whom one was

SUSANNAH[6] (Abraham[5] Abraham[4] John[3] Abraham[2] Hans[1]) (b near Carlisle, Mar. 10, 1812) (d near Montmorenci, Ind. Feb. 13, 1880) m near New Carlisle, Ohio Feb. 26, 1832, Elnathan, son of Thomas and Margaret (Saylor) Cory (b near New Carlisle, Ohio, Mar. 11, 1812) (d near Montmorenci, Ind. Jan. 18, 1864). They are buried in the Newton's Retreat Graveyard, between Montmorenci and Lafayette, Ind., on the Hebron Gravel Road. They had 6 children, of whom one was Thomas.

The second line, through Rev. Christian Herr, is as follows:

REV. HANS[1] (b at or near Zurich, Switzerland Sept. 17, 1639) (d near Willow Street, Pa. 1725) m in Switzerland about 1659, Elizabeth, daughter of John and Jane (Mylin) Kendig (b at or near Zurich 1643) (d near Willow Street 1730). They had at least 7 sons and 1 daughter, of whom one was

REV. CHRISTIAN[2] (Hans[1]) (b probably in Switzerland about 1670) (d near Willow Street after 1769) m in Europe about 1695, Anna _____ (b in Europe about 1670) (d near Willow Street _____). They had at least 8 children, of whom one was

ELIZABETH[3] (Christian[2] Hans[1]) (b in Europe about 1705) (d near Lampeter, Pa. _____) m near Willow Street about 1724, Michael, son of Hans and _____ Graaf (b probably in Germantown, Pa. about 1701) (d near Lampeter about 1777). They had at least 9 children, of whom one was

BARBARA[4] (Elizabeth[3] Christian[2] Hans[1]) (b near Willow Street about 1727) (d near Carlisle _____) m near Willow Street about 1748, John, son of Abraham and Anna (_____) Herr (b near Manor, 1727) (d at Cocalico, Pa. 1775). They had at least 9 children, of whom one was Abraham.

The famous half brothers, Edward Musser Herr and Herbert Thacker Herr Presidents of the Westinghouse Electric and the Westinghouse Manufacturing and Air Brake Companies respectively, are also descendants of Rev. Hans Herr, the lines being:

1. Rev. Hans Herr
2. Emanuel Herr
3. Rev. John Herr
4. Francis Herr
5. John Herr
6. Benjamin Herr
7. Theadore W. Herr
8. Edward and Herbert Herr

1. Rev. Hans Herr
2. Abraham Herr
3. John Herr
4. Abraham Herr
5. Abraham Herr
6. Susannah Herr
   m Elnathan Cory
7. Thomas Cory
8. H. T. Cory
9. Cory Boys

Thus Edward M. and Herbert T. Herr and H. T. Cory are 6th cousins.

REV. EPHRIAM HEWETT OF WINDSOR, CT.

Reference: The History of the Descendants of Elder John Strong of Northampton, Massachusetts. Benj. W. Dwight. Joel Munsell. Albany, N. Y. 1871. 2 Vols. Vol. 1. lix + 746 pp. Vol. 2. 756-1531 pp.

Also: A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England. James Savage. Little Brown & Co. 1860. 4 Vols. See Vol. 2. p. 490.

Rev. Ephriam Hewett was a minister in Wraxall near Kenilworth in Warwickshire, England, where in 1638 he was proceeded against by Archbishop Laud for neglect of church ceremonies. The following year he came with his wife Isabel and five children to Boston. He reached Windsor, Ct. Aug. 17, 1639 where he became a colleague of Rev. John Warham and "was a man of superior talent and eminent usefulness" as a church historian, (Allen) says. He died Sept. 4, 1644. His widow long outlived him and as administrator of his estate in 1647 sold his share in Swampscot and Dover patents, New Haven, Ct. to Richard Saltonstall. She died in Windsor Mar. 8, 1661.

He left no male issue surviving him so both the Smith and the Strong families into which his daughters married used Hewett as a Baptizmal name.

EPHRIAM[1] (b in England about 1600) (d at Windsor, Ct. Sept. 4, 1644) m in England before 1629, Isabel _____ (b in England about 1609) (d at Windsor Mar. 8, 1661). They had 6 children of whom the youngest was

MARY[2] (Ephriam[1]) (baptized at Windsor Aug. 2, 1640) (d at Northampton, Mass. Feb. 20, 1670-1) m at Windsor Dec. 5, 1660, Thomas, son of Elder John Strong (b at Dorchester, Mass., 1631) (d at Northampton Oct. 5, 1689). They had 5 children, of whom the eldest was Thomas.

WILLIAM HICKOX OF FARMINGTON, CT.

Reference: The History of Waterbury, Connecticut. Henry Bronson. Bronson Brothers, Waterbury, Ct. 1858. XI 583 pp. 148-9.

Also: A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England, James Savage. Little Brown and Company. Boston. 1860. 4 Vols. Vol. 2. pp. 409-410.

William Hickox was one of the original proprietors and settlers of Farmington. He was also a man of property in New Haven in 1643 but not of the number in 1646. He evidently died early or went back home, for his sons Samuel and Joseph only are on the list of proprietors of Farmington in 1672. Nothing is known of his English antecedents or of his wife, and little else of him.

His two sons Samuel and Joseph together with William, John, Thomas Jr. and Samuel Judd were among 30 who June 6, 1674, signed the Articles of Association and Agreement of the Waterbury, Ct. settlement.

Joseph was probably the youngest of the brothers, and was the first of the 30 to move away and the first to die--going to Woodbury (Southbury) early in 1686 and dying in 1687. He left an estate of £107 in Waterbury and £100 in Woodbury and only one son.

Samuel was a member of the first Company that visited Waterbury and worked steadily until his death building up the settlement. He was appointed Sergeant when the train-band was organized, or reorganized, after the resumption of the Colonial Government under the charter. "He was one of the leading men of the settlement and died at his post, at a critical time, when men of the right stamp could be poorly spared". The inventory of his estate was taken Feb. 28, 1694-5 amounting to £434.

He was generally known as Sergt. Hickox and lived on a 2 acre home lot between Joseph Hickox and Benjamin Barnes and where C. B. Merriman lived in 1857.

WILLIAM[1] (b in England ____) (d place and date unknown) m probably in England _____ (b in England) (d place and date unknown). They had at least 2 children, of which one was

SERGT. SAMUEL[2] (William[1]) (b before 1649) (d at Waterbury, Ct. Feb. 1694-5) m _____, Hannah, _____ (b _____) (d at Waterbury after 1695). They had 11 children, of whom the 2nd was

HANNAH[3] (Samuel[2] William[1]) (b at Farmington, Ct. 1671) (d at Waterbury July 17, 1750) m at Waterbury April 16, 1696, John, son of Thomas and Sarah (Steele) Judd (b at Farmington about 1670) (d at Waterbury 1717). They had 7 children, of whom the 6th was Dr. Benjamin.

WILLIAM HOADLEY OF BRANFORD, CT.

Reference: The Hoadley Genealogy: A History of the Descendants of William Hoadley of Branford, Conn. Francis Bacon Trowbridge. Private Print. New Haven, Ct. 1894. viii + 276 pp.

William Hoadley, known sometimes as Captain, was born in England about 1630, as he was recorded as 58 years old in Branford, Ct. in 1688. He first appears in American records as in Saybrook, Ct. in 1663. In 1666 he bought the homelot of Rev. Abraham Pierson of Branford, on the west side of the public green where the Totoket House stood in 1894. There he conducted a business as a merchant, his store being next to his dwelling house. He was propunded as a freeman of the Colony at the May session of the General Assembly May 13, 1669 and was admitted the following October. He was a Deputy for Branford at 9 session of the Assembly between 1678 and 1685. He was a selectman several years between 1673 and 1690 and frequently on committees to build the meeting house, procure a minister, etc., and evidently had considerable standing. He died December 1709, and his estate inventoried £1166 3s. 3p. and included a mulatto maid (£25) and an Indian boy (£4). He brought with him from England a handsome ivory headed silver mounted cane, which is now in possession of Milo Hoadley of San Francisco, Calif.

The name and time of death of the first wife are unknown, probably he married in England before coming to America. They had 8 children, according to a list taken Jan. 17, 1676 but the names of only 7 are known. He married in Branford in 1786 as 2nd wife Mary (d May 12, 1703), widow of John Farrington of Dedham, Mass., and daughter of William Bullard of Charlestown, Mass. He married again in Branford about 1704, Ruth, widow of John Frisbie and daughter of Rev. John and Bridget (Thompson) Bowers.

WILLIAM[1] (b in England about 1630) (d Dec. 1709) m probably in England _____ _____ (b _____) (d _____). m 2nd in Branford _____ 1686, Mary, widow of John Farrington and daughter of William Bullard (b probably at Charlestown, Mass. (b _____) (d at Branford, Ct. May 12, 1703) m 3rd at Branford about 1704, Ruth, widow of John Frisbie and daughter of Rev. John and Bridget (Thompson) Bowers (b at New Haven Dec. 20, 1657) (d at Branford Apr. 26, 1736). He had 8 children all by his 1st wife, of whom probably the 7th was

ABRAHAM[2] (William[1]) (b at Branford about 1677) (d at Branford, July 1748) m at Branford Jan. 14, 1697-8, Elizabeth, daughter of Capt. William and Hannah (_____) Maltby (b

at Branford Apr. 3, 1676) (d at Branford Dec. 14, 1747). He was sworn a freeman of Branford in 1702, was a farmer, and his "ear mark" was a half penny on the under side of each ear and a slit in the left ear. He had at least 4 children all born in Branford, of whom the eldest was

RACHAEL[3] (Abraham[2] William[1]) (b at Branford Aug. 31, 1701) (d at Branford Apr. 7, 1749) m at Branford Dec. 1, 1720, Noah, son of Joseph and Elizabeth (Sanford) Tuttle (b at East Haven, Ct. Oct. 12, 1694) (d at Branford 1757). They had 8 children, of whom the 2nd was Capt. Timothy.

WILLIAM HOPKINS OF STRATFORD, CT.

Reference: A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England. James Savage. Little Brown & Co. Boston. 1860. 4 Vols. Vol. 2. pp. 462-3.

Also: Lewis with Collateral Lines. Harriet S. (Lewis) Barnes. Private Print. Philadelphia, 1910. 73 pp.

William Hopkins was of Stratford, Ct. in 1640; was an Assistant in 1641 and 2; and was appointed Jan. 14, 1640, a Commissioner of the General Court at Hartford. His widow Mary married, date and place unknown but before 1644, Richard Whitehead as that year, she, as Mrs. Whitehead, entered into a contract with William Lewis Sr. concerning the marriage of her daughter Mary Hopkins and his son William. Richard Whitehead in his will gives his daughter-in-law, Mary Lewis, land and buildings in the County of Warwick, England, which "is known by the sign of the Crown and is or has been occupied by Thomas Miles and John Shakespeare".

WILLIAM[1] (b in England _____) (d at Stratford, Ct. before 1644) m in England _____, Mary, _____ (b in England _____) (d after Sept. 1670, as Mrs. Richard Whitehead). He had at least one daughter

MARY[2] (William[1]) (b probably in England about 1625) (d at Farmington, Ct. before Nov. 1671) m at Hartford, Ct. 1644, William, son of William and Felix (Collins) Lewis (b in Wales Aug. 19, 1620) (d at Farmington Aug. 18, 1690). They had at least 10 children, of whom the 8th was Ebenezer.

JOHN HOWLAND OF PLYMOUTH, MASS.

Reference: A Brief Genealogical and Biographical History of Arthur, Henry and John Howland, and their Descendants, etc. Franklyn Howland. Private Print. New Bedford, Mass. 1885. 463 pp.

John Howland was probably a brother of Arthur and Henry who came to America, and of George of the Parish of St. Dunston's in East London, and son of Humphrey Howland, a citizen and draper of London, whose will, proved July 10, 1646, left small legacies to each out of a debt due the said Humphrey Howland by "Mr. Ruck, of New England" (John Ruck of Salem, Mass.) and also mentions "my sister, Margaret Phillips".

Probably John Howland joined John Carver, who acted in London, during 1618 and 1620, as agent for the "Leyden Separatists" and spent much of his time in England, and especially in London, negotiating with the Merchant Adventurers, on the basis of Carver's defraying expenses of the journey, and receiving such services as Howland could render. Though mentioned as a servant of Carver, yet on the latter's death, Howland became head of his benefactor's household, and was the 13th signer of the Compact. The first mention of him is in Governor Bradford's journal of the voyage, when-

> "as they thus lay at hull in a mighty storme, a lustie yonge man (called John Howland), coming upon some occasion above ye grattings, was, with a seale of ye shippe, thrown into ye sea; but it pleased god yt he caught hold of ye tope-saile hallards which hunge overboard and rane out at length; yet he held his hould (though he was sundrie fadomes under water) till he was hald up by ye same rope to ye brime of ye water, and then with a boat hooke and other means got into ye shippe again, and his live was saved."

On Wednesday, Dec. 6th (05), the third and last exploring party set out, with its vicissitudes familiar to all students of Pilgrim History, as Bradford states: "with ten of their principall men and some seamen. The ten men were Capt. Standish, Master Carver, William Bradford, Edward Winslow, John Tilley, Edward Tilley, and John Howland (these being apparently from the Leyden Company); and then from London, Richard Warren, Steven Hopkins, and Edward Dotte" - - -

He married, probably late in 1623, or early in 1624, as the fifth or sixth marriage in the Colony, Elizabeth, daughter of John and Elizabeth Tilley, both of whom died in the first sickness "a little after they came ashore."

His house was on the north side of Leyden Street, and joined on the east side of the land assigned to Steven Hopkins and built in 1667, is still standing.

His history is too lengthy to report, but the ancient records of Plymouth Colony, handwriting of its Secretary, Nathaniel Morton, say:

> "The 23d of February, 1672, Mr. John Howland Senior, of the Towne of Plymouth deceased. Hee was a godly man and an ancient professor in the wayes of Christ; Hee lived until he attained above eighty years in the world. Hee was one of the first comers into this land, and proved a useful instrument of good in his place, and was the last man that was left of those that came in the ship called the May Flower that lived in Plymouth; He was with honor interred at the towne of Plymouth on the 25th of February, 1672."

Except for John Alden, he was the last of the adult male survivors of the Mayflower.

HUMPHREY[1] (b _____) (d at London about July 10, 1646) m _____ (b _____) (d _____). He had at least 4 sons, of whom 1 was

JOHN[2] (Humphrey[1]) (b in England 1592 or 3) (d at Plymouth, Mass., Feb. 23, 1672) m at Plymouth, 1623, or 1624, Elizabeth, daughter of John and Elizabeth Tilley (b in England or Holland 1606) (d at Plymouth, Dec. 21, 1687, in her 81st year.) They had 4 sons and 6 daughters. The 2nd daughter was

HOPE[3] (John[2] Humphrey[1]) (b at Plymouth Aug. 30, 1629) (d at Barnstable, Mass., Jan. 8, 1684) m at Plymouth about 1646, John, son of Thomas and _____ Chipman (b probably at Bryans Piddle, War, Dorchester, England about 1614) (d at Barnstable, Mass., Apr. 7, 1708). They had 3 sons and 9 daughters, of whom the 3rd child and 3rd daughter was Hope. After her death he married Ruth (Sargent) Winslow-Bourne.

THOMAS HUCKINS OF BARNSTABLE, MASS.

References: A Genealogical Directory of the First Settlers of New England, James Savage. Little Brown & Co. N. Y. 4 Vols. Vol. 2. 1860. p. 487.

Thomas Huckins was living in or near Boston, and of the artillery company in 1637. In 1639 he carried its standard. He was twice married, and, probably with his youngest son, was lost at sea, November 29, 1679, aged 62.

THOMAS[1] (b in England 1617) (d at sea Nov. 29, 1679) m at Barnstable, Mass., 1642, Mary Wells (b _____) (d at Barnstable July 28, 1648) m 2nd at Barnstable Nov. 3, 1648, Rose, widow of Hugh Hillier, who probably came to America as the latter's wife (b probably in England about 1618) (d at Barnstable 1687). He had 3 daughters by his 1st wife, and 3 sons and 1 daughter by the 2nd. The 1st son and 1st child by his second wife, was

JOHN[2] (Thomas[1]) (bapt. at Barnstable Aug. 5, 1649) (d at Barnstable, Nov. 10, 1678) m at Barnstable Aug. 10, 1670, Hope, daughter of John and Hope (Howland) Chipman (b at Barnstable Aug. 31, 1652) (d at Barnstable _____). They had four daughters, of whom the youngest was

HOPE[3] (John[2] Thomas[1]) (b at Barnstable May 10, 1677) (d at Middleboro, Mass. Dec. 7, 1782) m probably at Barnstable about 1700, Thomas, son of John and Lydia [(Bartlett) Barnaby] Nelson (b probably at Middleboro about 1677) (d at Middleboro _____). They had at least one child Elizabeth.

JOHN HUNTLEY OF LYME, CT.

Reference: New England Historical and Genealogical Register, Boston, July 1855. ix: 294 and Jan. 1870 xxiv: 31.

Also: Probate Records New London, Conn. Vol. E. pp. 284 and 660.

Also: Examination of Gravestones in the Old Church Burying Ground, East Lyme, Conn.

Also: A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England. James Savage. Little Brown & Co. Boston. 1860. 4 Vols. Vol. 3. pp. 504-5.

John Huntley was of Boston in 1652, and by his wife, Jane or Joan, had two children, Aaron and Moses, whose births are recorded. He moved to Roxbury, Mass. before 1659 and about 1661 to Lyme, Ct. and was there when that town was incorporated by separation from Saybrooke in 1666. There he had at least two more children, Elizabeth and Mary. His wife evidently died before 1669 because that year he married Mary Barnes and had by her Sarah and Alice.

His son, Aaron and Moses, both served in King Philip's War 1675 and received grants of land in volunteer's land, now Voluntown, near the Eastern edge of Connecticut. Among those who drew "Cedar Swamp Lots" was Aaron who drew number 50. His will dated Jan. 25, 1741, was exibited June 11, 1745, and he left an estate of about £900.

JOHN[1] (b probably in England about 1630) (d at Lyme, Ct. Nov. 16, 1676) m probably in England, Jane or Joan, _____ (b _____ about 1630) (d at Lyme before 1669) m 2nd at Lyme 1669, Mary, daughter of _____ and _____ Barnes (b _____) (d _____). By his 1st wife he had at least 4 children of whom one was

AARON[2] (John[1]) (b at Boston, Mass. Apr. 15, 1654 or 5) (d at Lyme, about June 1745) m at Chelmsford, Mass. Feb. 22, 1676, Marah, daughter of Thomas and Mary (_____) Chamberlain (b at Woburn, Mass. Jan. 30, 1649) (d at Lyme between 1691 and 1741). He had 8 children, of whom the 3rd was

AARON[3] (Aaron[2] John[1]) (b at Lyme Dec. 1, 1680) (d at Lyme _____ 1748) m at Lyme, Deborah, daughter of Stephen and Hannah (_____) de Wolf (b at Lyme 1690) (d at Lyme after 1748). They had 11 children of whom one was

DEBORAH[4] (Aaron[3] Aaron[2] John[1]) (b at Lyme Aug. 20, 1714) (d at

East Lyme Mar. 26, 1807) m at Lyme Mar. 27, 1732, Solomon Gee (b in Devonshire, England 1698) (d at East Lyme Apr. 13, 1769). They had 6 children, of whom the 3rd was William.

Incidentally John Huntley was an ancestor of the founder of Mormonism, the Prophet Joseph Smith, as was John Mack of Lyme, Ct. For the lives see Item John Mack.

RICHARD INGRAHAM OF REHOBOTH, MASS.

Reference: A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England. James Savage. Little Brown & Co. Boston. 4 Vols. Vol. 2. 1860. p. 523.

Also: Vital Records of Rehoboth 1642. 1896. James N. Arnold, Narragansett Hist. Pub. Co., Providence, R. I. 1897. xxxvii + 926 pp. p. 207.

Richard Ingraham was in Rehoboth in 1645; he moved to Northampton, Mass , where in 1668, he married his second wife, Joan, daughter of William Rockwell, and widow of Jeffery Baker, of Windsor. He died there Aug. 1683, and his second wife, by whom he had no children, died Sept. 16, 1684.

I have been able to find little further about him.

RICHARD[1] (b in England about 1600) (d at Northampton, Mass, Aug. 1683) m 1st _____ (b _____) (d before 1667). m 2nd at Northampton 1668, Joan, daughter of William Rockwell, and widow of Jeffery Baker, of Windsor, Conn. (b _____) (d _____ at Northampton, Mass. Sept. 16, 1684). He had at least 2 daughters by his 1st wife, of whom 1 was

ELIZABETH[2] (Richard[1]) (b in England about 1625) (d at Rehoboth Jan. 7, 1659) m at Rehoboth Aug. 4, 1647, Richard Bullock (b probably in England about 1623) (d at Rehoboth 1667). They had 1 son and 5 daughters, the 2nd child being Elizabeth.

DEACON THOMAS JUDD OF FARMINGTON, CT.

Reference: Thomas Judd and his Descendants. Sylvester Judd. J. L. Metcalf. Northampton, Mass. 1856. 112 pp.

Also: The History of Waterbury, Connecticut. Henry Bronson. Bronson Bros. Waterbury. 1858. Vol. III. 538 pp. 155-165.

Thomas Judd came from England, part yet unknown, in 1633 or 4, and settled in Cambridge, Mass. His homelot there granted him in 1634 was of four acres in the "West End" of Cambridge on the northeast side of the highway to Watertown. His name is on the list of those who had homes in Cambridge in February, 1636. He was admitted Freeman of the Colony May 25, 1636. Later that year he moved to Hartford, Ct. where he was one of the founders, and his name is on the Central Monument to the Founders of Hartford erected in 1837 in the ancient cemetery there. His homelot there was on the south side of the "Willys Homelot", which is distinguished by the famous Charter Oak. In, apparently, 1644 he moved to Farmington, Ct., where his homelot was the third lot from the north end of the main street, on both sides of the street, and extended to the Farmington River. He was a substantial farmer and influential man, being one of two of the first Deputies sent by Farmington to the General Court in 1647 and for sixteen other General Courts until 1679. For many years and until his death he was a Deacon of the church and is usually referred to as Deacon Thomas Judd. His first wife Ann _____ he married in England. She died probably in 1678. During that year Thomas Mason of Northampton, Mass. died leaving a widow, Clemence, a good estate, and no children. Deacon Judd married her as his second wife Dec. 2, 1679 and moved to Northampton where he died Nov. 12, 1688. They had no children and she died Nov. 22, 1696.

In march, 1662 the General Court granted him 200 acres, doubtless for some public services, which had to be located twice on account of the first selection having been found to be inside the boundaries of Wallingford, Ct. He was one of the eighty-four proprietors of Farmington as were also five of his sons. Among these proprietors there was decided by agreement Jan. 8, 1673, six or seven townships as at present constituted.

THOMAS[1] (b in England about 1610) (d at Northampton, Mass. Nov. 12, 1688) m probably in England, about 1634, Ann ____ (b in England about 1613) (d at Farmington, Ct. about 1678) and m 2nd at Northampton Dec. 2, 1679, Clemence,

widow of Thomas Mason of Northampton (b ___) (d at Northampton Nov. 22, 1696). He had, all by his 1st wife, 6 sons and 3 daughters of whom the 3rd child was

LIEUT. THOMAS[2] (Thomas[1]) (b in Hartford about 1638) (d at Farmington Jan. 18, 1703) m at Farmington 1658, Sarah daughter of John and Rachel Steele (b at Hartford, Ct. 1638) (d at Waterbury, Ct. May 22, 1695). He was one of the first planters of Mattatuck or Waterbury, was one of the town proprietors, and was the first Deputy sent from that town to the General Court May, 1689 and also to one or both sessions thereafter until 1703. Often his fellow deputy from the town was his nephew Deacon Thomas Judd, and his brother Lieut. John Judd represented Farmington. He was an Ensign in 1685, a Lieutenant and chief officer from 1696 until his decease, there being no Captain until after his death. He was also the First Commissioner for Waterbury from 1690 to 1698 and a Justice of the Peace from 1699 to 1703. He died Jan. 18, 1703 leaving an estate inventorying £407 and, as his father before him and all his brothers, no will. He had at least 2 sons and 1 daughter, of whom one was

JOHN[3] (Thomas[2] Thomas[1]) (b at Farmington about 1670) (d at Waterbury 1717) m probably at Waterbury Apr. 16, 1696, Hannah, daughter of Samuel and Hannah (___) Hickok (b at Farmington 1671 (d at Waterbury July 17, 1750). The inventory of his estate amounting to £305 was dated Jan. 3, 1718. They had 6 sons and 1 daughter, all born in Waterbury, of whom the 6th child and 5th son was

DR. BENJAMIN[4] (John[3] Thomas[2] Thomas[1]) (b at Waterbury Aug. 28, 1710) (d probably in Harwinton, Ct. ___) m at Simsbury, Ct. Jan. 8, 1739, Abigail, daughter of Gillett and Abigail (Bacon) Adams of Simsbury, Ct. (b at Simsbury June 4, 1716) (d at Harwinton Nov. 3, 1775). He may have had a 2nd wife Annice ____, and a 3rd wife, ____ Alvord. He was a physician and lived first at Waterbury and afterward Harwinton. He had at least 4 sons and 1 daughter of whom the 2nd child and son (by his 1st wife) was

THOMAS[5] (Benjamin[4] John[3] Thomas[2] Thomas[1]) (b at Harwinton Aug. 12, 1743) (d at Harwinton before 1800) m probably at Torrington, Ct. 1765, Mary, daughter of Thomas and Submit (Bishop) Alvord (b at Middletown, Ct. Oct. 17, 1744) (d _____). The had 5 sons and 5 daughters, Joel, Alexander, Itha, Arza, Orra, Margaret, Polly, Levi, Content, and Fanny, of whom one was

JOEL[6] (Thomas[5] Benjamin[4] John[3] Thomas[2] Thomas[1]) (b at Torrington June 14, 1777) (d at Westport, Leeds County,

Ontario, Can. 1850 or 1851) m at _____ 1798, Phebe, daughter of William and Amity (Aldridge) Smith of Smithfield, R. I. (b at Smithfield, R. I. July 15, 1781) (d at Westport, Can. Oct. 4, 1844). They lived near Crown Point, Essex Co. N. Y. in 1812 and moved to Leeds Co. Ontario, Canada before 1820. They, with a good many other Judds, are buried in the Lillie Schoolhouse graveyard Athens, Leeds Co. Ontario. They had 18 children, of whom 9 reached adolescence, 5 sons and 4 daughters, viz; Thomas Alford, William Riley, Evi, Adaline, Benjamin, Nelson Horatio, Florilla, Sophia and Smith. One was

LIEUT. THOMAS ALFORD[7] (Joel[6] Thomas[5] Benjamin[4] John [3]Thomas[2] Thomas[1]) (b at Crown Point, N. Y. Apr. 19, 1802) (d at Salt Lake City, Utah May 2, 1886) m at North Crossby, Westport, Leeds County, Ontario Dec. 27, 1830, Teresa, daughter of George Washington and Margaret (Gay) Haistings (b at Turin, Lewis County, N. Y., Oct. 3, 1812) (d at Salt Lake City, Feb 20, 1881. He also married in Salt Lake City early in 1857 Christina Anderson, marriage being annulled June 15, 1857. No issue resulted and Christina soon married again and had a number of children. In 1838 they sold their farm in Canada, moved to New York State, and went with the Mormons to Springfield, Ill. (1845) and on to Salt Lake City in 1849.

He had 3 sons and 3 daughters of whom the 5th child and 2nd son was .

GEORGE THOMAS[8] (Thomas Alford[7] Joel[6] Thomas[5] Benjamin[4] John[3] Thomas[2] Thomas[1]) (b at Springfield, Ill. Jan. 1, 1845) (d at San Francisco, Calif., Feb. ___1920) m at Salt Lake City Dec. 20, 1869, Adelaide Eliza, daughter of Elam and Susan Eliza (Gee) Luddington (b at Salt Lake City June 3, 1852) (d at Laketown, Utah Dec. 25, 1889). He m 2nd at Laketown Aug. 1895 Mrs. Mary (Moffatt) Eldredge (___) (___) by whom he had no other children and from whom he was divorced July, 1903. He had 2 sons and 3 daughters of whom the 4th child and 2nd daughter was

IDA[9] (George Thomas[8] Thomas Alford[7] Joel[6] Thomas[5] Benjamin[4] John[3] Thomas[2] Thomas[1]) (b at Laketown, Utah May 21, 1877) (d ____) m 1st at Farmington, Utah Aug. 19, 1902 Thomas Willard Heywood (b___) (d July 10, 1908) from whom divorced March, 1907, no issue; m 2nd at Los Angeles, Calif. Mar. 22, 1907 Sidney Hiller (b_____) (d ____) from whom divorced Sept. 23, 1910; m 3rd at Los Angeles, Oct. 4, 1911 Harry Thomas, son of Thomas and

Carrie (Stoney) Cory (b at Montmorenci, Ind. May 27, 1870) (d_____). They had 3 children

1. Thomas Judd Cory (b San Francisco, Calif. June 15, 1914) (d) m at Glendale, Calif. July 12, 1936, Alice Eleanor, daughter of Roy and Alice Emma (Ramsdell) Adamson (b at Omaha, Neb. Feb. 28, 1914) (d_____)

2. Clarence Richard Cory (b San Francisco May 1, 1916 (d San Francisco Nov. 13, 1920).

3. John Harry Cory (b San Francisco May 1, 1916) (d at El Centro, Calif. June 18, 1937)

CLEMENT KING OF MARSHFIELD, MASS.

Reference: King Genealogy. Clement King of Marshfield, Mass. and his Descendants. G. A. Morrison Jr. J. Munsell's Sons. Albany, N. Y. 1898. 65 pp.

Clement King first appears as constable of Marshfield, Mass. in 1668 and 1670, but the records of that town fail to disclose whence he came or to which of the several King families then in the Plymouth Colony he was akin. He was admitted freeman of Marshfield, June 6, 1682. Phillip King was admitted freeman that same day and, as both named their eldest sons John, it is probably the two men were brothers and brothers of John King. Of Weymouth, Mass., who by a wife Esther, had children there from June 29, 1655 to Oct. 4, 1668. Savage says of this John that probably he was a son, born in England, of an elder John of Weymouth who had Mary, born June 15, 1639 and Abigail, born Mar. 14, 1641 and whose second or third wife made her will June 14, 1652 in which she referred to her son Joseph Barker and her daughter Sarah Hunt. The younger John was probably the officer in the Indian War, 1691, mentioned by Niles in his History, 3 Mass. Hist. Coll. Vol. VI. p. 227.

Clement King was a member of the 4th Company or Train Band of Providence, R. I. Jan. 1686. There he bought land at Pawtucket, on the west bank of the Panchassett River, from Ephriam Carpenter May 20, 1687. His wife Elizabeth, family name unknown, married again Nov. 12, 1694 at Providence, Rev. Thomas Barnes, Pastor of the Second Church at Swansea, Mass., and died in 1708. Consequently, Clement King died about or before 1693.

CLEMENT[1] (b probably at Weymouth, Mass. about 1635) (d at Providence, R. I. about 1693) m at _____ about 1660, Elizabeth, daughter of _____ and _____ (b at _____) (d at Swansea, Mass. 1708 as the widow of Rev. Thomas Barnes). He had at least 4 sons and 3 daughters, probably the youngest being

_____[2] (Clement[1]) (b at Providence about 1670) (d at Smithfield, R. I. about 1720) m at Providence about 1689, Richard, son of Thomas and Elethan (Tew) Harris (b at _____ Oct. 14, 1668) (d at Smithfield R. I. 1750). They had 6 sons and 3 daughters, the 7th child and 2nd daughter being Amity.

REV. HENRY KINNE OF SALEM, MASS.

Reference: History and Genealogy of a Branch of the Family of Kinne. Emerson Kinne. Masters & Stone. Syracuse, N. Y. 1881. 96 pp.

Henry Kinne was born in Norfolk, England in 1624, the son of Sir Thomas Kinne who had been knighted for some service. He evidently joined the Puritan group in Holland and came thence to Salem when he was about thirty years old, and settled on a farm then in 1653. He was employed to some extent in Ecclesiastical work. Little further significant is known of him.

HENRY[1] (b at Norfolk, England 1624) (d at Salem, Mass. 1712) m in England about 1645, Ann, daughter of _____ and _____ (b in England about 1625) (d at Salem _____). They had 3 sons and 5 daughters, of whom one son was

HENRY[2] (Henry[1]) (b at Salem May, 1, 1669) (d at Salem about _____) m at Iover, Mass. May 14, 1691, Priscilla, daughter of Philip and _____ (_____) Lewis (b at Portsmouth, Mass. about 1671) (d at Salem about _____). They had __ sons and __ daughters, one being

PRISCILLA[3] (Henry[2] Henry[1]) (b at Salem Oct. 29, 1696) (d at Smithfield, R. I. 1751) m at Salem Sept. 6, 1716, Peter, son of Samuel and Jane (_____) Aldrich (b at _____ about 1688) (d at Smithfield May 22, 1762). They had several children, one being Sylvanus.

JOHN LANE OF MILFORD, CT.

Reference: Lane Genealogies. James H. Fitts. News Letter Press. Exeter, N. H. 1897. 3 Vols. Vol. 1. 296 pp. Vol. 2. 299 pp. Vol. 3 xxx + 439 pp.

Also: Descendants of William and Elizabeth Tuttle (or Tuttel) George F. Tuttle. Tuttle and Co. Rutland, Vt. 1883. quarto lx + 754 pp.

No information is yet available as to the part of England from which John Lane came, the date of his birth, the name of his first wife or the date of his coming to America. The first record of him in this country is his being admitted freeman at the General Meeting held in Hartford, Ct. May 11, 1665.

He was probably a son or a nephew of George Lane of Rickmansworth, Hertfordshire, England, whose son James came to Malden, Mass. before 1650 and had a wife Katherine. This George Lane was the son of Thomas and grandson of Robert Lane "husbandman" of Rickmansworth, who is described on the Subsidy Roll of 1524 and 1525, and whose will, dated July 4, 1542, was proved June 11, 1543. In this will he directs that he be buried in the "churche yerd of our blessed lady yn Richmansworthe".

John Lane, on Apr. 2, 1662, at Milford, Ct. married as his second wife a widow, Mary _____ Camp that lived at Chestnut Hill in New Haven, Ct. and who died in 1680. John died in 1669 and his estate inventoried £441:15:1. He had at least 7 children.

JOHN[1] (b in England about 1615) (d at Milford, Ct. 1669) m 1st _____ (b _____) (d _____ and m 2nd at Milford, Apr. 2, 1662, Mary, _____ Camp (b _____) (d at Milford 1680). He had at least 7 children of whom probably the eldest was

ELIZABETH[2] (John[1]) (b about 1633) (d _____) m at _____ Nov. 8, 1653, John, son of William and Elizabeth (____) Tuttle (b in England 1631) (d at New Haven, Ct. Nov. 12, 1683). They had 10 children, of whom the 3rd was Samuel.

THOMAS LEE OF LYME, CT.

Reference: Family Histories and Genealogies. E. E. and R. McC. Salisbury. Private Print. 1892. 4 Vols. Vol. 3. pp: 1-76.

Thomas Lee started to this country from some place in England as yet unknown, in 1641 in company with his father-in-law, Chad Brown. On the passage over, Thomas died of small pox and was buried at sea. His widow and three children, one son and two daughters, lived with her father in Saybrook, Ct. until she married Greenfield Larabee of Saybrook. On his death she married again, Mr. Cornish of Simsbury, Ct.

The son, Thomas Jr., evidently inherited a goodly sum as he became the second largest landowner in Lyme and a leading citizen. He was Ensign of the Lyme Train band in 1701, later a Lieutenant, and in 1676 a Representative.

There seems to be little doubt but that the Thomas Lee who died at sea was a first cousin of the Col. Richard Lee who came to Virginia in same year of 1641 and was the progenitor of the famous Lee clan of Virginia, including Gen. Robert E. Lee.

THOMAS LEE[1] (b in England about 1612) (d at sea 1641) m at _____ about 1635, Phoebe, daughter of Henry and _____ (_____) Brown (b in England about 1812) (d at Saybrook, Ct. after 1658). They had 3 children of whom one was

LIEUT. THOMAS[2] (Thomas[1]) (b in England about 1638) (d at Lyme, Ct. before Feb. 1704) m 1st Sarah Kirtland (b _____) (d May 21, 1676) m 2nd at Lyme July 13, 1676, Mary, daughter of Balthasar and Alice de Wolf (b probably at Hartford, Ct. about 1656) (d at Lyme after 1719). His widow outlived him and married 2nd at Lyme May 30, 1705, Matthew Griswold. Lieut. Thomas and Mary had 11 children of whom the 3rd was

MARAH OR MARY[3] (Thomas[2] Thomas[1]) (b at Lyme about 1679) (d 1759) m 1st at Lyme May 18, 1699, Joseph, son of Joseph and Susannah (_____) Beckwith (b at Lyme Apr. 15, 1679) (d at East Lyme, Ct. Aug. 9, 1741) m 2nd May 16, 1745, Capt. Daniel Sterling and 3rd _____ Capt. Riggs of Derby, Ct. By her 1st husband she had 11 children, of whom the eldest was Joseph.

The lines of descent for Ida Judd Cory and Gen. Robert E. Lee are as follows:

1.
2.
3. Col. Richard Lee
4. Richard Lee
5. Henry Lee
6. Henry Lee
7. Henry (Light-horse Harry) Lee
8. Gen. Robert E. Lee

1.
2.
3. Thomas Lee
4. Thomas Lee
5. Marah Lee
   m Joseph Beckwith 2nd
6. Joseph Beckwith 3rd
7. Zenas Beckwith
8. Esther Beckwith
   m Zephar Gee
9. Solomon Gee
10. Susan Eliza Gee
    m Lt. Elam Luddington
11. Adelaide Luddington
    m George Thomas Judd
12. Ida Judd
    m H. T. Cory
13. Cory Boys

Thus Gen. Robert. E. Lee and Ida Judd are 6th cousins 4th removed.

PHILIP LEWIS OF PORTSMOUTH, MASS.

Reference: A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England. Little Brown & Co. Boston, 1860. 4 Vols. Vol. 3. p. 88.

Philip Lewis was in Portsmouth, Mass. in 1665 probably removing to Dover in 1672. He was a representative at the first assembly under the Provincial Government in 1680. The name of his wife is yet unknown as are the dates and places of his birth and death. His will is dated Nov. 1, 1700.

PHILIP[1] (b probably in England about 1635) (d at Dover, Mass. after Nov. 1, 1700) m at _____ about 1660, _____, daughter of _____ and _____ (_____) _____ (b at _____ about 1640) (d at _____). They had several children, one being

PRISCILLA[2] (Philip[1]) (b at Portsmouth, Mass. about 1671) (d at Salem (?) about _____) m at Dover May 14, 1691, Henry, son of Henry and Ann (_____) Kinne (b at Salem, Mass. May 1, 1669) (d at _____). They had __ sons and __ daughters, one being Priscilla.

WILLIAM LEWIS OF CAMBRIDGE, MASS AND FARMINGTON, CT.

Reference: Lewis with Collateral Lines. Hariet S. (Lewis) Barnes. Private Print. Philadelphia. 1910. 73 pp.

Also: History of Wallingford, Connecticut, Charles H. S. Davis. Published by the author. Meriden, Ct. 1870. VIII + 956 pp. p. 842.

Also: Book XVIII of the Genealogy of the Lewis Family. S. D. Lewis. Moulton. Buffalo N. Y. 1891. 66 pp.

William Lewis is thought to have been the first son of William and Sarah (Cathcart)Lewis of Penoath, Wales. There is some doubt of this fact, however, so that any interested in the line back to Rhys Sais (A.D. 1000 to 1100) Lord of Chiik, Wales are referred to Mrs. H. S. L. Barnes' Book noted as first reference. He married Feb. 7, 1618, Felix, daughter of Walter and Felicia (Bandrib) Collins of Cardiff, Glamorganshire. He moved to Stanstead, County Essex, England in 1623 with his wife and only son William and sailed from England on the "Lion", Captain Mason, June 27, 1632, for Boston where they arrived Sept. 16. He was admitted freeman Nov. 6, 1632, and was a member of the Braintree Company which located at Cambridge, Mass. in Aug. 1633. In 1635 he lived where the northwest corner of Winthrop and Holyoke Street is now. In May, 1636, he joined with Rev. Mr. Thomas Hooker in settling Hartford, Ct. where he was one of the original proprietors, holding land in 1639 and being a selectman in 1641. In 1649 he returned to England (probably Wales) and brought back with him to America his sister, Mrs. Ann Stanes, whose husband came over in 1642.

In 1659 he was one of 59 as was also his son, William, to sign the Hadley, Mass. agreement and settled there. In 1662 he was a Representative from there and in 1664 and 1665 a Representative from Northampton, Mass. He died at Farmington Ct. and his will was probated Aug. 30, 1683, his estate inventoring £280. Both he and his son are buried in the Old Colonial Burying Ground at Farmington.

His only son William was born in Wales August 19, 1620, and was thus 12 years old when the family came to America. At Hartford in 1644 he married Mary, daughter of William Hopkins. He was one of the first settlers of Farmington, nine miles West of Hartford, Sept. 14, 1644. There he was the first Recorder, Lieutenant and later Captain of its military company. In 1657 the Indians burned his and Francis Browne's houses and for this the Indians pledged themselves to make

an annual payment to the court for seven years of the full sum of "eighty fathoms of wampum". He died Aug. 18, 1890, leaving an estate of £1925:19:0.

WILLIAM[1] (B probably at Penoath, Wales Jan. 3, 1594) (d at Farmington, Ct. before Aug. 30, 1683) m at Cardiff, Glamorganshire, Wales, Feb. 7, 1618, Felix, daughter of Walter and Felicia (Bantrib) Collyns (b probably at Cardiff about 1600) (d at Hadley, Mass. Apr. 17, 1671). They had only one son

CAPTAIN WILLIAM[2] (William[1]) (b in Wales Aug. 19, 1620) (d at Farmington Aug. 18, 1690) m 1st at Hartford, Ct. 1644, Mary, daughter of William and Mary (_____) Hopkins (b probably in England about 1625) (d at Farmington between July, 1667 and Nov. 1671) m 2nd at Farmington Nov. 22, 1671, Mary, daughter of Ezekiel Chiever (b Nov. 29, 1640) (d as Mrs. Deacon Thomas Bull after 1692). He had 16 children, of whom 13 outlived him, 10 by his 1st wife and 3 by the 2nd. The 8th child was

EBENEZER[3] (William[2] William[1]) (b at Farmington about 1660) (d at Wallingford, Ct. 1709) m at Wallingford Dec. 2, 1685, Elizabeth, daughter of Capt. Nathaniel and Joane (_____) Merriman (b _____ 1657) (d at Wallingford _____). He had 9 children, of whom the youngest was

ACCAPE[4] (Ebenezer[3] William[2] William[1]) (b at Wallingford Jan. 10, 1705) (d at Bethlehem, Ct. Aug. 19, 1784) m at Wallingford July 10, 1728, as his 2nd wife, Jonathan, son of John and Mary (Evarts) Hunger (b at Guilford, Ct. Apr. 14, 1697) (d at Woodbury, Ct. Mar. 15, 1750). She had 8 children, her 5th being Joel.

HERRMAN LONG OF LEBANON, PA.

Reference: Patent Book "A" Vol. 9. p. 216 of Office of Internal Affairs of Pennsylvania, in Harrisburg, Pa.

Also: Book "E" p. 467 of Recorder of Deeds, for Lancaster County, Pa.

Herrman Long and wife Ann, received patent June 5, 1746, to 450 acres in Lebanon Township, Dauphin (now Lebanon) County, Pennsylvania, as set forth in the first reference hereinabove. This land adjoins 610 acres, patented Nov. 30, 1759, by Henrich Xanders. He probably came to America shortly before and as he settled by Henrich Xanders, was likely a Moravian. Little else is known of him as yet.

HERRMAN[1] (b _____) (d _____) m _____ Ann _____ (b _____) (d _____). They had several children, of whom one was

MARIA[2] (Herrman[1]) (b probably near Lebanon, Pa., Nov. 5, 1720) (d near Lebanon, July 20, 1804) m about 1736, Heinrich Xander, (b in Switzerland Nov. 16, 1703) (d near Lebanon Oct. 17, 1772). They had at least 5 children, of whom one was Jacob.

WILLIAM LUDDINGTON OF MALDEN, MASS. AND EAST HAVEN, CT.

Reference: William Luddington of Malden, Mass., and East Haven, Conn., and his Descendants, James Shepard. New England Historical and Genealogical Register. Jan. 1904. Vol. 58, pp. 72-88.

Also: Colonel Henry Ludington, a memoir. Willis F. Johnson. Lavinia E. and Charles H. Luddington. New York. 1907. ix + 235 pp.

Also: The Luddington Family, the First of the Name in America. Lewis S. Patrick. Independent Press. Marinette, Wis. 1886. 4 pp.

The first mention in this country of William Luddington is in the records of Charlestown, Mass., when under date of May 13, 1640 is the report of a former order forbidding the erection of houses more than a half mile from the meeting house and remitting to William Luddington the penalty for having disobeyed the original decree. He therefore had settled in the outskirts of Charlestown, on the north side of the Mystic River, in what was later called Malden, as early as 1639. He remained at Charlestown a little over twenty years and was a considerable land owner, a weaver, and obviously an important member of the community.

In 1660 he was a juror in Malden but early in that year moved to East Haven and became interested in the iron works which had been established in 1655 at that place, the first iron works in Connecticut. There he died before Oct. 1661. The inventory of his estate filed at New Haven March 3, 1662-3 totaled £183:10:0.

WILLIAM[1] (b in England 1608) (d at East Haven, Ct. 1661) m probably in England 1635, Ellen _____ (b in England 1617) (d at East Haven _____ as the wife of John Rose). He had at least 5 sons and 2 daughters, the 6th child being

WILLIAM[2] (William[1]) (b at Malden, Mass. about 1655) (d at East Haven Feb. 1737) m Martha, daughter of John and Phebe Rose, his step sister (b _____) (d at East Haven about 1689) m 2nd at Branford, Ct. June 1690, Martha or Mercy, daughter of John and Martha (Bradfield) Whitehead (b at Branford Jan. 10, 1667-8) (d at east Haven Nov. 23, 1743). He had 2 sons and 1 daughter by his first wife and 2 sons and 6 daughters by his second. His 8th child and 3rd son was

ELIPHALET[3] (William[2] William[1]) (b at East Haven Apr. 28, 1697) (d at East Haven Jan. 26, 1761) m at East Haven Aug. 20, 1720, Abigail, daughter of Daniel and Abigail (Thompson) Collins (b at East Haven Sept. 14, 1700) (d at East Haven Dec. 12, 1790). They had 5 sons and 5 daughters the oldest child being

JESSE[4] (Eliphalet[3] William[2] William[1]) (b at East Haven 1722) (d at East Haven of dropsy Feb. 8, 1799, aged 77 years) m at New Haven about 1749, Mehitable, daughter of John and Martha (Tuttle) Smith (b at New Haven Apr. 17, 1726) (d at East Haven of consumption Oct. 19, 1793). They had 4 sons and 3 daughters, of whom the 2nd child and oldest son was

ELAM[5] (Jesse[4] Eliphalet[3] William[2] William[1]) (b at East Haven 1754) (d at East Haven of cholera Oct. 1, 1784, aged 30 years) m at Derby, Ct. Dec. 8, 1774, Rachel, daughter of Capt. Timothy and Anne (Washburne) Tuttle (b at Derby about 1754) (d at East Haven as Mrs. David Burnham after Aug. 1824). They had 2 sons and 3 daughters, the 2nd child and 2nd son being

ELAM[6] (Elam[5] Jesse[4] Eliphalet[3] William[2] William[1]) (b at East Haven Nov. 2, 1777) (d at Bethlehem, Ct. June 25, 1846) m at Bethlehem about 1803, Sena (Asenath), daughter of Joel and Lorain _____ Munger (b at Bethlehem Jan. 15, 1777) (d at Bethlehem Feb. 23, 1819) m 2nd about 1821, Jerusha Hard (b _____ 1783) (d at Bethlehem Mar. 31, 1833, aged 50 years) m 3rd about 1836, Emeline _____ (b _____) (d after Aug. 1846). He had 2 sons and 4 daughters by his first wife, 1 son by his second and 1 daughter by his third. His 2nd child and 2nd son was

LIEUT. ELAM[7] (Elam[6] Elam[5] Jesse[4] Eliphalet[3] William[2] William[1]) (b at Harrington, Ct. Nov. 23, 1806) (d at Salt Lake City, Utah Mar. 3, (22) 1893) m at New Orleans, La. May 16, 1841, Mary Elizabeth, daughter of Sandford and Jane (_____) Clark (b at Cincinnati, O. July 24, 1824) (d at St. Joseph, Mo. Jan. 24, 1851) m 2nd at Salt Lake City Dec. 4, 1849, Susan Eliza, daughter of Salmon and Sarah (Crane) Gee (b at Rome, Ashtabula Co. Ohio Jan. 31, 1828) (d at Salt Lake City Aug. 2, 1861) m 3rd at Salt Lake Dec. 12, 1862, Charlotte, daughter of Jaques and Jeanne Buvelot (b in Levery Canton, Switzerland Dec. 15, 1806) (d at Salt Lake _____). He had 3 sons and 3 daughters by his first wife and 2 sons and 2 daughters by his second. His 8th child (by his 2nd wife) was

ADELAIDE ELIZA[8] (Elam[7] Elam[6] Elam[5] Jesse[4] Eliphalet[3] William[2]

William[1]) (b at Salt Lake June 3, 1852) (d at Meadowville, Utah Dec. 25, 1889) m at Salt Lake Dec. 30, 1869, George Thomas, son of Thomas Alfred and Teresa (Hastings) Judd (b at Springfield, Ill. Jan. 1, 1845) (d at San Francisco Feb. 13, 1920). They had 2 sons and 3 daughters, the 4th child and 2nd daughter being Ida.

JOHN MACK OF LYME, CT.

Reference: The Descendants of John Mack of Lyme, Ct. Sophia (Smith) Martin. Tuttle and Co. Rutland, Vt. 1903-1904. 2 Vols. Vol.1. 923 pp. Vol. 2. 924-1788 pp.

John Mack is said to have emigrated to America probably from Inverness, Scotland, in 1669. He was born Mar. 6, 1653 and married in Boston Apr. 5, 1681, Sarah Bagley, daughter of Orlando and Sarah (Colby) Bagley. They had 12 children, of whom the first was born at Salisbury, Mass. Apr. 29, 1682 and the last eight at Lyme, New London Co., Ct. from 1693 to 1711. Lyme was established in 1677. He died at Lyme Feb. 24, 1721 and left an estate of £305:13:11. The date of his widow's death is still unknown.

JOHN[1] (b probably in Inverness, Scotland Mar. 6, 1653) (d at Lyme, Ct. Feb. 24, 1721) m at Boston, Mass. Apr. 5, 1681, Sarah, daughter of Orlando and Sarah (Colby) Bagley (b at _____ Mar. 2, 1663) (d after 1721). They had 12 children of whom one was

JOHN[2] (John[1]) (b at Salisbury, Mass. Apr. 29, 1682) (d at Lyme May 29, 1734) m at Lyme Jan. 13, 1704, Love, daughter of Henry and Sarah (Champion) Bennett (b at Saybrook, or Lyme, Ct. Mar. 19, 1685) (d at Lyme Jan. 25, 1732) m 2nd May 4, 1733, Mrs. Abigail Dunsill. He had 12 children by his 1st wife and 1 by the 2nd. The 5th child was

EBENEZER[3] (John[2] John[1]) (b at Lyme Feb. 24, 1715) (d at East Lyme, Ct. May 8, 1792) m at _____ Dec. 23, 1736, Abigail Davis (b 1711) (d at East Lyme Mar. 9, 1788). He was an elder and as such was pastor of the First Baptist Church of East Lyme from Jan. 12, 1749 for 16 years. He had 8 children of whom the 2nd was

ABIGAIL[4] (Ebenezer[3] John[2] John[1]) (b at Lyme Mar. 14, 1740) (d at East Lyme Mar. 13, 1838) m at Lyme Jan. 1, 1761, William, son of Solomon and Deborah (Huntley) Gee (b Apr. 5, 1739) (d at East Lyme Sept. 6, 1817). They had 6 children of whom the 2nd was Zophar.

Incidentally the founder of Mormonism, the Prophet Joseph Smith, was also a descendant of John Mack and also of John Huntley of Lyme, Ct. The lines are:

1. John Mack m Sarah Bagley	1. John Mack m Sarah Bagley
2. Ebenezer Mack m Hannah Huntley	2. Ebenezer Mack m Hannah Huntl

1. John Huntley m Jane _____
1. Aaron Huntley m Marah Chamberlain
2. Hannah Huntley m Ebenezer Mack
3. Solomon Mack m Lydia Gates
4. Lucy Mack m Joseph Smith
5. Joseph Smith the Prophet

3. Ebenezer Mack m Abigail Davi
4. Abigail Mack m William Gee
5. Zophar Gee m Esther Beckwith
6. Solomon Gee m Susan Crane
7. Susan E. Gee m Elam Luddingt
8. Adelaide Luddington m Geo. J
9. Ida Judd m H. T. Cory
10. The Cory Boys, Thomas, Clare and John

WILLIAM MALTBY OF BRANFORD, CT.

Reference: Early Maltby with some Roades History and that of the Maulsby Family in America. Private Print. Ella K. Barnard. Baltimore. 1909. ii + 389 pp.

Also: Family Record of the Maltby-Morehouse Family. G. L. (Morehouse) Maltby. Private Print. New Haven, Ct. 1895. 157 pp.

Captain William Maltby was born 1645 and with his brother John emigrated to New England about 1666, William settling at Branford, Ct. in 1667 and John in New Haven, Ct. The latter, who was lost at sea in 1676, had a prefix of respect and was probably an estimable man. William was in 1673 Cornett of the New Haven Troop. He married first probably in England, Hannah, and second Abigail, daughter of Deputy Gov. James Bishop of New Haven. He was a man of note in Branford, being magistrate and repeatedly Representative at the General Court.

WILLIAM[1] (b in England about 1645) (d at Branford, Ct. Sept. 1, 1710) m 1st probably in England Hannah _____ (b probably in England about 1646) (d at Branford before 1679) m 2nd probably at Branford about 1679, Abigail, daughter of Dep. Gov. James Bishop (b at New Haven Oct. 31, 1659) (d at Branford Oct. 24, 1710). He had 8 children of whom the 5th, who was by his 1st wife, was

ELIZABETH[2] (William[1]) (b at Branford Apr. 30, 1676) (d in Branford Dec. 14, 1747) m at Branford Mar. 14, 1697, Abraham, son of Capt. William and _____ (_____) Hoadley (b at Branford about 1678) (d at Branford July 1748). They had at least 4 children the eldest being Rachel.

DEACON THOMAS MARRET OF CAMBRIDGE, MASS.

Reference: A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England. James Savage. Little John and Co. Boston, Mass. 1860. 4 Vols. Vol. 3. p. 153.

Thomas Marrett came from England before 1635 with his wife Susanna, a son, and two daughters, one of whom was Abigail. He was made a freeman Mar. 3, 1636 and died June 3, 1664, aged 75. His will, made Oct. 15, 1663, mentions his aged wife, four living children, and several grandchildren. His widow died Feb. 23, 1665.

His name is spelled Marryott in the Colonial Records, but in the town record slightly changed from the Marrett, adopted by Savage because it is the uniform spelling of the church records.

THOMAS[1] (b in England 1589) (d at Cambridge, Mass. June 3, 1664) m in England about 1625, Susanna, daughter of ____ and _____ (b in England about 1600) (d at Cambridge Feb. 23, 1665). They had at least 5 children, of whom at least 4 were daughters, one being

ABIGAIL[2] (Thomas[1]) (b in England about 1620) (d at Dedham, Mass. Oct. 11, 1683) m at Cambridge Nov. 17, 1641, Daniel, son of Anthony and Mary (_____) Fisher (b in England about 1619) (d at Dedham Oct. 8, 1683). They had 4 sons and 3 daughters, of whom the 2nd child and 1st son was Daniel.

THOMAS MASKILL OF WINDSOR, CT.

Reference: A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England. James Savage. Little Brown & Co. Boston. 1860. 4 Vols. Vol. 3. p. 166.

Little is known of Thomas Maskill before his marriage at Windsor, Ct. May 10, 1660 to Bethia, daughter of Thomas and Lydia (Brown) Parsons. They had six children and he died 1671. His widow married Aug. 18, 1672, John Williams of Windsor, Ct.

THOMAS[1] (b probably in England about 1635) (d at Windsor, Ct. Aug. 10, 1671) m at Windsor May 10, 1660, Bethia, daughter of Thomas and Lydia (Brown) Parsons (b at Windsor May 21, 1642) (d at Windsor 1681). They had 6 children, of whom the 3rd was

ABIGAIL[2] (Thomas[1]) (b at Windsor Nov. 27, 1663) (d _____) m at Simsbury, Ct. Mar. 12, 1684-5, Thomas, son of Nathaniel and Ann (Miller) Bacon (b at Middletown, Ct. July 20, 1666) (d at Simsbury, Ct. _____). They had 8 children, of whom the 5th was Abigail.

VINCENT MEIGS OF NEW HAVEN, CT.

Reference: Record of the Descendants of Vincent Meigs who came from Dorsetshire, England, to America about 1635. Henry B. Meigs. John S. Bridges & Co. Baltimore, 1901. 374 pp.

Vincent Meigs came to America probably from Weymouth, England, about 1634-5 along with his sons Vincent, Mark and John and his family. Tradition has it that his wife was a Miss Churchill, but he was a widower when he came to America. They were in Weymouth, Mass., in 1639, and went from there with Rev. Samuel Newman's Company in 1642 to Rehoboth, Mass. and about 1644 to New Haven, Ct., where he neglected to "trayn" on June 14, 1646, and was fined therefore 2 shillings 6 pence. He is also recorded that year as being "an old man with only two children known to us". About 1654 the family of John, with his father, Vincent, moved to East Guilford, (Hammonassett) Ct. where the old gentleman died Dec. 1, 1658 and, it is said, was the first person buried in that graveyard.

His son John is said to have been born near Bradford, England, 1612, and married in 1632 Thomasin or Tamazin Fry of Weymouth, England, sister of William and Mary Fry who married Walter Harris. It is possible that letters from Walter Harris sent back to England may have influenced the emigration of the Vincent and John Meigs families. He was a tanner, currier and probably a shoe maker by trade, and accumulated a good deal of property, especially real estate. In 1648 he bought the lot at Church and Chapel Streets facing the New Haven Green. On March 3, 1654 he was admitted a planter at Guilford.

May 15, 1661, he made a Paul Revere Ride from Guilford to New Haven, arriving ahead of Commissioners Kellond and Kirk sent by King Charles II to get the regicides, Whalley and Goffe, and conducted them to the "Judges Cave" under West Rock at New Haven where a bronze tablet on the face of the rock records the fact of their concealment. When trouble arose between the New Haven and Connecticut Colonies, he sided with the latter and accepted appointment of Constable for Guilford in defiance of the New Haven jurisdiction showing his evident independence and fearlessness. Also, he must have been a man of education, as his will bequeathed manuscripts and books of a kind only likely to be owned by at person of considerable education for those days.

VINCENT[1] (b in England 1583) (d at East Guilford, Ct. Dec. 1, 1658) m in England probably _____ Churchill (b ___

____) (d in England before 1634). He had at least 3 sons of whom the 2nd was

JOHN[2] (Vincent[1]) (b probably near Bradford, England, 1612) (d at Killingworth, Ct. Jan. 4, 1672) m in England about 1631, Tamazin or Thomasin Fry (b at Weymouth, England, about 1612) (d at Killingworth after 1672). They had at least 5 children of whom the eldest was

MARY[3] (John[2] Vincent[1]) (b in Weymouth, England 1633) (d probably at Guilford, Ct. about 1678) m at Guilford Mar. 3, 1653, William, son of John and _____ (_____) Stevens (b in England 1630) (d at Guilford Jan. 1703). They had 7 children, of whom the youngest was Mary.

NATHANIEL MERRIMAN OF WALLINGFORD, CT.

Reference: Nathaniel Merriman; one of the Founders of Wallingford in the State of Connecticut. Mansfield Merriman. Private Print. Mar. 1913. 24 pp.

George Merriman, a citizen and cooper of London, in his will of Oct. 31, 1655, and proved May 19, 1656, gives £10 of lawful English money "unto my son Nathaniel Merriman, now resident in New England". This son arrived in Boston on "The Whale" May 26, 1632, aged 19 years. This ship brought an Association of Pilgrims known as the Plough Company. He evidently served in the Pequot War of 1637 and probably as a Connecticut man, as he was one of the 36 Pequot soldiers who was voted grants of land in 1698 by the General Court of Connecticut, that is, his son John received the land "in consideration of his father's service in the Pequot Wars".

He was one of the 63 signers of the fundamental New Haven Colony agreement which was drawn up in John Newman's barn June 4, 1639. On Mar. 17, 1641, he drew one of "the small lots on ye banke side by ye West Creeke". On July 1, 1644, he became a member of the General Court of New Haven. In 1656 he was "Goodman", that is, either master workman or farmer. Men who employed others but did not work themselves had the title "Mr." On May 9, 1662 he became Ensign of the Company. In 1670 he became a founder and settled in Wallingford, Ct. May 9, 1672, he became a Lieutenant of the Wallingford train band and on Nov. 1, 1675, Captain of a troop of dragoons raised in New Haven County. On Dec. 19, 1675, his son Nathaniel was killed in the famous swamp fight in Rhode Island, King Philip's War, and in 1685 Wallingford voted him a grant of 10 acres and the brothers of his son who was slain also 10 acres for their services in the King Philip's War. He was nine times Deputy to the General Court. He died at Wallingford Feb. 13, 1694, in his 80th year leaving an estate of £561:15:7.

GEORGE[1] (b in England _____) (d at London, England 1655) m _____ (b _____) (d _____). He had at least 3 children of whom one was

NATHANIEL[2] (George[1]) (b probably in London, England 1613) (d at Wallingford, Ct. Feb. 13, 1694) m _____ possibly as his 2nd wife Joanne _____ (b _____) (d after 1694). He had 9 children of whom one was

ELIZABETH[3] (Nathaniel[2] George[1]) (b at New Haven, Ct. Sept. 14, 1669) (d _____) m at Wallingford Dec. 1685, Ebenezer, son of William and Mary (Hopkins) Lewis (b at Farmington, Ct. about 1660) (d at Wallingford 1709). The had 9 children of whom the youngest was Accape.

SAMUEL MOODY OF HARTFORD, CT.

Reference: Biographical Sketches of the Moody Family. C. C. P. Moody. S. G. Drake. Boston. 1847. 168 pp. p. 11.

Samuel Moody came from England to America in 1635; went to Hartford, Ct. and thence to Hadley, Mass., with the first settlers thereof. He had three sons, John, Samuel and Ebenezer, and three daughters, John had five children and died at Hartford; Samuel died at 80, and Ebenezer at 83.

There is a tradition that Samuel Moody of Hadley was a brother of William Moody who settled in Newbury, Mass., but as yet there is no satisfactory proof of this.

SAMUEL[1] (b in England about 1610) (d at Hadley, Mass. _____) m probably in England _____ (b _____) (d _____). He had 3 sons and 3 daughters, one son being

JOHN[2] (Samuel[1]) (b probably in America about 1636) (d at Hartford _____) m at _____ _____ (b _____) (d _____). He had at least 5 children, of whom one was

JOHN[3] (John[2] Samuel[1]) (b at _____ 1660) (d at Hartford Nov. 5, 1732, aged 72) m at Hartford Apr. 3, 1700, Sarah, daughter of Daniel and Rebecca (Dowd) Evarts (b at Guilford May 15, 1675) (d _____). They had at least 3 sons and 4 daughters, one son being

ADONIJAH[4] (John[3] John[2] Samuel[1]) (b at Hartford May 3, 1717) (d at New Hartford, Ct. Jan. 4, 1747) m 1st at New Hartford Apr. 13, 1738, Susanna, daughter of Baysey and _____ Baker (b _____) (d at New Hartford Oct. 9, 1738) m 2nd at New Hartford Nov. 7, 1742, Sarah, daughter of _____ and _____ (_____) Smith (b _____) (d _____). They had several children, one by the 2nd wife was

SUSANNA[5] (Adonijah[4] John[3] John[2] Samuel[1]) (b at New Hartford Sept. 13, 1745) (d at Morgan, O., 1830) m at New Hartford Nov. 12, 1767, Zachariah, son of Zachariah and Hannah (_____) Watson (b at Hartford Aug. 5, 1745) (d at Morgan Ashtabula Co., O., 1821). They had 3 sons and 4 daughters, the 3rd child and 3rd daughter being Sarah.

HENRY MORRILL OF NEW HAVEN, CT.

Reference: A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England. James Savage. Little Brown and Co. Boston. 1860. 4 Vols. Vol. 1. p. 436. Vol. 3. p. 234.

Little is known of Henry Morrill except that he lived in New Haven, Ct.; had a wife, Blanche, a daughter, Sarah , born there 1650; and that he died there in 1665.

HENRY[1] (b probably in England about 1625) (d at New Haven, Ct. 1665) m _____, Blanche, _____ (b _____) (d _____). They had at least 1 child

SARAH[2] (Henry[1]) (b at New Haven Nov. 17, 1650) (d at _____) m at New Haven, Jan. 1, 1667, William Collins (b in England about 1642) (d at New Haven after 1687). They had several children, of whom one was Daniel.

NICHOLAS MUNGER OF GUILFORD, CT.

Reference: The Munger Book, something of the Mungers 1639-1914. J. B. Munger. 1894-1914. Tuttle, Morehouse & Taylor Co. 1915. xviii + 614 pp.

Nicholas Munger was a step son of Henry Goldham another American immigrant ancestor whose only child Susannah possibly, but not certainly, by his wife Frances, married John Bishop Jr. of Guilford, Ct. Nicholas was doubtless the son of this wife Frances, at any rate Herny Goldham in his will dated July 9, 1661, Town Records Vol. "C" folio 104, left to Nicholas Munger, his "son-in-law" all his land in the "Neck". This was land on the North bank of the Neck River and on the public road in the East Parish of Guilford, now the town of Madison. Nicholas settled on this as early as 1651. Later he bought from George Hiland the home lot containing an acre and a half bought by Hiland from Thomas Betto, lying in the plain fronting to the street near Mr. Whitfields and running back to the swamp, and adjoining North of Whitfield. This is in the village of Guilford, south of the Common. An old plan of lots in the Stone House Museum shows two other pieces owned by Nicholas in the vicinity of the Common.

He was born in England, probably in County Surrey about 1630-1631. His mother Frances was no doubt a double ancestor as his half sister Susannah Goldham who married John Bishop Jr. and Nicholas are both ancestors of Ida Judd Cory.

NICHOLAS[1] (b in England about 1630) (d at East Parish of Guilford, Ct. Oct. 16, 1668) m at Guilford June 2, 1659, Sarah, daughter of William and Esther (_____) Hall (b about 1639) (d as Mrs. Dennis Crampton Jan. 31, 1689). They had 2 children of whom the eldest was

JOHN[2] (Nicholas[1]) (b at East Parish of Guilford Apr. 26, 1660) (d same place Nov. 3, 1732) m at Guilford, Mary, daughter of James and Lydia (Goodridge) Evarts (b _____ 26, 1664) (d at Guilford June 1734). They had 9 children of whom the 7th was

JONATHAN[3] (John[2] Nicholas[1]) (b at East Parish of Guilford Apr. 14, 1697) (d at Woodbury, Ct. Mar. 15, 1750) m 1st at Guilford Jan. 4, 1720, Sarah, daughter of John and Hannah (Davis) Grave (b at Hartford, Ct. Sept. 25, 1698) (d at Woodbury, Ct. Dec. 24, 1727) and m 2nd probably at Wallingford, Ct. July, 10, 1728, Accape, daughter of Ebenezer and Elizabeth (Merriman) Lewis (b at Wallingford, Ct. Jan. 10, 1705) (d at Bethlehem, Ct. Aug. 19, 1784). He had 4 children by his 1st wife and 8 by his 2nd. In 1748 the Connecticut Assembly by vote "do establish Mr.

Jonathan Munger to be Ensign of the 4th Company or Train-band in the town of Woodbury." By the prefix "Mr." it seems he was a man of considerable distinction in his town. His 9th child was

JOEL[4] (Jonathan[3] John[2] Nicholas[1]) (b at East Parish, Guilford Dec. 19, 1735) (d _____) m _____ Lorain _____ (b _____) (d _____). He was a farmer and served in the French and Indian War being in 1756 in the 4th Regt., 10 Company under Captain Mc Neal Apr. 11, to Nov. 12, 1758, and in the 3rd Regt., 8th Company, Captain Mc Neal Apr. 16, to Nov. 26, 1759. They had at least 7 children of whom the 7th was

SENA (ASENATH)[5] (Joel[4] Jonathan[3] John[2] Nicholas[1]) (b at Bethlehem Jan. 15, 1777) (d at Bethlehem Feb. 23, 181?) m at Bethlehem Elam, son of Elam and Rachel (Tuttle) Luddington (b at New Haven, Ct. Nov. 2, 1777) (d at Bethlehem June 25, 1846). (I have been to their gravestones. H. T. Cory) They had 6 children, one being Elam.

THOMAS MUNSON OF NEW HAVEN, CT.

Reference: The Munson Record: A Genealogical and Biographical Account of Captain Thomas Munson, a Pioneer of Hartford and New Haven and his Descendants. Myron A. Munson, M. A. Private Print. New Haven, Ct. 1895. 2 Vols. Vol. 1. xxviii + 624 and Vol. 2. 625-1235 pp.

Capt. Thomas Munson was born in England, exact place unknown, about 1612, married Joanna _____ apparently born about 1610, and afterwards came to Boston from Ipswich in the ship "Elizabeth", William Andrews, Master, the last of April 1634. He moved to Hartford, Ct. and fought with the Hartford contigent under Capt. Mason at the destruction of the Pequot Fort. In 1653 he was First Sergeant of the force raised to aid a war which had been declared against the New Netherlands. May 13, 1673 he was granted 100 acres of "some ungranted lands of this colony" by the General Court in recognition of this service. His houselot in Hartford was 2½ acres on the east side of the present High Street opposite the head of Walnut Street. He moved to New Haven, Ct. by 1639 and lived 1662-1685 on Temple Street between Wall and Grove Streets. In 1675, King Philip's War, he was appointed a captain and commanded the New Haven troops who at Norrituck defended the plantation against the Indians. He was Representative in the General Assembly 24 sessions from 1666 to 1683. He died May 7, 1685, aged 73, leaving an estate of £274. His wife died Dec. 13, 1678, aged 68.

THOMAS[1] (b in England 1612) (d at New Haven, Ct. May 7, 1685) m in England _____ Joanna _____ (b in England 1610) (d in New Haven, Dec. 13, 1678). They had at least 3 children of whom one was

HANNAH[2] (Thomas[1]) (b at New Haven June 11, 1648) (d at Guilford, Ct. Nov. 30, 1695) m May 2, 1667 at New Haven, Joseph, son of William and Elizabeth (_____) Tuttle (b at New Haven Nov. 22, 1640) (d at New Haven Sept. 1690). It was a double wedding, Joseph's sister, Mercy Tuttle, marrying Samuel Brown. Hannah married again Aug. 21, 1694 Nathan Bradley of Guilford. By her 1st husband she had 9 children, the oldest being Joseph.

WILLIAM NELSON OF PLYMOUTH, MASS.

References: A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England. James Savage. Little Brown & Co. New York. 4 Vols. Vol. 3. 1861. pp. 266-7.

William Nelson was of Plymouth in 1640, when, on October 27 he married Martha Ford, daughter of the widow Ford, who, with two other children, John and William, came over on the ship "Fortune" in 1621. He was one of the purchasers of Middleborough, Mass. in 1662. In 1668, the wife of a William Nelson of Plymouth was Martha, so doubtless it was he, and hence he was at Plymouth then. Little else seems to be known of him.

WILLIAM[1] (b in England about 1615) (d probably at Plymouth, Mass. after 1668) m at Plymouth, Martha, daughter of _____ and the widow Ford (b in England about 1618) (d probably at Plymouth after 1668). They had at least 1 son and 1 daughter, the son being

JOHN[2] (William[1]) (b at Plymouth June 8, 1647) (d at Middleboro, Mass. after 1678) m at Plymouth, Nov. 28, 1667, Sarah, daughter of Henry and Abigail (Jenny) Wood (b at Yarmouth about 1646) (d at Middleboro Mar. 4, 1676) and m 2nd at Plymouth, Lydia, widow of James Barnaby and daughter of Robert and Mary (Warren) Bartlett (b at Plymouth June 8, 1647) (d probably at Middleborough _____). He had 1 son and 1 daughter by his 1st wife, and at least 1 son by his 2nd wife

THOMAS[3] (John[2] William[1]) (b at Middleboro about 1677) (d at Middleboro _____) m probably at Barnstable about 1700, Hope, daughter of John and Hope (Chipman) Huckins (b at Barnstable May 10, 1677) (d at Middleboro, Mass. Dec. 7, 1782). They had at least 1 daughter

ELIZABETH[4] (Thomas[3] John[2] William[1]) (b at Middleboro about 1710) (d at Middleboro Mar. 25, 1748) m at Middleboro Nov. 19, 1730, Benjamin, son of Benjamin and Hannah (Eddy) Cole (b at Swansea, Mass. Oct. 31, 1706) (d at Swansea Dec. 20, 1776). They had 5 daughters and 1 or 2 sons. Her widower, Benjamin, m 2nd at Swansea, Sept. 22, 1749, Hannah, widow of John Luther, and daughter of Richard and Mary Harding. The 3rd child was Hannah.

GOV. FRANCIS NEWMAN OF NEW HAVEN, CT.

Reference: Descendants of William and Elizabeth Tuttle (or Tuttel). George F. Tuttle. Tuttle and Co. Rutland, Vt. 1883. lx + 754 pp.

Also: A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England. James Savage. Little Brown & Co. Boston. 1860. 4 Vols. Vol. 3. p. 274.

Gov. Francis Newman was of New Haven, Ct. in 1638, was an Assistant Governor from 1653 to 1658, and Governor from 1658 to his death, Nov. 18, 1660. He was also Commissioner of the United Colonies 1654-8 during the troublesome relations with the Dutch of New Netherlands. In his barn was formulated the famous New Haven Compact of June 1639, the civil constitution by which the colony was ruled for many years. His widow married Rev. Nicholas Street yet neither her given or maiden family name is known. One of his children was Richard who was in New Haven in 1656 and had a son Samuel born that year and at least four other children; may have been at Stanford about 1666; and was a proprietor of New Haven in 1685. Another of the Governor's children was Elizabeth who married Thomas Knowles and next Nicholas Knell. There were other children among whom was Samuel who mentioned in his will but two children so that his wife evidently died before him. The inventory of his estate was £339 added to later so that his property was no doubt considerable.

The name of Samuel's wife is unknown. The son John died in 1717 without issue. The other child, Sarah, married Samuel Tuttle.

GOV. FRANCIS[1] (b in England about 1610) (d at New Haven, Ct. Nov. 18, 1660) m _____ (b _____) (d at New Haven as Mrs. Rev. Nicholas Street after 1670). They had several children of whom one was

SAMUEL[2] (Francis[1]) (b at _____ about 1640) (d probably at New Haven about 1668) m _____ (b _____) (d _____). They had 2 (possibly more) children of whom the only one to leave issue was

SARAH[3] (Samuel[2] Francis[1]) (b at New Haven about 1664) (d at New Haven after 1692) m at New Haven June 1684, Samuel, son of John and Kattereen (Lane) Tuttle (b at New Haven Jan. 9, 1659-60) (d _____). They had 8 children, the 5th being Martha.

JOHN OSBORNE OF WEYMOUTH, MASS.

Reference: A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England. James Savage. Little Brown & Co. Boston, Mass. 1860. 4 Vols. Vol. 3. p. 318.

John Osborn was in Weymouth, Mass. before 1640 and had children there between Feb. 2, 1640 and Aug. 11, 1657. One of his daughters, Mary, married at Weymouth May 7, 1659, John Ross. The family name of his wife, Mary, is still unknown, as also the dates and places of birth, death, and marriage of the two.

JOHN[1] (b in England about 1615) (d probably at Weymouth, Mass. _____) m at _____, Mary, daughter of _____ and _____. (_____) _____ (b probably in England about 1620) (d probably at Weymouth _____). They had at least 2 sons and 2 daughters, one being

PATIENCE[2] (John[1]) (b probably at Weymouth about 1642) (d probably at Braintree or Mendon, Mass after 1705) m at Weymouth Feb. 26, 1662, Joseph, son of George and Catherina (_____) Aldrich (b at Dorchester, Mass. 1635) (d at _____). They had at least 2 sons and 1 daughter, one being Samuel.

THOMAS OSBORN OF NEW HAVEN, CONN.

Reference: "Lineal Ancestors of Captain James Cory and of his Descendants." C. H. Cory, Jr. Private print. St. Petersburgh, Fla. 1937. 2 vols. ii - 178 and 179-361 pp. pp. 238-255

Thomas Osborn was probably born about 1595 in Ashford, County Kent, England, where Jan. 18, 1622, he married Mary Goatley of that place. They had six sons before they came to America and had three more children after locating in New Haven, Conn. about 1640. He went to East Hampton, L. I about 1650 to become one of the first planters there, deeding the New Haven property to one of his sons. The estate remained in the Osborn family far into the nineteenth century.

His parents were Jeremiah Osborn and his first wife, Joan Wyborne; and his grandfather was Thomas Osborn who was buried Oct. 12, 1611; had a sister Anna baptised Sept. 15, 1563; and two brothers, Edward and John.

"Goodman" Thomas Osborn, who was a farmer, may have been one of New Haven's founders; and his wife Mary certainly was admitted to the New Haven church in 1642. He took the oath of fidelity July 1, 1644. In 1641 he owned a total of 120 acres in three parcels for all of which he paid a yearly tax of £ 1:10:00.

He died about or before 1688. His sons Joseph and Jeremiah settled in Elizabethtown, N. J. as early as Feb. 1666.

1. Thomas (b at Ashford, County Kent, England, 1595) (d at East Hampton, L. I. about 1688) m at Ashford Jan. 18, 1622, Mary daughter of_____Goatley (b at Ashford about 1605) (d at East Hampton, L. I.) They had 8 sons and 1 daughter, the 6th child and son being

2. Joseph (Thomas[1]) (bapt. at Ashford, England, Dec. 4, 1636) (d at Elizabethtown, N. J. 1698) m at Newark, N. J., 1666, Priscilla, daughter of Hugh and Mary (Calkins) Roberts (b at New Londond, Conn., 1650) (d at Elizabethtown, N.J.). They had 4 sons and 2 daughters, one child being,

3. Priscilla (Joseph[2] Thomas[1]) (b at Elizabethtown about 1677) (d at Elizabethtown, 1723) m at Elizabethtown about 1697 John, son of John and Mary (Cornish) Cory (b at Huntington, L. I. Feb. 3, 1674) (d at Elizabethtown 1722) They had 4 sons and 2 daughters, the 2nd child and eldest son being Elnathan.

WILLIAM PAINE OF NEW HAVEN, CT.

Reference: Paine Family Records: A Journal of Genealogical and Biographical Information respecting the American families of Payne, Paine, Payn, etc. Edited by H. D. Paine. J. Munsell, Albany, N. Y. 1880-1883. 2 Vols. in 1. 1880-1883.

Also: Ancestors and Descendants of David Paine and Abigail Shepard of Ludlow, Massachusetts, 1463-1913. Clara Paine Oiler. Private Print. Lima, O. 1913. 252 pp.

William Paine, aged 15 and John Paine, aged 14, came to America on the ship "Abigail" from London in 1635. In 1647 William was made a freeman of New Haven, Ct. and had lands laid out to him. In 1649 he was released from bringing his arms to church on the Lord's day, and lecture days, and his fine for non-attendance on public worship was partly remitted, on account of his living afar off, having a lame wife, and three young children. Hence he was probably married about 1643 in this country but wife's name is so far unknown; also number and names of his children. One of them, however, was Elizabeth, who was born probably about 1650 and died after 1686 and who married Oct. 11, 1666, Thomas Sanford.

It is now known that Moses Paine, who came from England to Braintree, Mass. before 1641 was of the 6th generation from John Payn of Frittenden, England, whose will is dated Apr. 1463, and William Paine who came on the ship "Ivenase" in 1635 and settled at Ipswich, probably was of the 6th generation from Sir Thomas Payne, Knight, born about 1400 of Market Bosworth and married Margaret, daughter of Sir Thomas Pultney, Knight, ancestor of William Pultney, Earl of Bath, and English Premier early in the eighteenth century. It is still (1919) uncertain from where in England William Paine came.

Both familes claim probable descent from Hugh de Payen who, in company with Godrfrey de St. Omer instituted the order known as Templars of the Cross or Order of Knights Templar. There are many Paine coats of arms.

WILLIAM[1] (b in England 1620) (d at New Haven _____) m _____ (b _____) (d _____). Number of children unknown, of whom one was

ELIZABETH[2] (William[1]) (b about 1650) (d after 1686) m at New Haven, Ct. Oct. 11, 1666, Thomas, son of Thomas and Sarah (_____) Sanford (b at Milford, Ct. Dec. 1644) (d at New Haven _____). They had 10 children, of whom the 2nd was Elizabeth.

GEORGE PARKHURST OF WATERTOWN, MASS.

Reference: A Fragment of the Parkhurst Genealogy. Charles H. Parkhurst. Private Print. Providence, R. I. 1883. 19 pp.

Also: The Parkhurst Family--Descendants of Ephriam Parkhurst of Framingham, Mass. W. E. Parkhurst. Private Print. Clinton, Mass. 1897. 21 pp.

Also: The New England Historical and Genealogical Record. Boston. Vol. 68. Jany, 1914. pp. 370 ff.

George Parkhurst's name first appears in American records at Watertown, Mass. May 10, 1642 when it was ordered that a highway be laid out by his house, and he was granted a farm of 56 acres. He sold 5 acres in Boston Oct. 4, 1645. He is last mentioned as having sold 12 acres in Watertown June 13, 1655, his petition for such sale stating he was "near 67 yeares old".

Apparently he was the son of John Parkhurst, Parish of St. Mary at the Quay Ipswich, Suffolk County, England who made his will March 29, 1610, mentioning his wife, Sarah. The family name of George Parkhurst's first wife is unknown, his second was Susanna, widow of John Simson who died at Watertown June 8, 1643. Her maiden family name is unknown.

GEORGE[1] (b probably at Ipswich, Suffolk County, England 1588) (d probably at Watertown, Mass. after 1655) m 1st in England about 1610, _____ (b _____) (d before 1643) m 2nd at Watertown about 1643, Susanna, daughter of _____ and _____ (_____) _____ widow of John Simson of Watertown (b _____ about 1620) (d at Watertown after 1655). He had 2 sons and 1 daughter by his first wife and 5 sons by his 2nd. His daughter by his first wife was

PHEBE[2] (George[1]) (b in England about _____) (d at Providence, R. I. after 1688) m as his 2nd wife probably at Watertown about 1639, Thomas, son of Thomas and _____ Arnold (b at Cheselbourne, Dorsetshire County, England Apr. 18, 1599) (d at Providence Mar. 24, 1674-5). They had 4 sons and 1 daughter, the youngest child being Eleazer.

THOMAS PARSONS OF WINDSOR, CT.

Reference: A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England. James Savage. Little Brown & Co. Boston. 1860. 4 Vols. Vol. 3. p. 364.

Also: History and Genealogies of Ancient Windsor, Connecticut. H. R. Stiles. Case Lockwood & Brainard Co. Hartford. 1892. 2 Vols. Vol. 2. p. 117.

Thomas Parsons early came to Windsor, Ct. and is one of the eighteen names on the list now extant of the thirty men Windsor sent to the Pequot War in 1637. For this service his children received grants of land many years afterwards. In 1641 he bought from Saxton the Michael Try place in the Palisades and lived there until he died, Sept. 23, 1661, his widow selling it in 1662 to Tahon Grant. In 1662 he agreed with the town to keep the "Rivulet Ferry". He married Lydia Brown, quite Likely the sister of Peter Brown of Windsor, Ct. She married again, to Eltweed Pomeroy.

THOMAS[1] (b in England about 1618) (d at Windsor, Ct. Sept. 23, 1661) m at Windsor, June 28, 1641, Lydia Brown (b _____) (d at Windsor after 1663). They had 11 children, of whom the eldest was

BETHIA[2] (Thomas[1]) (b at Windsor May 21, 1642) (d at Windsor, 1681) m 1st at Windsor May 10, 1660, Thomas Haskill (b probably in England about 1640) (d at Windsor Aug. 10, 1671) m 2nd at Windsor Aug. 18, 1672, John, son of John Williams (b at Windsor Mar. 26, 1646) (d _____). By her 1st husband she had 6 children, the 3rd being Abigail.

THOMAS POWELL OF NEW HAVEN, CT.

Reference: A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England. James Savage. Little Brown and Co. Boston. 1860. 4 Vols. Vol. 3. pp. 469-470.

Little is known of Thomas Powell before the birth of his daughter Hannah in New Haven, Ct. 1641, baptized 1643. All of his children were baptized in right of his wife Priscilla. He was probably the same Thomas Powell who in May 1664 was of Long Island, admitted to be sworn freeman of Connecticut by the Commissioners of Huntington. He was dissatisfied probably with the refusal of that colony to unite with Connecticut as by royal charter provided. At any rate, he bought land at Springfield, Mass. in 1665 and may have moved there. He very soon moved to New Haven again where he died 1681. Two at least of his children married into substantial families of New Haven, Hannah who May 21, 1660 married Thomas Nuttle and Priscilla who March 22, 1666 married John Thompson.

THOMAS[1] (b probably in England before 1620) (d at New Haven, Ct. 1681) m _____ Priscilla _____ (b _____) (d _____). They had at least 6 daughters, of whom the 2nd was

PRISCILLA[2] (Thomas[1]) (b at New Haven Dec. 1642) (d _____) m at New Haven May 22, 1666, John, son of John and _____ (_____) Thompson (b in England about 1630) (d at East Haven, Ct. Feb. 13, 1694). They had at least 7 children, the 6th being Abigail.

LIEUT. WILLIAM PRATT OF SAYBROOK, CT.

Reference: The Pratt Family: on the Descendants of Lieut. William Pratt. F. W. Chapman. Case Lockwood & Co. Hartford, Ct. 1864. 420 pp.

Lieut. William Pratt, with his brother John, came from the Parish of Stevenage, Hertfordshire, England to Cambridge, Mass. on or before 1632. He went with Rev. Thomas Hooker to Hartford, Ct. in June 1636 as one of the founders of that settlement. He married Elizabeth, daughter of John Clark, first of Saybrook, Ct. and afterward of Milford, Ct., who came from Great Mundon, Hertfordshire, England. He was in the Pequot War in 1637 and the General Court later granted him for such services 100 acres of land. He was appointed lieutenant by the General Court Session at Hartford Oct. 3, 1661. Early in 1647 he moved to Saybrook and was Deputy for that town continuously from 1666 to 1678 when he died. He was one of the three white persons to whom the Indian Chief Attawanhood, third son of Uncas, in his will signed Mar. 10, 1676 at Lyme, Ct. left the care and education of his children.

LIEUT. WILLIAM[1] (b at Stevenage, Hertford County, England about 1610) (d at Saybrook, Ct. 1678) m at Hartford, Ct. about 1640, Elizabeth, daughter of John and _____ Clark (b at Great Mundon, Hertford County, England about 1620) (d at Saybrook after 1672 and probably after 1678). They had 5 sons and 3 daughters, the eldest child being

ELIZABETH[2] (William[1]) (b at Hartford, Ct. Feb. 1, 1641) (d at Norwich, Ct. 1730) m at Saybrook May 11, 1660, Lieut. William, son of William and Sarah (Charles) Backus (b at Saybrook about 1639) (d at Saybrook about 1720). They had 4 sons and 2 daughters, the 2nd child and 1st daughter being Sarah.

JOANNA QUARLES OF BOSTON, MASS.

Reference: A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England. James Savage. Little Brown and Co. Boston. 1860. 4 Vols. Vol. 3. p. 439.

There was a William Quarles in Salisbury, Mass. in 1665 aged 18 years i.e. born 1647 and no doubt the same man in Ipswich in 1678; and the inventory of his estate is Mar. 14, 1690. Another William, also of Ipswich, whose will was probated after Dec. 10, 1719 was likely a son. Savage says "It is possible from adopting his name for one of his sons that he "(the last mentioned)" was of kin to Quarles, the Puritan Poet. Yet in Boston Joanna was married by Gov. Bellingham to Richard Smith, of Lancaster Aug. 2, 1654; though no occurrence of the name can be found for more than 80 years after the settlement of the town, either in births, or deaths, or in the public register of deeds of wills".

JOANNA[1] (b _____) (d at Lyme, Ct. after 1674) m at Boston, Mass. Aug. 2, 1654 as his 2nd wife, Richard, son of John and Mary (_____) Smith (b about 1623) (d at Lyme 1682). They had 7 children, the 2nd being Francis.

HUGH ROBERTS OF GLOUCESTER, MASS

References: "Lineal Ancestors of Captain James Cory and of his Descendants". C. H. Cory, Jr. Private Print. St. Petersburgh, Fla. 1937. 2nd vol. ii - 178 and 179-361 pp. pp. 260-277.

Hugh Roberts was among the founders of Gloucester on the Cape Ann Peninsula of Massachusetts where on Nov. 8, 1649 he married Mary, daughter of Hugh Calkins, another pioneer of the place. Soon thereafter with Calkins and several others of that settlement, he went with Rev. Richard Blinman to New London, Conn. where he set up a tannery. On Oct. 6, 1663, with Cary Lathan, he was appointed to confer with Uncas, Chief of the Mohicans, concerning lands for the settlement. In 1667, again with his father-in-law, he migrated to Newark, N. J. where he died in 1671.

1 HUGH (b in England about 1623) (d at Newark, N. J. Nov., 1671) m at Gloucester, Mass. Nov. 8, 1649, Mary, daughter of Hugh and Ann (_____) Calkins (b at Monmouthshire, England about 1630) (d at Newark, N. J. as Mrs. Robert Bond after 1672) He had s sons and 4 daughters, probably the oldest being

2. PRISCILLA (Hugh[1]) (b at New London, Conn. 1650) (d at Elizabethtown, N. J.) m at Newark, N. J. 1666, John, son of Thomas and Mary (Gasley) Osborn (b at Ashford, England, 1636) (d at Elizabethtown 1698) They had 4 sons and 2 daughters, one being Priscilla.

JAN MAGELSE (N) ROLL OF ALBANY, N. Y.

Reference: Mss. Genealogy of the Roll Family, Ancestry and Descendants of John Roll, of Springfield, Union County, New Jersey, Richard Timbrook Wilson. Mss. New York. 1920. (300 pp.)

Jan Magelse (or Magelson) was an Indian trader and in Beverwyck (the name of the city of Albany until 1664) New York, as early as 1656. See Early History of the City and County of Albany, N. Y., by Jonathan Pearson, Vol. 1. pp. 47-378. According to the Dutch custom of the time he was without family or surname. His name indicates that he was Jan, son of Mangel. There is a family tradition that one of his ancestors was a Burgomaster of his native city in the Province of Utrecht, Holland. He was at Albany, as shown by numerous records until 1681-2. On Mar. 4, 1681-2, he received from the Indians a grant of land at Canostigione, now Niskayuna, at a bend in the Mohawk River, about half way between Schenectady and the Hudson River.

During Feb. 1690, the French and Indians destroyed Schenectady and killed eight or ten settlers of Canostigione. The whole county was alarmed, so that the majority of the Albany woodsmen returned to New York City. At any rate, his son, Mangle Janse, was married on Staten Island in 1692, and referred to as being from Albany, but then living on Staten Island; and his, Jan's, daughter Tryntje, had a son baptized in the Dutch Reformed Church, New York City, in 1697. Both he and his son, Mangle Janse Roll, are recorded as voting "for an alderman for the East Ward, New York City, but properly belong to the North Ward" Sept. 29, 1701. From about that date he evidently lived with his son Mangle Janse Roll, at the latter's house fronting the French Church, now 23-25 Pine Street, New York.

In 1703, he petitioned for patent to lands granted him by the Indians in the Mohawk Valley and abandoned in 1690; and in 1713 his heirs presented similar petition, in which they speak of their father as being dead. Hence, he died probably while living in New York with his son, Mangle Janse Roll, between 1703 and September 4, 1705, as shown by transfer of that date by Mangel Jansen Roll to Ryer Schemerhorn of some of the Niskyuna lands.

He married before Aug. 21, 1661, name unknown, a daughter of Peter Adriaensen and _____ Van Woggelum, the former of whom was a tavern-keeper in Rennsselaerwyck, as early as 1656, and who was nicknamed Soegemackelyck (So easy). They had at least five children who are entered in the records of the Reformed Dutch Churches of Albany and New York under the name of Roll, Rol, Rall, Ral and Raal.

From the various entries of the colonial records referring to Jan Magelsen, it is evident that he was a man of energy, ability, and well esteemed; he signed his name to documents (an unusual thing for Dutch colonists), and one of them dated Aug. 25, 1661 refers to him as "Hon. Jan Magelsen" and in it he agrees to pay 600 guilders and ten bear skins within ten days.

JAN MAGELSEN[1] (b probably in the Province of Utrecht, Holland about 1637) (d at New York City between 1703 and Sept. 4, 1705) m probably at Rennsselaerswyck, N. Y. before Aug. 21, 1661 _____ daughter of Peter Adriaensen and _____ (_____) Van Woggelum (b probably in Holland about 1640) (d probably before 1701). They had at least 3 sons and 2 daughters, of whom one, perhaps the youngest, was

JOHANNES ROLL[2] (Jan Magelsel) (bapt. in the Reformed Protestand Dutch Church of Albany, N. Y. Jan. 27, 1686) (d probably near New Providence, N. J. after 1778) m almost certainly about 1706, Jannetje, daughter of Jans Williamse Borckelloo (b about 1686) (d probably about 1710). He was of Richmond Co., Province of New York, on Oct. 14, 1757, as on that date he deeded lands in Elizabethtown, Esses Co., N. J. to John Roll Jr. He was Quartermaster in the Richmond Co., N. Y. Militia in 1729, and fought in the battle of Westfield, N. J. June 27, 1777. He probably had several children, but records render certain one one

JOHN ROLL[3] (Johannes Roll[2] Jan Mangelsel) (b probably on Staten Island, N. Y. about 1708) (d will probated in 1782) m _____ Elizabeth _____ (b _____) (d after 1782). He had at least 3 sons and 2 daughters, of whom the youngest was

JANE OR JEAN ROLL[4] (John Roll[3] Johannes Roll[2] Jan Mangelsel) (b probably near New Providence, N. J. 1743-4) (d at New Carlisle, O., Mar. 13, 1828) m probably at New Providence, N. J. about 1763, Thomas, son of Elnathan and Sarah (Simpson) Cory (b probably near New Providence, N. J. 1738 or 1639) (d at New Carlisle, Feb. 9, 1813). They had 5 sons and 4 daughters, of whom the youngest was Thomas.

THOMAS SANFORD OF MILFORD, CT.

Reference: Thomas Sanford, The Emigrant to New England, Ancestry, Life and Descendants. C. E. Sanford. Tuttle Co. Rutland, Vt. 1911. 2 Vols. quarto Vol. 1. xiii + 768. pp. Vol. 2. 769 to 1612 pp.

The name of Sanford originates in England from an older place-name of Sandford or (and) Sampford. The place name is Saxon and created long before the Norman conquest. Sir names in England did not exist in 1065 and had not become thoroughly established before 1175, indeed in many parts distant from London it was much later yet. Even as late as 1735 original manuscripts often refer to men who had not yet adopted a sirname other than the Christian name of their fathers.

The oldest certain records of the American Emigrants' ancestors begin in the parish of Stanstead Mountfitchet, in Essex, five miles to the northeast from Great Hadham and just over the line dividing the counties of Hartford and Essex. Here Richard Stanford died Nov. 11, 1591 and his wife Sept. 16, 1600. They were simple country people, small tradesmen and farmers. They had four sons and one daughter, of whom one was Thomas. He married Sept. 21, 1581, Friswith Eve, who died Nov. 24, 1581, only 64 days later. He married again Mary Lewes or Mellett, who died at Much Hadham in 1620, evidenced by his signed will made Mar. 29, 1597. He died Apr. 6, 1597 and is buried near the South Porch in the Much Hadham Churchyard. He had five children of whom the eldest, Ezechiell was baptized Feb. 20, 1586 and married at Hatfield _____ Warner, daughter of John Warner and brother of Andrew Warner, one of the founders of Hartford, Ct. He wrote his name in Hatfield as witness of his father-in-law's will July 16, 1614. They had eight children, the younger six being baptized at Stanstead, Mountfitchet. The eldest of these was Thomas, the American Emigrant.

This Thomas Sanford was one of the first settlers of Dorchester, Mass. established in 1630 but no lands allotted until Apr. 3, 1633. It is now part of Boston and called South Boston and Dorchester. Prior to 1636 there were 138 settlers

He came to America before 1634 and probably in 1632 with his uncle, Andrew Warner, who had land booked to him in Nov. of the latter year. He was made a freeman Mar. 9, 1637, i. e. he had a "godly walk and conversation," was at least 20 years old, took an oath of allegiance to the Colony, was worth >£200, had to hold any office if elected or pay a fine of 40 shillings, and had to vote at all elections or pay the same fine. The first official American record of him is Nov. 22, 1634.

He married Sarah, family name unknown, probably at Dorchester, Mass. between Apr. 1, 1640 and Jan. 1642, when he joined the church at Milford, Ct., he moved to the latter place, indeed his third child, Mary, was probably born there, as her name is recorded in the records of the First Church of Milford as born Jan. 1641. His wife joined Dec. 15, 1642. His brothers, Robert (b 1615) and Andrew (b 1617) are first mentioned in America as at Hartford, Ct. in 1640, and probably did not come over until then, when they were 25 or 23 years of age. In 1643 and 1656 he was granted further lands and on May 20, 1661 he was one of the four "searchers" who signed the report to Gov. Robert Treat that the regicides, Cols. Whalley and Goffe, were not in Milford, Ct. He could "read, write and cast accounts."

The location of his home in Milford is not known but on the Memorial Bridge, built just 250 years after the founding of Milford, over the stream, the Pioneers had some difficulties in crossing when entering the town, is the inscription "Thomas Sanford, Obit. 1681. Sarah, his wife", on the left hand side near the far end from the towers. His grave is unmarked. His estate inventoried £450:18:3.

RICHARD[1] (b _____) (d at Stanshead, Mountfitchet, England, Nov. 11, 1591) m Elizabeth _____ (b _____) (d Sept. 15, 1600). They had at least 5 children of whom the eldest was

THOMAS[2] (Richard[1]) (b Stanshead) (d Much Hadham, England, Apr. 6, 1597) m Sept. 21, 1581, Friswith Eve, _____ (b _____) (d Nov. 24, 1581) m 2nd Mary Lewes or Hellett (b _____) (d at Much Hadham 1620). He had 5 children of whom the eldest was

EZECHIELL[3] (Thomas[2] Richard[1]) (b at Much Hadham Feb. 20, 1586) (d _____) m at Hatfield _____ Warner, daughter of John Warner (b _____) (d _____). They had 8 children of whom the eldest was

THOMAS[4] (Ezechiell[3] Thomas[2] Richard[1]) (b at Hatfield, Broad Oak 1607-8) (d at Milford, Ct. Oct. 1681) m Sarah _____ (b _____) (d at Milford, May 14, 1681). He was the original American emigrant. They had 7 children of whom the 5th was

THOMAS[5] (Thomas[4] Ezechiell[3] Thomas[2] Richard[1]) (b at Milford Dec. 1644) (d at New Haven, Ct. _____) m Oct. 11, 1666, Elizabeth, daughter of William Paine of New Haven (b about 1600) (d after 1686) m 2nd Elizabeth Gibbard _____ (b _____) (d _____). He had by his first marriage, all born in New Haven, 10 children of whom the 2nd was

ELIZABETH[6] (Thomas[5] Thomas[4] Ezechiell[3] Thomas[2] Richard[1]) (b Sept. 13, 1691) (d _____) m Nov. 10, 1691 in Milford by Gov. Treat, Joseph, son of Joseph and Hannah (Munson) Tuttle (b Mar. 16, 1668) (d _____). They had 6 children of whom the 2nd was Noah.

JACOB SAYLOR OF NEW CARLISLE, O.

Reference: Investigations of H. T. Cory (1919) including examination of gravestones in Saylor cemetery and correspondence with Mrs Martha (Saylor) Garver[4] (Jabob[3] Jacob[2] Jabob[1]) residing at 228 High St., Dayton, O.

Jacob Saylor came from an as yet unknown locality in Germany about 1785 with his wife Mary _____ and in 1800 settled about four miles from Alcony and six miles from New Carlisle, O. There he died in 1838 and, together with numerous of his descendants, is buried in what is called "The Saylor Graveyard." According to his gravestone he was 94 years 2 months and 20 days old. He and his sons, Jacob and Philip particularly, were successful and substantial men and held places high in local esteem, Rehte Leuts.

Jacob the oldest son was born in Germany June 30, 1780 and married in Ohio, Rachael McPherson, born Aug. 7, 1785. He died Jan. 19, 1860 and his wife, who died Feb. 11, 1854, and his son, Jacob, and wife, Catherine, are all buried in the Saylor Graveyard.

JACOB[1] (b in Germany 1744) (d near New Carlisle, O. 1838) m in Germany about 1776, Mary _____ (b in Germany 1756) (d at New Carlisle Aug. 12, 1813). They had at least 3 children of whom 1 was

MARGARET[2] (Jacob[1]) (b in America Aug. 18, 1788) (d near New Carlisle Feb. 6, 1873) m at New Carlisle Aug. 26, 1806, Thomas, son of Thomas and Jane (Roll) Cory (b near Westfield, Essex County, New Jersey Apr. 6, 1784) (d near New Carlisle Mar. 1, 1852). They had 6 sons and 4 daughters the 3rd child and son being Elnathan.

ANN SHELLEY OF SCITUATE, MASS.

Reference: A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England, James Savage. Little Brown & Co. Boston. 4 Vols. Vol. 2, 1860. p. 198.

The church records prove that Ann Shelley married at Roxbury, Mass. in 1634, Richard Foxwell of Scituate, Mass. She was a servant who came over from England in 1634, and was a niece of Robert and Judith (Garrett) Shelley, who came over on the "Lion" arriving Sept. 16, 1632 and settled first at Barnstable, Mass. and moved to Scituate soon after. Richard Foxwell was one of the founders of the First Church of Scituate (see Item "Richard Foxwell") and Mary, daughter of Robert and Judith Shelley married Sergt. William Harlow's son William, so that the Shelley's were at least the social equals of their contemporaries.

ANN[1] (b in England about 1614) (d probably at Scituate, Mass. after 1641) m at Roxbury, Mass. 1634, Richard, son of _____ and _____ Foxwell (b in Kent County, England about 1600-5) (d at Barnstable, Mass. 1668). They had at least 1 son and 3 daughters, one being Mary.

JOHN ALBRECHT SIECHELE OF PALMYRA, PA.

Reference: Notes and Queries Historical, Biographical and Genealogical relating chiefly to Interior Pennsylvania. William H. Egle. Harrisburg Publishing Co. Harrisburg, Pa. Annual, Vol. for 1898. xii + 308 pp. p. 250.

Also: Pennsylvania Archives. Third Series, Secretary of the Commonwealth. Vol. xvii. pp. 35 and 318. and Vol. xxiv p. 523.

John Albrecht Siechele came to America, probably from Germany though possibly from Holland, on the _____. He settled in what was Paxton Township in Lancaster County, later (1785) Dauphin County, Pa., where he took up 100 acres of state land May 14, 1740. In 1772 he was last on the tax list for this 100 acres; in 1790 census his name does not appear so he doubtless had died before then, very probably in 1772 or 1773.

He was either a Lutheran or of the German Reformed Church as six of his children were baptized in the Berg Kirche (Hill Church) near Palmrya, Lebanon County, Pa.. This church was for many years used in common by the two denominations and had as pastor Rev. John Caspar Stoever. This pastor not only baptized the Siechele children but married two of the daughters, Eva Barbara and Mary Elizabeth to Daniel and John Wunderli, respectively.

JOHN ALBRECHT[1] (b probably in Germany about 1715) (d near Palmrya, Lebanon County, Pa. between 1772 and 1790) m at _____ about 1738, Eva Elizabeth, daughter of _____ and _____ (b about 1718) (d _____). He had at least 7 children of whom probably the 4th was

EVA BARBARA[2] (John Albrecht[1]) (b near Palmyra Oct. 2, 1744. bapt. Oct. 28) (d near Carlisle, Pa. Apr. 27, 1821) m near Palmyra Feb. 22, 1763, Daniel, son of Johannes and Anna (Densler) Wunderli (b at Ludwigsberg, Wurttemburg, Germany, Aug. 27, 1737) (d near Carlisle Feb. 1, 1799). They had 9 children, of whom the 2nd was John Daniel.

ALEXANDER SIMPSON OF FLATLANDS, L. I.

Reference: Documents Relative to the Colonial History of the State of New York. Ed. by E. B. O. Callaghan. State Print. Albany, N. Y. o Vols. Vol 4. 1854. pp. 937 and 1007.

Also: Researches of Chas. C. Gardner, genealogist of Newark, N. J. in 1922 for H. T. Cory as set forth in correspondence in possession of the latter.

Also: History of Elizabeth, N. J. E. F. Hatfield. Carleton and Lanahan. New York, 1868. pp. 57; 701.

Also: The First Settlers of Passaic Valley and Vicinity above Chatham, New Jersey. John Littell. David Felt & Co. Feltville, N. J. 1873. 504 pp. pp. 384-6

Alexander Simpson was a Scotchman who apparently came direct to New York from the old country and settled in Flatlands, L. I. where he married Janetje, daughter of Steven Coerte van Voorhees and widow of Jan Martense Schenck, Feb. 29, 1690. He probably was a relative, and possibly the father of John Simpson who early went from Long Island to Elizabethtown N. J. and about 1736-8 moved and "settled on lot No. 27 of the Elizabethtown lots, above the 1st mountain, drawn by Daniel Potter, where John M. Parsons now lives. He had children, Alexander and John, and died July 10, 1773". This son Alexander was an Elder in the Presbyterian Church and died May 1, 1768. Soon afterwards the Simpson family was joined by James Cory, John Roll and twenty-seven others, The Presbyterian Church at New Providence, N. J., then Turkey, was organized in 1752 and this son Alexander was among those who joined somewhat later.

It was doubtless through this group of Simpson, Rolls and Corys in New Providence, that (Sarah) Janetje Simpson, daughter of Alexander and Janetje van Voorhees Simpson met her future husband Elnathan Cory, but whether the parents of such Sarah Janetje ever moved from Long Island to New Jersey is not certain.

ALEXANDER[1] (b in Scotland about 1655) (d at_____between 1719 and 1722) m at Flatlands, L. I. Feb. 29, 1690 (perhaps as his 2nd wife) Janetje, daughter of Steven Coerte and _____van Voorhees, and widow of Jan Martense Schenck (b at Hees, Province of Drenthe, Holland, 1658 (d at_____ before 1709) m 2nd in New York September 25, 1709, Martha Lee (b) (d probably in New York after 1724) widow of Thomas Rodgers who was born in London. Alexander's widow Martha married 3rd June 26, 1723, Joseph Sibbet, a widower from London. By his first wife Alexander had at least one daughter

SARAH JANETJE[2] (Alexander[1]) (b at Flatlands about 1705 and bapt in New York Jan 28, 1710) (d at New Providence

N. J. Jan. 24, 1785) m at Elizabethtown, N. J. Jan. 2, 1729, Elnathan, son of John and Priscilla (Osborn ?) Cory (b at Elizabethtown 1701) (d at New Providence Oct. 6, 1766). They had 6 sons and 3 daughters, one son being Thomas.

CHRISTOPHER SMITH OF PROVIDENCE, R. I.

Reference: The Genealogical Dictionary of Rhode Island. J. O. Austin. J. Munsell's Sons. Albany, N. Y. 1887. 447 pp. pp. 376-9. Vol. 4. p. 111.

Also: Ancestory of Thirty Three Rhode Islanders. J. O. Austin. Joel Munsell's Sons. Albany, N. Y. 1889. 139 pp.

Christopher Smith's name is in the list of freemen at Providence, R. I. and he swore allegiance to Charles II in June 1668. In 1672 his wife was Alice but what was her family name or whether she was his first, second or later wife is unknown. Christopher's family were incidently the equal of the others at Providence as his children married into the oldest and most established families of the Colony. Little more is known of him, except that he was an outstanding Quaker in the Colony.

CHRISTOPHER[1] (b probably in England about 1605) (d at Providence June 1676) m at _____ about _____, Alice, daughter of _____ and _____ (b at _____) (d at _____). They had at least 3 sons and 2 daughters, one being

EDWARD[2] (Christopher[1]) (b at Providence about 1640) (d at Providence Nov. 8, 1693) m at Providence 1663, Amphyllis, daughter of Thomas and Alice _____ Angell (b at Providence about 1643) (d at Providence 1694). They had at least 5 sons and 2 daughters, the 4th child and 2nd son was

CHRISTOPHER[3] (Edward[2] Christopher[1]) (b at Providence about 1666) (d at Scituate, R. I. after 1755) m 1st at Providence about 1669, Elizabeth, daughter of Eleazer and Eleanor (Smith) Arnold (b at _____ about 1670) (d at _____ about 1715) m 2nd about _____, Mary, daughter of _____ and _____ (b _____) (d at _____ after Oct. 1758). He had at least 2 sons and 3 daughters, one son by his first wife being

CHRISTOPHER[4] (Christopher[3] Edward[2] Christopher[1]) (b at _____ about 1695) (d at Scituate, R. I. Jan. 27, 1781) m at Smithfield about 1720, Amity, daughter of Richard and _____ (King) Harris (b at Smithfield 1697) (d at Scituate _____). He had __ sons and __ daughters, one being

DOROTHY[5] (Christopher[4] Christopher[3] Edward[2] Christopher[1]) (b at Scituate Jan. 18, 1727) (d at _____) m at Scituate Mar. 8, 1746, Sylvanus, son of Peter and Priscilla (Kinney) Aldrich (b at Providence Apr. 21, 1722) (d at Smithfield July 6, 1773). They had __ sons and __ daughters, one being Amity.

GEORGE SMITH OF NEW HAVEN, CT.

Reference: A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England. James Savage. Little Brown & Co. Boston. 1860. 4 Vols. Vol. 4. p. 113.

The first information of George Smith is his being at New Haven, Ct. 1639. From whence or when he came or the family name of his wife are not known. He died at New Haven May 17, 1662 leaving Many children married into excellent families; as Savage expresses it, "descendants have been numerous and honorable".

GEORGE[1] (b probably in England about 1620) (d at New Haven, Ct. May 17, 1662) m _____, Sarah, _____ (b _____) (d _____ after 1656 at least). He had at least 10 children of whom one was

ELIZABETH[2] (George[1]) (b at New Haven Sept. 16, 1649) (d _____) m at New Haven Nov. 13, 1669, John, son of William and Esther Hall (b at Guilford, Ct. 1648) (d _____). They had 7 children, of whom the 2nd was Mary.

JOHN SMITH OF LANCASTER, MASS.

Reference: Probate Records Middlesex County, Mass. Vol. 3. p. 174.

Also: History of New London, Connecticut. Francis M. Caulkins. Published by Author. New London, Ct. 1852. xi + 679 pp.

Also: New England Historical and Genealogical Register. Boston, Mass. Jan. 1907. Vol. 61:75.

Also: New London County, Ct. Court Records Vol. 4,5, 6, p. 21.

Also: Probate Records, New London, Ct. Book D. p. 410 and E. p. 375.

Also: Soldier in King Philip's War. Geo. M. Bodge. Private Print. Leominster, Mass. 1896. xiii + 502 pp. pp. 443-5.

John Smith can not be certainly distinguished from others of the name except by his will. This was dated Feb. 12, 1665 and proved July 27, 1669 at Lancaster, Middlesex County, Mass. By it one learns he was a planter, requests burial in the common burial place at Lancaster, and mentions two sons and two daughters. His wife's name was Mary, family name unknown.

JOHN[1] (b probably in England about 1600) (d at Lancaster, Mass. between Feb. 1665, and July 1669) m at _____ about 1620, Mary, _____ (b _____) (d before 1665). They had at least 3 children of whom one was

RICHARD[2] (John[1]) (b _____ about 1623) (d at Lyme, Ct. before June 1682) m at Sudsbury, Mass, Oct. 6, 1647, Mary, daughter of William Kerby Sr. (b _____) (d at Lancaster May 27, 1653) m 2nd at Boston June 2, 1654, Joanna, daughter of _____ and _____ Quarles (b _____) (d at Lyme after June 1682). He had 2 children by his 1st wife and 7 by his 2nd wife. The 4th child was

FRANCIS[3] (Richard[2] John[1]) (b at Lancaster Aug. 26, 1657) (d at Lyme July 11, 1739) m at _____ about 1680, Mary, _____ (b _____ about 1660) (d at Lyme after Aug. 6, 1739). They had at least 6 children of whom one was

ESTHER[4] (Francis[3] Richard[2] John[1]) (b at Lyme about 1703) (d at Lyme Dec. 4, 1774 in 71st year) m probably at Lyme about 1733, Joseph, son of Joseph and Marah (Lee) Beckwith (b at Lyme June 4, 1700) (d at Lyme Aug. 6, 1783 in 84th year). They had 5 children, of whom the youngest was Zenas.

JOHN SMITH OF PROVIDENCE, R. I.

Reference: The Genealogical Dictionary of Rhode Island. J. O. Austin. J. Munsell's Sons. Albany, N. Y. 1887. 449 pp. pp. 380-3.

John Smith, the Mason, so called to distinguish him from John Smith, the Miller, both of Providence, R. I. is first mentioned in Providence Mar. 1, 1654. He was a neighbor of Samuel Comstock and sold him property. After the latters death in 1655, Smith married the widow Anne and died soon after. Little further of significance is known of him.

JOHN[1] (b in England about 1600) (d at Providence, R. I. between Sept. 10, 1659 and Mar. 9, 1660) m 1st in England about 1620, _____, daughter of _____ and _____ _____ (b in England about 1600) (d at _____ before 1656) m 2nd at Providence between 1656 and 1659, Anne, daughter of John and Mary (Whitman) Inman and widow of Samuel Comstock (b at _____) (d at Providence after 1727). He had by his 1st wife at least 1 son

JOHN[2] (John[1]) (b in England about 1623) (d at Providence 1687) m at _____ about 1645, Elizabeth, daughter of _____ and _____ _____ (b at _____ about 1625) (d at Providence after 1706 "very aged"). They had 4 sons and 2 daughters, one son by the way being insane most or all his life. The 4th child and 1st daughter was

ELEANOR[3] (John[2] John[1]) (b at Providence about 1652) (d at Providence after 1722) m at Providence about 1671, Eleazer, son of Thomas and Phebe (Parkhurst) Arnold (b at Providence June 17, 1651) (d at Providence Aug. 29, 1722). They had 4 sons and 6 daughters, one being Phebe.

JOHN SMITH OF PROVIDENCE, R. I.

Reference: The Genealogical Dictionary of Rhode Island. J. O. Austin. J. Munsell's Sons. Albany, N. Y. 1887. 449 pp. pp. 382-5.

Also: Vital Records of Rhode Island. J. N. Arnold. Narragansett Historical Publishing Co. Providence, R. I. 1890 - 20 Vols. Vol. 3 part I. pp. 34, 60 and 61.

John Smith, the Miller, to distinguish him from John Smith, the Mason, both of Providence, R. I. was ordered by the General Court of Massachussetts of Sept. 3, 1635, to "be sent within these six weeks out of this jurisdiction, for divers dangerous opinions which he holdeth and hath divulged, if in the meantime he removes not himself out of these plantations". He was then in Dorchester, Mass.

In 1636, he, with Roger Williams and four others, in the spring or summer made the first settlement of white people in Rhode Island. In 1641 he was made Town Clerk and Mar. 1, 1646 he agreed to put up a mill, the town agreeing to permit no other mill to be erected. His mill was on the southwest side of the Mashausick River.

John Smith died in 1648 and the widow and the oldest son John in 1649 agreed with the town of Providence to continue with the mill and hold the 150 acres around it.

This son John was Ensign in 1654; deputy in 1666-72, and Town Clerk 1672 to 1676. During King Phillip's War his house and mill were burned by the Indians Mar. 30, 1676, the records in his custody being saved by being thrown into the mill pond and subsequently rescued. Roger Williams in April 1677 says they were "saved by God's Providence from fire and water". He died Feb. 22, 1682, his estate inventorying £90:1:9.

JOHN[1] (b in England about 1610) (d at Providence, R. I. about 1648) m probably in England about 1630, Alice, daughter of _____ and _____ (b in England about 1610) (d at Providence after 1650). He had at least 1 son

JOHN[2] (John[1]) (b at _____ about 1630) (d at Providence 1682) m at Providence about 1660, Sarah, daughter of John and Sarah (_____) Whipple (b at Dorchester, Mass. 1642) (d at Providence between 1687 and 1709). They had 7 sons and 3 daughters, the 6th child and 3rd son being

BENJAMIN[3] (John[2] John[1]) (b at Providence about 1672) (d at Providence Apr. 23, 1751) m 1st at Providence Apr. 12, 1693, Mercy, daughter of John and Ruth (Fields) Angell

(b at Providence 1674) (d at Providence Sept. 3, 1721) m 2nd at Providence, Mercy, daughter of _____ and _____ and widow of Resolved Waterman (b _____) (d at Providence before 1750). By his 1st wife he had 6 sons and 6 daughters and by his 2nd, 1 son and 1 daughter. His 4th child and 3rd son was

CAPT. SOLOMON[4] (Benjamin[3] John[2] John[1]) (b at Providence Mar. 4, 1702) (d probably at Glocester, R. I. about ____) m at Glocester Apr. 25, 1725, (name indecipherable on the records) (b at _____ about 1702) (d at _____). They had at least one son

EZEKIEL[5] (Solomon[4] Benjamin[3] John[2] John[1]) (b at Glocester Mar. 13, 1726) (d at _____) m at _____ about 1747, Mary, daughter of _____ and _____ _____ (b at _____ about 1725) (d at _____ after 1768). They had at least 4 sons and 7 daughters, apparently the eldest being

WILLIAM[6] (Ezekiel[5] Solomon[4] Benjamin[3] John[2] John[1]) (b at Glocester Oct. 14, 1748) (d at _____) m at _____ about 1775, Amity, daughter of Sylvanus and Dorothy (Smith) Aldrich (b at Providence Apr. 12, 1750) (d at _____). They had several children, one being

PHEBE[7] (William[6] Ezekiel[5] Solomon[4] Benjamin[3] John[2] John[1]) (b at Smithfield, R. I. May 15, 1781) (d at Westport, Ont. Oct. 4, 1844) m at _____ about _____, Joel, son of Thomas and Mary (Alvord) Judd (b at Harwinton, Ct. June 14, 1777) (d at Westport, Ont. Oct. 4, 1844). They had 18 children, of whom 9 reached adolescence, 5 sons and 4 daughters, one son being Thomas Alvord.

JOSEPH SMITH OF NEW HAVEN, CT.

Reference: Descendants of William and Elizabeth Tuttle (or Tuttel). G. F. Tuttle. Tuttle and Co. Rutland, Vt. 1885. lx + 754 pp.

A careful examination of all Smith data set forth in Savage's Genealogical Dictionary eliminates all, except one, of the Joseph Smiths therein given, as the father of John "son of Joseph Smith Jr." who married Feb. 5, 1717, Martha Newman at New Haven, Ct. The exception is the Joseph Smith on the tax list of New Haven, 1685, but whether the man was the senior or the junior Joseph is not known.

Doubtless the branch of the Smith family in question was of the type current in the New Haven Colony, as the grandson and son John, married into one of the good families there.

JOSEPH[1] (b at _____ about 1640) (d at _____) m at _____ about 1665 _____ _____ (b _____) (d _____). They had at least one son

JOSEPH[2] (Joseph[1] (b at _____ about 1667) (d at _____) m at _____ about 1690 _____ _____ (b _____) (d _____). They had at least one son

JOHN[3] (Joseph[2] Joseph[1]) (b at _____ June 3, 1693) (d at New Haven before 1748) m at New Haven Feb. 5, 1717, Martha, daughter of Samuel and Sarah (Newman) Tuttle (b at New Haven Mar. 18, 1694) (d at New Haven 1734). They had 5 sons and 4 daughters, the 5th child and 3rd daughter being

MEHITABLE[4] (John[3] Joseph[2] Joseph[1]) (b at New Haven Apr. 17, 1726) (d at New Haven of Consumption Oct. 19, 1743) m at New Haven about 1749, Jesse, son of Eliphalet and Abigail (Collins) Luddington (b at New Haven _____ 1722) (d at New Haven of dropsy Feb. 8, 1799). They had 4 sons and 3 daughters, the 2nd child and 1st son being Elam.

MARGARET SMITH OF HARTFORD, CT.

Reference: John Watson of Hartford, Conn., and his Descendants: a Genealogy. Thomas Watson. Private Print. New York. 1865. 45 pp.

The American emigrant ancestor Margaret Smith probably came from England to America with her parents whose names are yet unknown. At any rate she came over on the same ship with John Watson in 1644 and tradition has it that she fell overboard and he saved her life. At any rate they were married shortly after reaching America, probably at Hartford, Ct.

MARGARET[1] (b in England about 1624) (d at Hartford, Ct. between Mar. and Sept. 6, 1683) m probably at Hartford about 1645, John, son of _____ and _____ Watson (b in England about 1620) (d at Hartford between Mar. 26 and June 4, 1650). They had at least 1 son and 2 daughters, the eldest son being John.

ROWLAND STEBBINS OF ROXBURY AND

NORTHAMPTON, MASS.

Reference: The Stebbins Genealogy. Ralph Stebbins Greenlee and Robert Lemuel Greenlee. Private Print. Chicago. 1904. 2 Vols. quarto. Vol. 1. 700 pp. Vol. 2. 701-1386 pp.

Rowland Stebbins was probably born in or near the parish of Stebbing, Essex County, England in 1594 and died in Northampton, Mass. Dec. 4, 1671. He married in England, Sarah, _____ who was born in 1591 and died in Springfield, Mass. Oct. 1649. He and his wife came to America on the "Francis", Capt. John Cutting, sailing from Ipswich the last of April 1634. They settled at Roxbury, Mass. and moved to Agawam and Springfield, Mass. in 1639. There they owned a strip 8 rods wide with its southeast corner at Union and Main streets, Springfield and extending clear across the Connecticut River to the Agawam River. He moved to Northampton after 1664. His estate inventoried £205.

ROWLAND[1] (b in Essex Co., England, 1594) (d at Northampton, Mass. Dec. 4, 1671) m in England, Sarah _____ (b in England 1591) (d at Springfield, Mass. Oct. 1649). They had in England at least 4 children and doubtless more in America. The 3rd was

JOHN[2] (Rowland[1]) (b in England 1626) (d at Northampton Mar. 7, 1678) m at Springfield, Mar. 14, 1646, Ann (Munson) Munden (b _____) (d at Springfield 1656) and m 2nd at Northampton, Mass. Dec. 17, 1657, Abigail, daughter of Robert and Ann Bartlett (b probably at Charlestown, Mass. about 1637) (d at South Hadley Falls, Mass. Oct. 10, 1710). His widow m Dec. 28, 1681, Jedediah Strong, son of Elder John Strong. John Stebbins lived at the lower end of "Pudding Lane", now Hawley Street. His estate inventoried £674. He had 5 children born at Springfield by his 1st wife and 10 children born at Northampton by his 2nd wife. His 10 child was

MARY[3] (John[2]Rowland[1]) (b at Northampton Sept. 10, 1666) (d at Durham, Ct. _____) m at Northampton Nov. 17, 1683, Thomas Strong, son of Thomas and Mary (Hewett) Strong (b Nov. 16, 1661) (d at Durham _____). They moved to Durham shortly after 1708. They had 11 children all born at Northampton, of whom the 4th was Mary.

GEORGE STEELE OF HARTFORD, CT.

Reference: Steele Family. A Genealogical History of John and George Steele (settlers of Hartford, Conn.) 1635-6, and their Descendants. D. S. Durrie. Munsell and Rowland. Albany. 1859 x + 145 pp.

George Steele's name appears but a few times on the public records. All the evidence plainly indicates he was an elder brother of John Steele next following. With this John Steele he appears to have come to New England; with him was proprietor of lands in New Town (afterwards Cambridge) Mass. in 1632; was admitted freeman at the General Court of Massachusetts in May 1634; was one of the company in the settlement of Hartford, Ct. in 1635 or 6; was a juryman in 1643, etc. He lived on the lane, now Washington Street, southeast of Trinity College.

GEORGE[1] (b in Essex County, England about 1583) (d at Hartford, Ct. 1663 "very old") m _____ (b _____) (d _____). They had at least 2 daughters and 2 sons, of whom the youngest was

JAMES[2] (George[1]) b in England about 1628) (d at Hartford after 1676) m 1st at Guilford, Ct. Oct. 18, 1651, Anna, daughter of John and Ann (_____) Bishop (b about 1631) (d at Hartford 1676) m 2nd, Bethia, widow of Deacon Samuel Stocking (b _____) (d _____). The Colonial records state "In 1657-8 he was listed as a trooper in the war with the Pequots. In 1662, appointed by the General Court with Wm. Wadsworth, to lay out the lands in Hommanasett. In 1672 appointed with others to run the dividing line between the towns of Lyme and New London---In 1675 he was appointed Commisary in the King Philip's War, and was allowed at the rate of fifty pounds per annum, as compensation for his services. His dwelling house was on the old plan of Hartford, south of Little River"

By his 1st wife he had 2 sons and 4 daughters of whom the 2nd child and 1st son was

LIEUT. JAMES[3] (James[2] George[1]) (b at Hartford about 1650) (d at Hartford 1712) m at Hartford about 1690, Sarah, daughter of Bartholomew and Sarah (Birchood) Barnard (b at Hartford Dec. 3, 1648) (d at Hartford 1730). His estate inventories £878, his wife's £744. They had 2 sons and 4 daughters, of whom the youngest was

ELIZABETH[4] (James[3] James[2] George[1]) (b at Hartford about 1695) (d at Hartford before 1722) m at Hartford July 27, 1715, Cyprian, son of John and Anna (_____) Watson (b at Hartford Jan. 16, 1689-90) (d at Hartford Dec. 30, 1753). They had 2 sons, the 1st child being Zachariah.

JOHN STEELE OF HARTFORD, CT.

Reference: Steele Family. A Genealogical History of John and George Steele (Settlers of Hartford, Conn.) 1635-6, and Their Descendants. Daniel S. Durrie. Munsell and Rowland. Albany, N. Y. 1859. x + 145 pp.

Also: A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England. James Savage. Little & Co. Boston. 1860. 4 Vols. Vol. 4. p. 180.

John Steele probably came to America from Essex County, England, about 1630 bringing his wife Rachel and at least two children. He first lived in Dorchester or Cambridge, Mass. where he was made freeman May 14, 1634. He was a brother of George Steele who was made freeman the same day. They both moved to Hartford, Ct. with Hooker in 1636 where they were of great service. George was one of the Commission from Massachusetts to govern the first colonists of Connecticut and almost continuously was a representative to the General Court from 1637 to 1659. He died in 1663 "very old". John was appointed with Pynchon, Ludlow, Wyllys, Haynes, Hopkins, Welles, and Spencer to administer government during the Great Exodus to Connecticut (which was continued two or three years in a state of pupilage). Like George, he was almost steadily a representative to the General Courts from 1637 to 1657 and was a town clerk of Hartford until he moved to Farmington, Ct. 1645. He was one of the founders of Hartford and his name is on the Founders Monument in the old Cemetery there. His wife Rachel died 1653 and he married as second wife Nov. 23, 1655, Mercy, probably the widow of Richard Seymour, and died in 1664 or 1665. On Mar. 31, 1657 one daughter, Mary, Married William Judd and another, Lydia, married James Bird. Another daughter, Sarah, married Thomas Judd.

JOHN[1] (b in England about 1590) (d at Farmington, Ct. Nov. 25, 1665) m in England, Rachel _____ (b in England about 1605) (d at Farmington 1653) m 2nd at Farmington Nov. 23, 1655, Mercy, _____ probably widow of Richard Seymour (b _____) (d _____). John and Rachel had at least 7 children, of whom one was

SARAH[2] (John[1]) (b at Hartford, Ct. 1638) (d at Farmington May 22, 1695) m at Farmington 1658, Lieut. Thomas, son of Thomas and Ann _____ Judd (b at Hartford about 1638) (d at Farmington Jan. 18, 1703). They moved to Waterbury, Ct. in 1677. They had at least 4 children, one being John.

JOHN STEVENS OF GUILFORD, CT.

Reference: A Genealogy of the Lineal Descendants of John Stevens who settled in Guilford, Conn. in 1645. Charlotte S. Holmes. Private Print. Elmira, N. Y. 1906. 162.

John Stephens came from England, probably Kent, to New Haven, Ct. in the second ship which arrived from England, July 1639, and which brought 24 persons most of whom settled in Guilford, Ct. The 46 original planters of Guilford included John and Thomas Stephens, and they were all of two ranks then classed in England as gentlemen and commonality. None were poor and fewer were servants. The former were men of means and bore the appelation of "Mr.", the others "Goodman" or "Neighbor". They were all husbandmen by profession, no tradesmen or blacksmiths among them.

"Mr." John Stephens was a Judge at Guilford in 1645. In 1650 he gave his name and the names of his sons Thomas and William in the first list of settlers spelling it "Stephens". All later records are "Steevens" and "Stevens", the former being common.

He was an Episcopalian, Church of England, but he must have joined the Church at Guilford before 1656, as he is recorded as a freeman in that year, to which he had to belong to the church of the colony.

JOHN[1] (b in England about 1605) (d at Guilford, Ct. Sept. 1, 1670) m in England _____ (b _____) (d no doubt in England before 1639). He had 4 children of whom the 3rd was

WILLIAM[2] (John[1]) (b in England 1630) (d at Guilford Jan. 1703) m at Guilford Mar. 3, 1653, Mary, daughter of John and Thomasin (Fry) Meigs (b in Weymouth, England 1633) (d probably at Guilford about 1678) m 2nd after 1680, Sarah, _____, widow of David Carpenter of New London, Ct., who was at Nahantick Ferry, Ct. in 1680 (b _____) (d at Guilford Apr. 30, 1703). He had 7 children all by his first wife, of whom the youngest was

MARY[3] (William[2] John[1]) (b at Killingworth Nov. 2, 1677) (d at New London Oct. 20, 1718) m at Killingworth Dec. 1, 1696, Joseph, son of Gabriel and Elizabeth (Abbott) Harris (b at New London Jan. 16, 1673) (d at New London 1734). They had 10 children, of whom the 9th was John.

FRANCIS STILES OF WINDSOR, CT.

Reference: The History and Genealogies of Ancient Windsor, Connecticut. Henry R. Stiles. Case Lockwood and Brainard Co.. Hartford, Ct. 1892. 2 Vols. Vol. 2. pp. 700-721. pp. 462-504.

Also: The Stiles Family in America, Genealogies of the Connecticut Family. H. R. Stiles. Doan and Pilson. Jersey City, N. J. 1895. xii + 782 pp.

Francis, Henry, and John and Thomas Stiles, all brothers, came to America together on the "Christian", John White, Master, which sailed from London Mar. 1635. A sister came at another time. Henry, the eldest was baptized Nov. 27, 1593 at Milbrook near Ampthill, County Bedford, England, and admitted a citizen of London Apr. 2, 1632. Francis was baptized Aug. 1, 1602 and Thomas Feb. 7, 1613. All three were the children of Thomas Stiles, a carpenter, and his wife Maria, both of whom died 1614, well along in years. Francis brought to America his wife Joanne. He had at least four sons and no doubt one of these was one of the two children of the Stiles party on the "Christian".

He stopped a short time at Dorchester, Mass., but was of Windsor, Ct. in 1636 and one of the first freemen of Connecticut, Sept. 10, 1640. He was a carpenter in London but seems to have been more of a farmer in this country. Henry and John were also of Windsor but where Thomas located is uncertain, the only thing definitely known is that, as the assault on the Pequots in their last shelter of the swamp in 1637 he was shot, but not hurt, by an arrow striking his neckerchief.

While in London Francis, who seems to have been a more active and enterprising spirit than the others, in some way attracted the attention of Sir Richard Saltonstall, one of a company of English noblemen who, disgusted with affairs under Charles I, determined to go to America and secure a patent. The patent granted by the Earl of Warwick in 1631 was to Viscount Say and Seal, Lords Brook and Rich, Sir Nathaniel Rich, Sir Richard Saltonstall and six others, and covered the greater part of the present State of Connecticut and extended west to the Pacific Ocean. These men were the choicest of England's sons from most points of view and handled things well. In twelve years, from 1629 to 1642, four thousand men, about three thousand families, and a total of 15,000 to 20,000 people, for the sake of pure religion, fled from England and the persecutions of Charles I and Archbishop Laud and settled in New England.

Francis was steward to Sir Richard Saltonstall and was employed by his to build a park at the upper end of Windsor. He was a man of large affairs and clannishly attached to his brothers. On June 16, 1635, the "Christian" arrived at Boston and Francis and forty men went at once to the Patent. They arrived at Windsor, July 1, 1635, a day or two after a party from the Massachusetts Colony, and a dispute arose which was a long time in being settled by Gov. Winthrop and Saltonstall. The matter was finally compromised and the Stiles brothers merged into the Windsor settlement.

THOMAS[1] (b at Milbrook near Ampthill, Bedford County, England, about 1540) (d at Milbrook 1614) m in England, Maria, _____ (b _____) (d at Milbrook 1614). They had 8 children, of whom 1 daughter and 4 sons came to America. Of these one was

FRANCIS[2] (Thomas[1]) (b at Milbrook, England Aug. 1, 1602) (d at Windsor, Ct., by 1653) m in England about 1632, Joan, (possibly Sarah) _____ (b in England about 1610) (d at New Haven as Mrs. Robert Clark, 1682). They had at least 6 children of whom one was

MARY[3] (Francis[2] Thomas[1]) (b at Windsor before 1640) (d at Derby, Ct. Jan. 11, 1712) m at Windsor about 1660, Hope, son of William and _____ Washburn (b about 1635 _____) (d at Derby 1696). They had 7 children back at Stratford, Ct., of whom the 3rd was William.

SAMUEL STOCKS OF HUDDERSFIELD, ENGLAND.

Reference: Records of Parish Church, Huddersfield, England. Examined Aug. 31, 1920 by H. T. Cory.

Little is known of Samuel Stocks, other than that he was a native of Delvis, near Huddersfield, and was buried by the Rector of the Huddersfield, Episcopalian Church, the entry being:" Samuel Stocks, of Delvis, died January 9, 1816, aged 69 years." His daughter Jane signed her name to her marriage certificate of Feb. 15, 1801, so at least all his children were literate.

SAMUEL[1] (b _____ 1747) (d at Delvis, near Huddersfield, Yorkshire, England, Jan. 9, 1816) m _____ _____ (b _____) (d _____). He had at least 1 son and 1 daughter

JANE[2] (Samuel[1]) (b probably at Delvis 1777) (d at Huddersfield, Mar. 15, 1845) m at Huddersfield Feb. 15, 1801, Joseph, son of Thomas and Ann (_____) Stoney (b at Hetton, bapt. Apr. 17, 1768) (d at Huddersfield 1817). They had 2 sons and 3 daughters, the oldest son being Samuel.

JOHN STONE OF SALEM, MASS.

Reference: History of the Town and City of Gloucester, Cape Ann, Massachusetts. James R. Pringle. Private Print. Gloucester, Mass, 1892. 340 pp. p. 42.

Also: A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England. James Savage. Little Brown & Co. Boston. 1860. 4 Vols. Vol. 4. p. 205.

John Stone came to America from London on the "Elizabeth" in 1635, aged 40 years. He settled first in Salem, Mass. where he was granted land in 1637 and in Dec. 1636 was by town vote made the keeper of the so-called Beverly ferry, the first mention of it at Salem. He was one of the founders of the Beverly Church on June 23, 1667 where he is designated as John Stone, Senior. Little further is known of him and his descendants except that the latter are numerous in the very early records of Salem, Beverly, etc.

JOHN[1] (b in England 1595) (d after 1667) m probably in England about 1618 _____ (b _____) (d _____). He had several children of whom one was

MARY[2] (John[1]) (b probably in England about 1620) (d probably at Newtown, L. I. after 1662) m at Gloucester, Mass. Sept. 4, 1641, Thomas, son of _____ Cornish (b in England about 1615) (d at Newtown 1662). They had at least 5 children, one being Mary.

SAMUEL STONEY OF PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Reference: Family Bible of Samuel and Hannah (Berry) Stoney below

Also: The Register of St. Peters, Rylstone (England) C. H. Lowe, M. A., Rector of Rylestone, with Conistone, Petty and Sons. Ltd. Leeds. 1892. 2 Vols. Vol. 1. v + 204 pp. and Vol. 2. 159 pp.

Also: Records of the Parish of Huddersfield Diocese of Ripon County of York, England.

Samuel Stoney brought his wife, Hannah, two sons and one daughter, from Huddersfield, England, to Philadelphia, Pa., on the maiden trip of the steamship "Captain West" which arrived in Philadelphia May 15, 1840.

His English ancestry was relatively easily traced, through the published records of Rylston Parish. The earliest records of this Parish show that the Stoneys lived over 200 years ago, at or near Kettlewell, in the Valley of the River Wharfe, called Wharfedale, in the West Riding of Yorkshire. The Kettlewell registers before 1660 are lost; but probably the Stoneys had for a long time before resided in their own lands in the secluded neighborhood of Kettlewell, a quaint village at the foot of extensive moors, which boasts of being the most ancient settlement in the Wharfe Valley. One of the family, Christopher Stoney, a Leeds Merchant, writes in 1770: "I am the first of our Yorkshire family which ever was in ye mercantile way"; and "When I came into this country from ye Desserts (so I may calle it) where I had scarce seen men, I knew not one person but one in this part of the world."

Rylston is historically associated with the "Rising in the North" 1569, which is commemorated in Wordsworth's Poem, "The White Doe of Rylston."

Joseph Stoney[6] was born near Rylston Parish, Kettlewell, Yorkshire, England, about 1768. He went as a young man to Huddersfield, about 40 miles southerly, doubtless because his cousin Thomas Stockdale, a cotton-spinner of Cracow had gone there, and, on Feb. 8, 1801, he married in the established (Episcopalian) Church, after publication of banns, Jane Stocks, of Huddersfield. He is understood to have been a weaver; and further to have come from a family whose seat was Banktop Hall, the location of which is now not known. He died in 1816 or 1817 or typhus fever; and his wife died Mar. 11, 1845, both in Huddersfield. They had five children, four of whom came to America, viz. Lucy, who married at Huddersfield, 1823,

William Stead; Sarah, who married in England, Benjamin Bromley; Benjamin, who never married, and was drowned, with a number of other Union Troops while crossing the St. James River in Virginia, on pontoon bridge in 1863; and Samuel, the fifth child. Nannie married Joseph Starkey and remained in England.

Samuel was a weaver and lived in Fixby Park, just outside of Huddersfield, from shortly after his marriage on Apr. 12, 1831, until coming to America nine years later May 15, 1840. Just a month later the youngest child, Sarah, died in the strange land.

In 1843-1844, he lived in one side of a double house on Warren Street, Philadelphia; in the other side being his wife's sister Mary and husband, William Robinson. Later, in 1844, he moved to a house on Green Lane, in Manayunk, now a part of Philadelphia, and lived there until 1852; then he moved to Ohio, and took charge of a mill owned by Zimri Stubbs, at Stubtown, on the Little Miama River near Morrow, in Warren County. A couple of years later he went to Indiana to take charge of a mill owned by Silas White on Indian Creek, near Montmorenci, living on the so-called King farm. Malaria impelled him to go back to Manayunk in 1854, where he remained until soon after the Civil War, when he again went west, living a time at Albion, Indiana, and finally settling at Cleveland, Ohio, by 1870. After his wife's death in 1880 he lived with his youngest daughter, Mrs. J. W. Corcoran, at Toronto, where he died Mar. 18, 1891.

He was a devout Methodist, and very musical, composing the words and music of several hymns, one when he was 79 years old. He was a typical, dignified English gentleman.

JOHN[1] (b _____) (d at Kettlewell after 1890) m Isabell _____ _____ (b _____) (d buried at Kettlewell May 1, 1690). No doubt one of their children was

GEORGE[2] (John[1]) (b near Kettlewell, Yorkshire, England about 1650) (d buried at Rylston, Oct. 26, 1723) m at Rylston Jan. 6, 1675-6, Mary Moorhouse, _____ (b at or near Rylston about 1655) (d _____). They had 6 sons and 3 daughters, One of whom was

JOHN[3] (George[2] John[1]) (bapt. at Rylston May 12, 1678) (d _____) m about 1706, _____ _____ (b _____) (d _____). He had at least 2 sons and 1 daughter, of whom the 2nd child was

JOHN[4] (John[3] George[2] John[1]) (b at Hetton and bapt. at Rylston Aug. 31, 1707) (d at Hetton, and buried June 18, 1768)

m at Rylston, by Rev. Mr. Matthew Knowles, Aug. 22, 1739, Easter Harding (b at Scalehouse about 1715) (d at Hetton and buried June 12, 1761). They had at least 5 children of whom the 2nd was

THOMAS[5] (John[4] John[3] George[2] John[1]) (b at Hetton and bapt. at Rylston Sept. 26, 1742) (d after 1809) m Ann, _____ (b about 1739) (d at Cracow, Apr. 29, 1809, aged 70). She may have been a 2nd wife. He had at least 3 sons and 4 daughters, of whom one was

JOSEPH[6] (Thomas[5] John[4] John[3] George[2] John[1]) (b at Hetton and bapt. at Rylston, Apr. 17, 1768) (d at Huddersfield, Yorkshire, England about 1817) m at Huddersfield Feb. 15, 1801, Jane, daughter of Samuel Stocks (b at Delvis 1777) (d at Huddersfield Mar. 11, 1845, aged 67 years). They had 2 sons and 3 daughters, of whom the youngest child was

SAMUEL[7] (Joseph[6] Thomas[5] John[4] John[3] George[2] John[1]) (b at Huddersfield Oct. 1, 1811) (d at Tortonto, Ont. Mar. 18, 1891) m at Queen St. Chapel (Episcopal) Huddersfield, Apr. 12, 1831, Hannah, daughter of Abrahm and Sarah (Dickson) Berry (b at Huddersfield Dec. 15, 1807) (d at Cleveland, Ohio, Dec. 25, 1880). They had 3 sons and 6 daughters, of whom the 5th child and 4th daughter was

CAROLINE[8] (Samuel[7] Joseph[6] Thomas[5] John[4] John[3] George[2] John[1]) (b at Philadelphia, Pa. Dec. 21, 1842) (d _____) m at Philadelphia Dec. 29, 1862, Thomas, son of Elnathan and Susannah (Herr) Cory (b near Montmorenci, Ind. Feb. 10, 1838) (d at Berkeley, Calif. May 30, 1915). They had 2 sons and 2 daughters, the 2nd child and 1st son being Harry Thomas,

ELDER JOHN STRONG OF WINDSOR, CT. AND NORTHAMPTON, MASS.

Reference: The History of the Descendants of Elder John Strong of Northampton, Mass. Benj. W. Dwight. Joel Munsell. Albany, N. Y. 1871. 2 Vols. Vol. 1. iix + 764. Vol. 2. 765-1531 pp.

The Strong family was originally located in the county Shrophire, England. One member married an Heiress of Griffith of the county of Caernarvon, Wales and went thither to reside in 1545. Richard Strong was of this branch and was born then in 1561. In 1590 he moved to Taunton, Somersetshire, England, where he died in 1613, leaving a son John, 8 years old and a daughter Eleanor. This John, born in Taunton, England, in 1605 moved to London and thence to Plymouth, England. Having strong Puritan sympathies, he sailed upon the "Mary and John", Capt. Squeb, with 140 Puritans headed by Rev. John Warham, Rev. John Maverick and Messers. John Mason and Roger Clapp, leaving Plymouth, Mar. 20, 1630 and arriving at Nantasket, Mass. (Hull) about 12 miles southeast of Boston, Mass. May 30, 1630.

Eleanor Strong came along and married Walter Deane of Taunton, Mass.

In 1635, after having assisted in founding the town of Dorchester, Mass. Elder Strong moved to Hingham, Mass. and on Mar. 9, 1636 took the freeman oath at Boston. In Dec. 4, 1638 he was a proprietor of Taunton, Mass. and that year was made a freeman of Plymouth Colony. He was a Deputy to the General Court in Plymouth in 1641-3 and 4. Then he moved to Windsor, Ct. and helped Capt. John Mason, Roger Ludlow, Israel Stroughton and Henry Wolcott "to superintend and bring forward the settlement of the place." In 1659 he moved to Northampton, Mass. where he lived 40 years and was a leading man in the civic and church affairs. His tannery was located on what is now (1871) the southwest corner of Market and Main Streets near the railroad depot. He was ordained Elder June 13, 1663.

His first wife, name unknown, died en route to America or shortly after. In Dec. 1630 he married Abigail Ford of Dorchester, Mass. who died July 6, 1688 aged about 80. He died Apr. 14, 1699. She was the daughter of Thomas Ford and wife, name unknown, who also came to America on the "Mary and John".

RICHARD[1] (b at Caernarvon, Wales 1561) (d at Taunton, Somersetshire, England 1613) m _____. He had at least 2 children, of whom one was

JOHN[2] (Richard[1]) (b at Taunton, Somersetshire, England 1605)

(d at Northampton, Mass. Apr. 14, 1699) m 1st in England _____ (b _____) (d about Mar. 1630) and m 2nd at Dorchester (Boston) Mass. Dec. 1630, Abigail, daughter of Thomas and _____ (_____) Ford (b in England 1608) (d at Northampton July 6, 1688). He had 18 children, 16 of whom were by his 2nd wife. The 3rd (1st by the 2nd wife) was

THOMAS[3] (John[2] Richard[1]) (b at Dorchester, Mass. 1631) (d at Northampton, Mass. Oct. 3, 1689) m at Windsor, Ct. Dec. 5, 1660, Mary, daughter of Rev. Ephriam and Isabel (_____) Hewett of Windsor, Ct. (bapt. at Windsor Aug. 2, 1640) (d at Northampton Feb. 20, 1670-1) and m 2nd Rachael Halton, daughter of Deacon William Halton of Northampton (b _____) (d _____) who married 2nd Nathan Bradley of East Guilford [illegible] Madison, Ct. Thomas was a trooper at Windsor in 1658 under Major Mason. He moved to Northampton in 1659 with his father.

Thomas Strong had 5 children by his first wife and 11 by his second. The eldest was

THOMAS[4] (Thomas[3] John[2] Richard[1]) (b Nov. 16, 1661) (d at Durham, Ct. _____) m at Northampton Nov. 17, 1683, Mary, daughter of John and Abigail (Bartlett) Stebbins (b at Northampton Sept. 10, 1666) (d at Durham, _____). They had 11 children of whom the 4th was

MARY[5] (Thomas[4] Thomas[3] John[2] Richard[1]) (b at Northampton Dec. 29, 1690) (d at Middletown, Conn. prior to 1768) m as his 2nd wife, Thomas Alvord, son of Thomas and Joanna (Taylor) Alvord (b at Northampton Aug. 28, 1683) (d at Chatham, Ct. Dec. 29, 1768). They had 7 children, of whom the eldest was Thomas.

PETER TALLMAN OF PORTSMOUTH, R. I.

Reference: A Genealogical Dictionary of Rhode Island, etc., J. O. Austin. J. Munsell's Sons, Albany, N. Y. 1887. 447 pp. pp. 196-7

Also: Eliza E. Rogers, Mss. in Connecticut Historical Society. Hartford, Ct.

Also: Honorable Peleg Tallman, 1764-1841, his Ancestors and Descendants. William M. Emery. Thomas Todd Co., Boston, 1935. xi - 260 pp.

Peter Tallman was a son of Henry and Anna (-) Tallman (Thalmann?) of Hamburg, Germany, where Peter was born in 1623. He was made a freeman in Hamburg, August 14, 1646 and the following year went to the Barbadoes, where, January 2, 1649, he married Ann, daughter of Philip and Ann Hill of that place. Shortly after he, with his wife, mother-in-law Ann Hill, and brother-in-law Robert Hill, went to Portsmouth, R. I. where he was made freeman in 1655. He appears to have been an Apothecary but he also was General Solicitor for the Rhode Island Colony in 1661, and a Deputy, 1661-1665. Quite possibly his public career was checked by his securing a divorce by the legislature in May, 1665 from his wife Ann. Later that year he married his second wife, Joan Briggs, and about 1686 a third wife, Esther_____. The inventory of his estate in Portsmouth was made in 1708.

Peter (b in Hamburg, Germany 1623) (d at Portsmouth, R. I. 1708) m 1st in the Barbadoes, January 2, 1649, Ann, daughter of Philip and Ann (-) Hill (b in England or the Barbadoes about 1630) (d probably in Rhode Island before 1665) m 2nd at Taunton, R. I., July 24, 1665, Joan Birggs (b) (d) and m 3rd about 1686 Esther_____ (b) (d) By his 1st wife he had 1 son and 5 daughters; by his 2nd, 4 sons and 1 daughter and by his 3rd, 2 sons. The 4th child and 3rd daughter (by his 1st wife) was

SUSANA[2] (Peter[1]) (b in Portsmouth about 1660) (d in East Lyme, Ct. after 1715) m 1st in Portsmouth about 1677 Joseph, son of Matthew and Elizabeth (_____) Beckwith (b at Lyme, Ct., about 1641) (d at Lyme before 1715) m 2nd at_____ before 1716, Ensign Joseph Way (b) (d) By her 1st husband she had at least 2 children, one being Joseph.

JOHN TAYLOR OF WINDSOR, CT.

Reference: A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England. James Savage. Little Brown & Co. Boston. 1862. 4 Vols. Vol. 4. pp. 261-2.

Also: A Genealogy of the Descendants of Alexander Alvord, an early settler of Windsor, Conn., and Northampton, Mass. Samuel M. Alvord. A. A. Andrews. Webster, N. Y. 1908. 823 pp.

John Taylor was in Windsor, Ct. in 1640 and little else is known of him. He was in esteem there in 1644, but either died soon after or removed to some other place. His son, John, swore allegiance at Hadley, Mass., Feb. 8, 1679 and he moved to Northampton, Mass. where he became freeman in 1683. He was, according to Savage, "a very valuable citizen, captain of the troop of Hampshire, and killed by Indians May 13, 1704 when in pursuit of them after their destruction of Pascomuck." He was killed in the present limits of Easthampton while going to the rescue of those captured in the so-called Pascomuck Massacre.

JOHN[1] (b in England ____) (d probably at Windsor, Ct. about 1644) m _____ (b _____) (d _____). One of his children was

JOHN[2] (John[1]) (b probably in America about 1640) (d at Easthampton, Mass. May 13, 1704) m at Northampton, Mass. Dec. 18, 1662, Thankful, daughter of Henry and Elizabeth (_____) Woodward (b at Dorchester, Mass. about 1643) (d _____. They had several children, of whom one was

JOANNE[3] (John[2] John[1]) (b at Northampton Sept. 27, 1665) (d at Northampton Feb. 28, 1737-8) m 1st at Northampton Mar. 22, 1681, Thomas, son of Alexander and Mary (Vore) Alvord (b at Windsor, Oct. 27, 1653) (d at Northampton July 22, 1688) m 2nd _____ Deliverance Bridgeman. By Thomas she had 4 children, all born at Northampton, and 2nd being Thomas,

RICHARD TEW OF PORTSMOUTH, R. I.

Reference: A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England. James Savage. Little Brown & Co., Boston. 1860. 4 Vols. Vol. 4. p. 270.

Richard Tew, styled son and heir of Henry came to Portsmouth, R. I. in 1640 and removed to Newport in 1654 where he was on the list of freemen in 1655. He was a representative and assistant of the Rhode Island Colony and was one of the grantees of the Royal Charter in 1663.

He married in England, Mary, daughter of William Clark of Hardwick Priors, County of Warwick, England, and had a daughter born on the voyage over, June 4, 1640 and who was named Seaborn.

He was an important man in the Rhode Island Colony, and later became a Quaker.

RICHARD[1] (b in England about 1615) (d at Newport, R. I. after 1663) m in Warwick County, England about 1638, Mary, daughter of William and _____ Clark (b probably at Hardwick Priors, Warwick County, England about 1618) (d at Newport, R. I. about 1670). They had at least 2 sons and 3 daughters, one being

ELETHAN[2] (Richard[1]) (b at Portsmouth, R. I. Oct. 15, 1644) (d at _____ after 1685) m at Newport Nov. 3, 1664, Thomas, son of _____ and _____ Harris (b in England about 1620) (d at Providence 1686). They had at least 7 sons and 3 daughters, and the 2nd child and son being Richard.

JOHN THOMPSON OF NEW HAVEN, CT.

Reference: A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England. James Savage. Little Brown and Co. Boston. 1860. 4 Vols. Vol. 3. pp. 285-286.

John Thompson of New Haven, Ct. was the first of many by that name there. He brought several children and probably a wife with him from England. Possibly by the same and possibly by another wife, married in this country, he had in New Haven 3 more children. Nothing definite is known of his English antecedents, but he probably came to America in the company headed by the Rev. Mr. Davenport who had been a minister in England. This group arrived in Boston, Mass. July 26, 1637. They left Boston in a few months, sailing Mar. 30, and arrived in New Haven, Apr. 18, 1638, on which day the Rev. Mr. Davenport preached the first sermon ever heard in New Haven, his text being Matt. 6:1. John Thompson was one of the signers of the New Haven covenant June 4, 1639 at a meeting of male church members held in Mr. Robert Newman's barn. He died about 1656 and his widow married that year Thomas Harrison but the estate was not settled for several years after her death. There were 7 children entitled to shares, the first John, receiving a double share.

JOHN[1] (b in England about 1606) (d at New Haven, Ct. about 1656) m probably in England _____ May have married second time; widow m 2nd at New Haven 1656, Thomas, Harrison (b _____) (d _____). John had 7 children of whom the eldest was

JOHN[2] (John[1]) (b in England about 1630) (d at East Haven, Ct. Feb. 13, 1694) m at New Haven May 22, 1666, Priscilla, daughter of Thomas and Priscilla (_____) Powell (b at New Haven Dec. 1, 1642) (d _____). He was called for distinction John Thompson, son the farmer. They had at least 7 children, of whom the 6th was

ABIGAIL[3] (John[2] John[1]) (b at East Haven Feb. 24, 1680) (d at _____) m at East Haven Sept. 8, 1698, Daniel, son of William and Sarah (Maskill) Collins (b at New Haven May 28, 1677) (d at New Haven _____). They had several children, one being Abigail.

THOMAS THURBER OF SWANSEA, MASS.

Reference: A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England. James Savage. Little Brown & Co. Boston. 1862. 4 Vols. Vol. 4. p. 295.

Also: Vital Records of Rhode Island. J. N. Arnold. Naragansett Hist. Pub. Co. Providence, R. I. 18 20 Vol. Vol. p.

Nothing seems to be yet known of Thomas Thurber prior to his marriage, Feb. 23, 1677 to Ruth Boussigot of Warwick, R. I. He had at least three daughters, Ruth, born July 16, 1682; Abigail Oct. 31, 1683; and Mary, Sept. 18, 1686.

THOMAS[1] (b at _____ about 1655) (d _____) m at Warwick, R. I. Feb. 23, 1677, Ruth, daughter of Peter and Mary (_____) Boussigot (b at _____ about 1657) (d at _____ _____). They had at least 3 daughters, of whom the youngest of these 3 was

MARY[2] (Thomas[1]) (b at Swansea, Mass. Sept. 18, 1686) (d at Swansea, Mass. Dec. 26, 1759) m at _____ about 1703, Richard, son of John and _____ (_____) Harding (b at Swansea 1678) (d at Swansea May 15, 1748). They had at least 4 sons and 5 daughters, the youngest son being Benjamin.

JOHN TILLEY OF PLYMOUTH, MASS.

Reference: A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England. James Savage. Little Brown & Co. Boston. 4 Vols. Vol. 4. 1862. pp. 302-3.

Also: A Brief Genealogical and Biographical History of Arthur, Henry and John Howland and their descendants etc. Franklyn Howland. Private Print. New Bedford, Mass. 1885. 463 pp.

John Tilley, his wife, Elizabeth, and daughter Elizabeth, came over in the "Mayflower" with (doubtless) his brother Edward and wife Ann and "their cousins" Henry Sampson and Humility Cooper. Humility went back home and died. John and his wife and Edward and his wife all died the first winter. Elizabeth, John's daughter, outlived all her fellow passengers, except three who were younger; while Henry Sampson, who was too small to sign the immortal Compact, but did participate in the division of cattle in 1627, married Feb. 6, 1636, Ann Plummer, and died Dec. 24, 1684.

The antecedents of these Tilleys is still unknown.

JOHN[1] (b in England about 1580) (d at Plymouth, Mass. 1621) m Elizabeth _____ (b _____) (d at Plymouth 1621). They had at least 1 daughter

ELIZABETH[2] (John[1]) (b in England or Holland about 1606) (d at Plymouth Dec. 21, 1687) m at Plymouth 1623 or 1624, John, son of Humphrey Howland (b in England 1592 or 3) (d at Plymouth Feb. 23, 1672). They had 4 sons and 6 daughters, the 2nd daughter being Hope.

HENRY TOMLINSON OF STRATFORD, CT.

Reference: Henry Tomlinson and his Descendants in America. Samuel Orcutt. Price, Lee and Adkins Co. New Haven, Ct. 1891. xvii + 228 pp.

"George Tomlinson was married to Maria Hyde in January 1600 at St. Peter's Church."

"Henry Tomlinson, son of George and Maria Tomlinson, was baptized at St. Peter's Church in November 1606."

The foregoing are copies of records from the Parish Register of St. Werburgh Derby, Derbyshire, England, where the family history runs back several hundred years further. Probably George Tomlinson was a native of Yorkshire.

Henry Tomlinson brought to America with him a coat of arms which is still in the family, and in 1897 was held by Mrs. Katherine Plant Sterling of Stratford, Ct. By its ornamentation it seems that his family was descended thru some line of royality.

When he came to America it is not exactly known but he brought with him his wife, Alice and two or more children. He settled in Milford, Ct. in 1652. In 1656 he moved to Stratford, Ct. where on Apr. 1, 1657 he bought "an estate" of Josua Atwater. In 1668 he bought land at Derby, Ct. from Joseph Hawley and gave it to a son. In 1671 he bought enough lands in New Milford, Ct. for a township and divided it among some of his children. He died at Stratford Mar. 16, 1681 and his estate inventoried £509:15:8 in addition to a large tract of land, value of which was not fixed. His widow married John Birdsey in 1668.

GEORGE[1] (b probably in Yorkshire, England about 1575) (d _____ after 1606) m at St. Werburgh Derby, England, Jan. 1600, Maria Hyde, _____ (b _____) (d _____ after 1606). They had at least one child

HENRY[2] (George[1]) (b at St. Werburgh, Derby, England Nov. 1606) (d at Stratford, Ct. Mar. 16, 1681) m in England about _____ Alice Hyde _____ (b in England about 1608) (d at Stratford as Mrs. John Birdsey Jan. 25, 1698, aged 90). They had 10 children of whom the 5th was

TABITHA[3] (Henry[2] George[1]) (b at _____) (d at Derby, Ct. after 1689) m at Stratford 1669 as his 2nd wife, Edward Wooster _____ (b in England 1622) (d at Derby July 8, 1689). They had 6 children, of whom the 2nd was Hannah.

WILLIAM TUTTLE OF NEW HAVEN, CT.

Reference: Descendants of William and Elizabeth Tuttle (or Tuttel). George F. Tuttle. Tuttle and Co. Rutland, Vt. 1883. lx + 754 pp.

William Tuttle, "husbandman", and his wife, Elizabeth came to America on the ship "Planter", Nicholas Travice, Master, leaving Gravesend, England, in April and arriving at Boston, Mass. in July 1635. From what part of England he came, the maiden name of his wife, and the place and date of his marriage are as yet unknown. He moved to New Haven, Ct. in 1638 and was one of those who signed the New Haven church covenant, in Newman's barn June 4, 1638. In 1641 he bought from Edward Hopkins, later Governor of Connecticut, his home lot which included about two thirds of the present square bounded by State, Wall, Orange and Grove Streets. In 1654 he bought from Joshua Atwater the lot 200 feet on Chapel Street and 270 feet on College Street. He lived there and both he and his widow died there, the latter 30 years after its purchase or in 1686. In 1717 it was sold to the Collegiate School afterwards which became (1718) Yale College, and was the first land it acquired. On it now stands South College, the Old Chapel, now the Atheneum, built in 1761, and the South Middle, begun in 1750. The fence enclosing this part of the campus is the famous Yale fence.

William Tuttle and Mr. Grayson were the first owners of land in East Haven, Ct. and the former surveyed out road from the ferry at Red Rock to Stoney River.

He joined with several others of New Haven in a project to found a branch colony on the Delaware River in what is now Salem County, New Jersey, and New Castle County, Delaware. The first attempt was made in 1640, but Peter Minnit, a Swede and ex-Governor of New Amsterdam with his followers broke it up. The second attempt made in 1644 was a little more successful, and about 50 families were located on Salem Creek, being the first English settlement in New Jersey, antedating that at Elizabethtown, N. J. by twenty-four years. This time the Dutch drove them away. Negotiations were concluded with the Dutch colonists and a third attempt was made in 1651 but the English colonists were arrested and taken to New York. There they were compelled to sign agreements to quit further colonization attempts. This experience proved financially expensive, particularly to Mr. Tuttle, who earlier in life was quite well-to-do.

He evidently died suddenly, at least he left no will, and there seems to be no inventory of his estate. He was, however, a strong man in the New Haven settlement and he and

his wife were great grandparents of the famous Jonathan Edwards, so often selected as an example of high type stock by writers on Eugenics. They are double ancestors, that is, ancestors along two lines, of Ida (Judd) Cory.

WILLIAM[1] (b probably in Devonshire, England, 1609) (d at New Haven, Ct. June 1673) m in England, Elizabeth _____ (b 1612) (d at New Haven Dec. 30, 1684). They had 12 children of whom the eldest was

JOHN[2] (William[1]) (b in England 1631) (d at New Haven Nov. 12, 1683) m Nov. 8, 1653, Katterreen Lane, daughter of John and _____ (_____) Lane of Milford (b in England about 1633) (d _____). Estate inventoried £79. They had 10 children of whom the 3rd was

SAMUEL[3] (John[2] William[1]) (b at New Haven, Jan. 9, 1659-60) (d after 1710) m 1st at New Haven June 1684, Sarah, daughter of Samuel and _____ (_____) Newman (b at New Haven about 1664) (d after 1692) m 2nd Abigail, daughter of John and Mercy Frost, widow of Thomas Barnes and mother of 15 children. All Samuel's 8 children apparently were by his 1st wife, the 5th being

MARTHA[4] (Samuel[3] John[2] William[1]) (m at New Haven Feb. 15, 1717, John Smith, son of Joseph and _____ (_____) Smith Jr. (b June 3, 1693) (d before 1748). They had 5 sons and 4 daughters, the 5th child and 3rd daughter being

MEHITABLE[5] (Martha[4] Samuel[3] John[2] William[1]) (b at New Haven Apr. 17, 1726) (d at New Haven of consumption Oct. 19, 1793) m at New Haven about 1749, Jesse Luddington, son of Eliphalet and Abigail (Collins) Luddington (b 1722) (d of dropsy Feb. 8, 1799, aged 77). They had 4 sons and 3 daughters, the 2nd child and 1st son being

ELAM[6] (Mehitable[5] Martha[4] Samuel[3] John[2] William[1]) (b _____) (d Oct. 1, 1784) m at Derby, Ct. Dec. 8, 1774, Rachel, daughter of Capt. Timothy and Anne (Washburne) Tuttle (b at Derby about 1754) (d after Aug. 1824). They had 2 sons and 3 daughters, the 2nd child and 2nd son being Elam.

The line of descent of this Rachel Tuttle is:

The 6th son of William and Elizabeth Tuttle, original emigrants, was

JOSEPH[2] (William[1]) (b at New Haven Nov. 22, 1640) (d Sept. 1690) m at New Haven May 2, 1667, Hannah, daughter of Thomas and Joanne (_____) Munson, a double wedding, his

sister Mercy marrying Samuel Brown (b June 11, 1648) (d Nov. 30, 1695). She married 2nd Aug. 21, 1694, Nathan Bradley. Joseph and Hannah had 9 children of whom the eldest was

JOSEPH[3] (Joseph[2] William[1]) (b at New Haven Mar. 18, 1668) (d after 1721) m at Milford, Ct. by Gov. Treat, Nov. 10, 1691, Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas and Elizabeth (Paine) Sanford (b 1671) (d _____). He was prominent in local affairs and in 1710 was in the State Legislature. He lived at East Haven, Ct. They had 6 children, of whom the 2nd was

NOAH[4] (Joseph[3] Joseph[2] William[1]) (b at East Haven Oct 12, 1694) (d at Branford, Ct. 1757) m at Branford Dec. 1, 1720, Rachel, daughter of Capt. William and _____ (_____) Hoadley (b at Branford Aug. 31, 1701) (b at Branford Apr. 7, 1749). They had 8 children of whom the 2nd was

CAPT. TIMOTHY[5] (Noah[4] Joseph[3] Joseph[2] William[1]) (b at Branford Apr. 3, 1724) (d Oct. 22, 1788) m at Derby, Ct. Jan. 12, 1748-9, Anna, daughter of John and Sarah (Gunn) Washburne of Derby (b at Derby 1732) (d Mar. 17, 1782). Capt. Timothy Tuttle left estate valued at £2,400 including Land in Indian Hill, and right in a vessel, in which craft Elam Luddington also owned a share. In July 1779 movables of the estate were taken away or destroyed by the British troops. He and his wife, Anna, had 6 children of whom the 3rd was

RACHEL[6] (Timothy[5] Noah[4] Joseph[3] Joseph[2] William[1]) (b at Derby about 1754) (d at East Haven after Aug. 1834) m at Derby Dec. 8, 1774, Elam, son of Jesse and Mehitable (Smith) Luddington (b at East Haven 1754) (d at East Haven Oct. 1, 1789). They had 2 sons and 3 daughters, the 2nd child and 2nd son being Elam.

Thus the 6th generation along one line of the Tuttle family and named Luddington, married the 6th generation along another line named Tuttle.

President Harrison is a descendant of William Tuttle's brother Henry, his line and that of Ida Judd Cory are as follows:

1. Henry Tuthill of Thurston, Norfolk Co., England. d Mar. 1618
2. Henry Tuttle
3. John Tuttle
4. Henry Tuttle
5. Henry Tuttle
6. Henry Tuttle
7 Anna Tuttle m John Cleor Symmes
8. Anna Symmes m Pres. W. H. Harrison
9. John Scott Harrison
10. Benjamin Harrison President

1. Henry Tuthill
2. William Tuttle
3. Joseph Tuttle
4. Joseph Tuttle
5. Noah Tuttle
6. Timothy Tuttle
7. Rachel Tuttle m Elam Luddington
8. Elam Luddington
9. Elam Luddington
10. Adelaide Luddington m George T. Judd
11. Ida Judd m H. T. Cory
12. Cory Boys.

Thus President Benjamin Harrison and Ida Judd Cory are 8th cousins once removed.

The famous Jonathan Edwards, so often taken in genetics as the highest type of high grade germ plasm and his grandson, vice President Aaron Burr, are also descendants of William Tuttle, the lines being:

EDWARDS

1. William Tuttle
2. Elizabeth Tuttle m Richard Edwards
3. Timothy Edwards
4. Jonathan Edwards
5. Esther Edwards m Rev. Aaron Burr Pres. of Princeton College
6. Aaron Burr Vice President

LUDDINGTON

1. William Tuttle
2. Joseph Tuttle
3. Joseph Tuttle
4. Noah Tuttle
5. Timothy Tuttle
6. Rachael Tuttle m Elam Luddington
7. Elam Luddington
8. Elam Luddington
9. Adelaide Luddington m George T. Judd
10. Ida Judd m H. T. Cory
11. Cory Boys

Thus Jonathan Edwards is a 2nd cousin 6th removed and Aaron Burr a 4th cousin 4th removed of Ida Judd Cory.

STEVEN COERTE VAN VOORHEES OF FLATLANDS, L. I.

Reference: A Genealogy of the Van Voorhees Family. Elias W. Van. Voorhis. Putnam's Sons. New York. 1885. v + 725 pp. pp. 22-3, 659.

Also: Notes on the Ancestry of Major Wm. Roe Van Voorhis of Fishkill, Duchess County, New York. Elias W. Voorhis. Private Print. New York. 1881. 239 pp. p. 18.

Also: The Berger Family: or the Descendants of Hans Hansen Bergen, one of the Early Settlers of New York and Brooklyn, L. I. etc. Teunis G. Bergen. Joel Munsell. Albany, N. Y. 1876. viii + 658 pp. 138-9.

Van Voorhees means "from before Hees," Hees being a small village about a quarter mile south of the town of Ruinen, in the Province of Drenthe, Holland, which in 1660 contained nine houses and about fifty inhabitants. Ruinen in 1660 was a flourishing town which with its suburbs, contained 1976 people.

The "Van" is often omitted by many later members of the family.

The first reference contains the coat of arms and states that the simplicity of the armorial bearings indicate considerable antiquity, and that the first possessor held some castle or fortress during fuedal times.

Translations of letters from the old country to those in America as early as Apr. 13, 1684 are also given, suggesting that they are probably the only ones of the kind in Long Island Dutch families.

The earliest reference to any one of the family of whom anything definite is known is Coert Alberts of Voorhees, the father of the American emigrant ancestor, Steven Coerte Van Voorhees. From the fact that his second name has a terminal "s", meaning "son of", it is known that his father's first name must have been Albert.

Coerte Alberts' son, Steven Coerte Van Voorhees, emigrated from Hees, Province of Drenthe, Holland, in Apr. 1660, coming on the ship "Bontekue" (Spotted Cow), Capt. Pieter Lucossen, with his wife and all his children except his daughters Hendrickjen and Merghin. Nov. 29, 1660 he purchased from Cornelis Dircksen, Hoogland, 9 morgens of cornland, 7 morgens of woodland, 10 morgens of plainland and 5 morgens of salt meadow, 31 morgens in all, in Flatlands, L. I., for 3000 guilders; also the house and houseplot lying in the village of "Amesfoort en Bergen" (Flatlands), with the brewery and all brewing ap-

paratus. See p. 37 Liber B, Flatbush Records.

He and his wife Willempie Roelofse Suebering were members of the Dutch Church in Flatlands in 1677; and he was a magistrate in 1664. His will is dated Aug. 25, 1677. He had 5 sons and 3 daughters.

ALBERT[1] (b at_____) (d in Holland_____) m at_____ Holland about 1620 _____ (b_____) (d_____ Holland_____). They had at least 7 sons and 2 daughters, one being

COERT ALBERTS[2] (Albert[1]) (b probably at Hees, Province of Drenthe, Holland about 1575) (d at Hees about_____) m at_____about 1597_____ (b_____) (d at Hees about_____). They had at least 4 sons and 2 daughters one being

STEVEN COERTE[3] (Coert Alberts[2] Albert[1]) (b at Hees 1600) (d at Flatlands, L. I. Feb. 16, 1684) m 1st probably at Hees about 1635_____ _____ (b in Holland about 1610) (d at Flatlands prior to 1676) m 2nd on Long Island prior to 1677, Willempie Roelofse, daughter of Roelof and_____ _____Suebering (b at _____1619) (d at Flatlands 1690). All his children were by his 1st wife, 5 sons and 3 daughters, one being

JANETJE STEVENSE[4] (Steven Coerte[3] Coerte Alberts[2] Albert[1]) (b probably at Hees 1658) (d_____after 1719) m 1st at Flatlands about 1678, Jan Martense Schenck (b_____ about 1655) (d at Flatlands 1689) m 2nd at Flatlands Feb. 29, 1690, Alexander, son of_____and _____Sympson (b in Scotland about 1655) (d at_____between 1719 and 1722) m 3rd at New York Jan. 26, 1723, James Sibbit. She had by her 1st husband 4 sons and 5 daughters; by her 2nd, at least one daughter (Sarah) Janetje.

RICHARD VORE OF WINDSOR, CT.

Reference: Alford Family Notes-Ancient and Modern. Josiah G. Alford and W. P. W. Phillimore. Phillimore and Co. London. 1908. vii + 221 pp.

Also: A Genealogy of the Descendants of Alexander Alvord, an Early Settler of Windsor, Conn. and Northampton, Mass. Samuel M. Alvord. A. A. Andrews. Webster, N. Y. 1908. 823 pp.

The records of Richard Vore are not very complete. He came from somewhere in England to America with his wife, Ann, being passengers on the "Mary and John" sailing from England Mar. 30 and arriving at Nantasket, near Boston, Mass. May 30, 1630. This small ship of but 400 tons carried that trip 140 passengers. With the Dorchester church and Rev. John Warham, they moved to Windsor, Ct. in 1635. On Dec. 15, 1665 he was deeded land there "joining the north end of his (Vore's) then and now dwelling house". The family name of his wife Ann and the number of their children are unknown. One of them, Mary, was one of the original members of the First Church of Northampton, Mass., signing the church covenant Apr. 18, 1661, then the wife of Alexander Alvord. Richard Vore's will is dated July 1, 1683, and he died Nov. 22, 1683; his widow died 15 days later.

RICHARD[1] (b in England about 1605) (d at Windsor, Ct. Nov. 22, 1683) m in England, Ann _____ (b in England about 1605) (d at Windsor Dec. 7, 1683). They had several children, of whom one was

.MARY[2] (Richard[1]) (b in England about 1626) (d at Northampton, Mass. prior to 1686) m at Windsor Oct. 29, 1646, Alexander, son of Thomas and Joanne (Hawkins) Alvord (bapt. in England Oct. 15, 1627) (d at Northampton, Mass. Oct. 3, 1687). They had 12 children, the 4th being Thomas.

RICHARD WARREN OF PLYMOUTH, MASS.

References: Richard Warren of the Mayflower, and Sons of His Descendants. Mrs. Washington A. Roebling. David Clapp & Son. Boston. 1901. 39 pp.

Also: History of the Society of Descendants of Robert Bartlett of Plymouth, Mass. Marion Longfellow. Loring Axtell Co. Springfield, Mass. 114 + xxiii pp. pp. 58-63.

Richard Warren, the twelfth signer of the Mayflower compact, was apparently a man of considerable wealth, and a successful merchant in London, who joined the "Mayflower," sailing Sept. 6, 1620, for a new world. He was not of the Leyden Company, but joined the party from London. He was one of the third exploring party, which was surprised by the Indians Dec. 18, 1620, at the "First Encounter", and, technically speaking, was one of the first to land at Plymouth, Dec. 21, 1620, on what might be called the Birthday of New England.

He is described as "grave Richard Warren" and "a useful instrument during the short time he lived, bearing a deep share in the difficulties and troubles of the plantation."

It is probable that his line of descent was copied from the Harterion Society of Visitations of the County of Devonshire, England, date of 1620,

John Warren of Hedbury, in the Parish of Ashburton.
Christopher Warren, son and heir
William Warren, married Ann, daughter of Thomas Noble, of Carlestooke in Cornwall.
Christopher Warren, son and heir of William Warren, married Alice, daughter of Thomas Webb, of Sidnam, and had 6 sons and 1 daughter, of whom one was

Richard Warren, of Greenwich in Kent, merchant, married Elizabeth Jouatt, and relict of _____ Marsh, and had Richard, John, and 5 daughters. Apparently Richard Warren came over leaving his family in England, and his wife and 5 daughters came over later, on the third ship "Ann" in 1623, leaving the 2 sons in England. They had 2 more boys in America.

Richard died in 1628, and his widow did not marry again, a rare instance in the early colony days. She died at Plymouth Oct. 2, 1673, aged about 90 years; that is she was born about 1580. She was one of the first purchases of Dartmouth, Mass.

RICHARD[1] (b in England about 1580) (d at Plymouth, Mass. 1628) m in England about 1605, Elizabeth, daughter of _____ Jouett and widow of _____ Marsh (b in England about 1582) (d at Plymouth Oct. 2, aged above 90). They had 5 daughters and 4 sons, of whom probably the eldest daughter was

MARY[2] (Richard[1]) (b in England about 1608) (d probably at Duxbury, Mass. after 1699) m 1st at Plymouth, 1628, Robert Bartlett (b in England 1603) (d at Plymouth 1676) m 2nd probably at Plymouth Oct. 24, 1692, or 1699 (both years are given in Windsor History) Thomas Delano (b____) (d _____). Mary had by her 1st husband 2 sons and 6 daughters, the 7th child being Lydia.

It is interesting to note that Richard Warren was an immigrant ancestor of two presidents of the United States; Gen. U. S. Grant and Franklin D. Roosevelt. The Lines are:

GRANT	ROOSEVELT	CORY BOYS
1. Richard Warren	1. Richard Warren	1. Richard Warren
2. Nathaniel Warren	2. Nathaniel Warren	2. Mary Warren
3. Mercy Warren	3. Mercy Warren	m Robt. Bartlett
m Jonathan Delano	m Jonathan Delano	3. Lydia Bartlett
4. Jonathan Delano	4. Thomas Delano	m John Nelson
5. Susanna Delano	5. Ephriam Delano	4. Thomas Nelson
m Noah Grant	6. Warren Delano	5. Elizabeth Nelson
6. Noah Grant Jr.	7. Warren Delano	m Benj. Cole
7. Jesse Root Grant	8. Sara Delano	6. Hannah Cole
8. U. S. Grant	m James Roosevelt	m Benj. Harding
	9. Franklin D. Roosevelt	7. Eliz. Harding
		m Peter Hastings
		8. George W. Hastin
		9. Teresa Hastings
		m Thos. A. Judd
		10. George T. Judd
		11. Ida Judd
		m H. T. Cory
		12. Cory Boys

Thus Gen. Grant was a 6th cousin 4 times removed and Franklin D. Roosevelt is a 7th cousin 3 times removed, to the Cory Boys.

WILLIAM WASHBURN OF STRATFORD, CT.

Reference: The Washburn Family; Descendants of John of Plymouth, Massachusetts, and William of Stratford, Connecticut, and Hempstead, Long Island. W. C. Sharpe. Record Print. Seymour. 1892. 16 pp.

William Washburn came to Stratford, Ct. about 1655 with two sons, John and Hope. About 1667 he and his son John moved to Hemstead, L. I. The other son, Hope, married Mary Stiles and in 1685 moved to Derby, Ct., where he died in 1696. Mr. L. P. Goodell, 1916 Clay Street, Springfield, Mo., is (1913) preparing a complete genealogy.

WILLIAM[1] (b in England about 1612) (d in Hemstead, L. I. after 1667) m _____ _____ _____ (b _____) (d _____). He had at least 2 children of whom one was

HOPE[2] (William[1]) (b about 1635) (d at Derby, Ct. 1696) m at Windsor, Ct. about 1660, Mary, daughter of Francis and Sarah (_____) Stiles (b _____) (d at Derby Jan. 11, 1712). They had at least 7 children of whom the 3rd was

WILLIAM[3] (Hope[2] William[1]) (b at Stratford, Ct. Mar. 16, 1668) (d at Derby, Uptown Graveyard, _____) m at Derby Aug. 20, 1696, Hannah, daughter of Edward and Tabitha (Tomlinson) Wooster (b at Derby about 1675) (d at Derby _____). They had ___ children of whom one was

JOHN[4] (William[3] Hope[2] William[1]) (b at Derby about 1705) (d _____) m at Derby Nov. 5, 1729, Sarah, daughter of Sergt. Abel and Agnes (Hawkins) Gunn (b at Derby Apr. 3, 1713) (d _____). They had at least 2 children of whom one was

ANNE[5] (John[4] William[3] Hope[2] William[1]) (b at Derby Feb. 19, 1732-3) (d at New Haven Mar. 17, 1782-3) m at Derby Jan. 12, 1748-9, Capt. Timothy, son of Noah and Rachel (Hoadley) Tuttle (b at Branford, Ct. Apr. 3, 1724) (d at East Haven, Ct. Oct. 22, 1788). They had 6 children the 3rd being Rachel.

JOHN WATSON OF HARTFORD, CT.

Reference: John Watson of Hartford, Conn. and his Descendants; A Genealogy. Thomas Watson. Private Print. New York. 1865. 45 pp.

John Watson doubtless came from England to America. A tradition among his descendants is that a passenger on the ship with him, a Peggy Smith, fell overboard and that he saved her life; and on reaching New England they were married.

He is first in Hartford, Ct. in 1644 where he served as a juror. In 1646 he was highway surveyor; and he lived on Lot. No. 9, South Main Street then. He afterwards bought land of the original proprietors in the West Division, now West Hartford, Ct. He was probably a brother of Robert Watson of Windsor, Ct. in 1639, a bellsmith from London, and Thomas Watson, also of Hartford in 1644. His estate inventoried £126:1:6.

JOHN[1] (b in England about 1620) (d at Hartford, Ct. between Mar. 26, and June 4, 1650) m probably at Hartford 1645, Margaret, daughter of _____ and _____ Smith (b in England about 1624) (d at Hartford between Mar. and Sept. 6, 1683). They had at least 1 son and 2 daughters, the eldest being

JOHN[2] (John[1]) (b at Hartford 1646) (d at Hartford 1730, aged 84. His estate inventoried £1017) m 1st at Hartford about 1668, Anna, daughter of _____ and _____ (b at _____ about 1645) (d at Hartford after 1695) m 2nd at _____ about 1700, Sarah, daughter of _____ and _____ (b _____) (d _____). By his 1st wife he had 5 sons and 2 daughters, the 5th child and 4th son being

CYPRIAN[3] (John[2] John[1]) (b at Hartford Jan. 1689-90) (d at Hartford Dec. 30, 1753) m 1st at Hartford July 27, 1715, Elizabeth, daughter of James and Sarah (Barnard) Steele (b at Hartford about 1695) (d at Hartford before 1722) m 2nd at _____ before 1723, Abigail, daughter of _____ and _____ (b _____) (d at Hartford Dec. 17, 1757). He had by his 1st wife 2 sons and by his 2nd 3 sons and 1 daughter, the eldest child being

ZACHARIAH[4] (Cyprian[3] John[2] John[1]) (b at Hartford about 1720) (d at Hartford June 21, 1757) m probably at Hartford about 1744, Hannah, daughter of _____ and _____ (b at _____ about 1720) (d at _____ after 1757). They had 3 sons and 1 daughter, the eldest child being

ZACHARIAH[5] (Zachariah[4] Cyprian[3] John[2] John[1]) (b at Hartford Aug, 5, 1745) (d at Morgan, Ashtabula Co. O., 1821) m at New Hartford, Ct. Nov. 12, 1767, Susannah, daughter of Adonijah and Sarah (Smith) Moody (b at New Hartford Sept. 13, 1745) (d at Morgan 1830). He moved to Bakerville, New Hartford, Ct. where he was a Deacon in the Baptist Church; fought in the Battle of Bunker Hill; and about 1811 moved to Morgan, O., then in the Western Reserve of Connecticut. He had 3 sons and 4 daughters the 3rd child and 3rd daughter was

SARAH[6] (Zachariah[5] Zachariah[4] Cyprian[3] John[2] John[1]) (b at Bakerville July 7, 1774) (d probably at Sandisfield, Mass. 1795) m at Bakerville 1794, William, son of Curtis and Elizabeth (Palmer) Crane (b at Wethersfield, Ct. June 27, 1775) (d at Charlestown, S. C. Nov. 25, 1795). They had only one child Sarah.

CAPT. JOHN WHIPPLE OF PROVIDENCE, R. I.

Reference: The Genealogical Dictionary of Rhode Island. J. O. Austin. J. Munsell's Sons. Albany, N. Y. 1887. 449 pp.

Also: A Brief Genealogy of the Whipple Family. H. C. Whipple. A. C. Greene. Providence, R. I. 1873. 63 pp.

John Whipple was in Dorchester, Mass. Oct 3, 1632 when he was ordered to pay 3s.4d. to his master Israel Stoughton for wasteful expenditure of powder and shot. In 1637 he received a grant of land; in 1641 he and his wife Sarah joined the Church; in 1658 he sold his place to James Minot; and July 27, 1659 bought lands in Providence, R. I. From 1666 to 1677 he was a Deputy. He was one of those "who staid and went not away" during King Philip's War and so had a share in the disposition of Indian Captives who were sold for a term of years. He died May 16, 1685.

JOHN[1] (b in England about 1617) (d at Providence, R. I. May 16, 1685, aged 68) m at Dorchester, Mass. about 1639 or 1640, Sarah, daughter of _____ and _____ _____ (b at Dorchester about 1624) (d at Providence 1666). They had 8 sons and 3 daughters, the 2nd child and 1st daughter being

SARAH[2] (John[1]) (b at Dorchester 1642) (d at Providence between 1687 and 1709) m at Providence about 1660, John, son of John and Alice (_____) Smith (b at _____ about 1630) (d at Providence 1682). They had 7 sons and 3 daughters, her 6th child and 3rd son being Benjamin.

JOHN WHITEHEAD OF BRANFORD, CT.

Reference: John Whitehead of New Haven and Branford, Conn. James Shepard. New England Historical and Genealogical Register. Apr. 1901. Vol. 55. pp. 180 to 184.

Also: The Halls of New England. Genealogical and Biographical. David B. Hall, M. A. Joel Munsell's Sons. Albany, N. Y. 1883. xii + 735 + 55 pp.

John Whitehead, with his brother Thomas, was brought to this country when a mere child, probably about 1640, by Francis Hall of New Haven, Ct. at the request of Deacon George Alcocke of Roxbury, Mass., who died Dec. 30, 1640. Deacon George Alcocke and Thomas Alcock were brothers of Elizabeth (Alcock) Whitehead of Lemington Prior, now Lemington, Warwickshire, England, as shown by a letter to Thomas dated Aug. 25, 1647 concerning her sons John&Thomas Whitehead, then with Francis Hall of New Haven, who formerly lived in Buckinton parish where her "Uncle Darbie died".

The facts are that Elizabeth (Alcock) Whitehead sent her two young boys, John and Thomas, by a friend, Francis Hall, to her brother Deacon George Alcocke of Roxbury, Mass., but who died probably before the boys reached him. His brother, Thomas Alcock, was some ways off and showed little interest so the courts took charge and assigned them, after Dec. 1, 1641. On Feb. 1, 1647 the court declared John Whitehead free of obligation and his brother Thomas still bound out. There is no further record of Thomas. John settled in Branford, Ct. where he was nominated freeman in 1669. He died June 8, 1695 and his estate inventoried £31:14:0.

ELIZABETH[1] (b in England _____) (d probably in England after Aug. 1647) m _____ Whitehead (b in England) (d probably in England). They had at least 2 children of whom the elder was

JOHN[2] (Elizabeth[1]) (b in England about 1635) (d at Branford June 8, 1695) m at Branford Mar. 9, 1661, Martha, daughter of Leslie and _____ (_____) Bradfield (b probably about 1641) (d after Dec. 4, 1711). They had 8 children, of whom the 4th was

MARTHA[3] (John[2] Elizabeth[1]) (name changed to Mercy) (b Jan. 10, 1667-8) (d Nov. 23, 1743) m at Branford, June, 1690, as his second wife, William, son of William and Ellen (_____) Luddington (b about 1655) (d Feb. 1737). They had 2 sons and 6 daughters, the 5th child and 3rd son being Eliphalet.

PETER ADRIAENSEN VAN WOGGELUM OF
RENNSSELAERSWYCK, N. Y.

Reference: Mss. Genealogy of the Roll Family, Ancestry and Descendants of John Roll, of Springfield, Union County, New Jersey. Richard Timbrook Wilson. New York. 1920. 300 pp.

Peter Adriaensen Soegemackelyck Van Woggelum, was one of the early settlers of Beverwyck (the name of Albany, N. Y. until 1664). From his name, we know his father's first name was Adriaen, but no record of him in America has yet been found. In 1660 his mother, Anna Pieterse Soegemackelyck, was a widow, by the death of her second husband Barent Janse Bal, and she died in 1669.

He possibly had a brother Jacob, but probably the two names were used interchangeably, and so refer to the same person. See New York State Library Bulletin No. 10, Early Records of Albany, Vol. III, National Papers 1660-1696, Albany 1918. p. 35. He was generally called Van Woggelum, probably after the village of that name near Alkmaar, in the Province of North Holland. Soegemackelyck (So Easy) was a nickname

He was a tavern keeper in Rennsselaerswyck in 1656, and in 1664 received a patent for a bouwery (farm) and home lot at Schnectady, which he sold in 1670, to Helmer Otten for 35 beaver skins. He had at least three children, Peter, Jan, and a daughter, who married Jan. Manglese.

ADRIAEN_____[1] (b _____) (d before 1660) m _____ Anna ___ ____ (b _____) (d at Beverwyck 1669, as the widow, since 1660, of her 2nd husband, Barent Jan Bal). Adriaen and Anna had at least one child

PETER[2] (Adriaen[1]) (b probably in or near Woggelum near Alkmaar, Province of North Holland) (d after 1670) m _____ ____ ___ (b _____) (d _____). He had at least one daughter

_____[3] (Peter[2] Adriaen[1]) (b about 1640) (d probably before 1701) m probably at Rennsslaerswyck, N. Y. before Aug. 21, 1661, Jan Magelsen (b probably in the Province of Utrecht, Holland, about 1637) (d at New York between 1703 and Sept. 4, 1705). They had at least 5 sons and 2 daughters, of whom one was Johannes.

DR. HENRY WOODWARD OF NORTHAMPTON, MASS.

Reference: History of the Town of Dorchester, Massachusetts. Ebenezer Clapp. R. Clapp Jr. Boston. 1859. xxi + 672 pp. pp. 141 and 192.

Also: A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England. James Savage. Little Brown & Co. Boston. 1860. 4 Vols. Vol. 4. p. 644.

Dr. Henry Woodward, a physician, came to America in the "James", Capt. Taylor, in the summer of 1635, with Richard Mather. His English antecedents, the family name of his wife, Elizabeth, and the place of his marriage are unknown. In 1659 he removed to Northampton, Mass., where, as at Dorchester, Mass. he and his wife were founders of the church. He was killed by accident at the grist mill Apr. 7, 1685. His widow Elizabeth made her will the next month but did not die before Aug. 13, 1690. Of her son, John, she says he "has been dutiful and well carriaged son to me all of my life". Dr. Woodward seems to have been a leading man in the communities where he lived.

HENRY[1] (b in England about 1610) (d at Northampton, Mass. Apr. 7, 1685) m _____ Elizabeth, _____ (b _____) (d at Northampton after Aug. 13, 1690). They had at least 4 children, of whom the 3rd was

THANKFUL[2] (Henry[1]) (b at Dorchester, Mass. about 1640) (d _____) m at Northampton Dec. 18, 1662, John, son of John and (_____) Taylor (b probably in America about 1640) (d at Easthampton, Mass. May 13, 1704). They had several children, one being Joanne.

EDWARD WOOSTER OF MILFORD, CT.

Reference: A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England. James Savage. Little Brown and Co. Boston. 1862. 4 Vols. Vol. 4. pp. 649-650.

Also: Captain Ira Beebe and Sergt. Water Wooster, Soldiers of the Revolution. H. O. Collins. No Date. 16 pp.

Edward Wooster was born in Derby, England in 1622 and was in Milford, Ct. in 1651. Nothing is as yet known of the name or family of his first wife. In 1669 he married Tabitha, daughter of Henry Tomlinson of Stratford, Ct. He died July 8, 1689, aged 67 years, having made his will that day. He occupied several positions of trust at Derby being Constable, Sergeant of the Train Band, Selectman, etc. Quoting from "The History of the Old Town of Derby, Connecticut" by Samuel Orcutt and Ambrose Beardsley (Springfield Printing Company, Springfield, Mass. 1880) pp. 781:

"He was not a man of notions and changes but continued steady and faithful at his post, providing as best he could for those who were dependent upon him, _____. For twenty years he was the leading man of the little plantation that seemed unlikely to become greater than a man's hand, but has attained in business and in war an enviable fame."

He had thirteen children, seven by his first wife and six by his second. Of the first set was Abraham, father of Maj. Gen. David Wooster who served with distinction in the Revolutionary War and was mortally wounded in 1777.

EDWARD[1] (b in England 1622) (d at Derby, Conn. July 8, 1689) m 1st _____ _____ (b probably in England about 1633) (d at Stratford, Ct. before 1669) m 2nd probably at Branford, Ct., Tabitha, daughter of Henry and Alice (Hyde) Tomlinson (b at Stratford _____) (d at Derby after 1689). Edward had 13 children; six by his 2nd wife, the 9th was

HANNAH[2] (Edward[1]) (b at Derby about 1675) (d at Derby _____) m at Derby Aug. 20, 1696, William, son of Hope and Mary (Stiles) Washburn (b at Stratford, Ct. Mar. 16, 1668) (d at Derby _____). They had at least 2 children, of whom one was John.

DANIEL WUNDERLI OF CARLISLE, PA.

Reference: Genealogical Record of the Wunderlich Family in America. Charles A. Cornman and Daniel W. Nead, M. D. Cornman Printing Co., Carlisle, Pa. 1911. x-211-xviii pp.

Also: Armorial General. Precede d'un Dictionaire des Termes du Blason. J. B. Rietstrap. G. B. Van Goor Zoonen. Gonda. 1884. 2 Vols.

Johannes Wunderli was born in 1700, and in 1720 he married Anna Barbara Denster of Oswail, born in 1702, and died Feb. 1, 1765. They lived in Ludwigsburg, Kingdom of Wertemberg, where he was Overseer and General Foreman in the King's work yard. They had thirteen children, of whom seven died in infancy. Two and possibly three, of the remaining six emigrated to America, John arriving at Philadelphia, Pa., on the ship "Duke of Wurtemberg" Oct. 6, 1751, when he was 18 years old; and Daniel reached Philadelphia on the ship "Brothers", William Muir, Master, Sept. 26, 1753, when sixteen years of age. An Elder sister and her husband are said to have come over on the same ship with John.

The two brothers settled in what was then Lancaster, later Dauphin, and now Lebanon County, Pa., near what is now Palmyra, where they engaged in farming. They married sisters, daughters of Joham Albrecht and Eva Elizabeth Siecholo. The same Lutheran minister, Rev. John Casper Stoever officiated on both occasions. Later, between the close of the Revolutionary War, 1783, and the first Federal Census, 1790, they both moved to Cumberland County, near Carlisle, Pa. Both served in the Revolutionary War, Daniel's record being as follows: 1778-9, private in Capt. William Laird's Company, 6th Battalion, Lancaster County Militia; 1780, private in 7th Company, 9th Battalion, Lancaster County Militia, commanded by Lt. Col. John Rogers; 1781, private in Capt. William Laird's Company 9th Battalion, Lancaster County Militia, commanded by Lt. Col. John Rogers; 1782, private in Capt. Baltzer Orth's Company 2nd Battalion, Lancaster County Militia.

Daniel died February 1, 1799 and his will, probated Feb. 16, 1799, referring to himself as of Middleton Township, Cumberland County, Pa., devises over $2100 cash and much other property.

His son, John Daniel, was living in Middleton Township, Cumberland County, Pa., in 1790, 1800 and 1803, and moved to Augusta County, Va., about 1808, buying a farm at or near Mr. Maridian where he built a brick house that is still standing. In this house at least one of his daughters, Catherine,

was married, The writer, H. T. Cory, on Aug. 18, 1935 visited this house of which was then occupied by John D. Wunderlich, a great grandson of John Daniel Wunderli. It stands about 200 feet west of South River, on the headwaters of the Shenandoah, about 2½ miles east of Mr. Horeb Church and 14 miles northeast from Staunton, Va. in the Shenandoah Valley. It is the second brick house along the country road leading east from Mr. Horeb Church. Both such brick houses are on the original Wunderlich land holdings and both are and always have been occupied by John Daniels descendants. He, his wife, and many of the clan are buried at the Liberty Lutheran Church about 5 miles southwesterly, and in which he was an Elder at his death.

Then some of his children remained while others went on to Ohio. Thus John Daniel's grandchildren, and great grandchildren fought on both sides during the Civil War; for example, the descendants of his second daughter, Susannah, included his grandsons, Admiral Merrill Miller, and engineer Thomas Cory of the Union forces; while the eighth daughter Isabella, had five sons in the Confederate Army; Brig. Gen. John Daniel Imboden, after July 21, 1863, in command of the (Shenandoah) Valley Division, Stonewall Jackson's old command, of Gen. Lee's Army; Col. George W. Imboden, 18th Virginia Cavalry; Capt. Francis M. Imboden, 1861-1865, 18th Virginia Cavalry; James A. Imboden, 18th Virginia Cavalry; and Jacob P. Imboden, Mosby's Battalion, Gen. Lee's Army.

JOHANNES[1] (b in Wurtemberg, Germany, 1700) (d at Ludwigsburg, Germay 1760) m at Oswail 1720, Anna Barbara Densler (b probably at Oswail 1702) (d at Ludwigsburg Feb. 1, 1765). They had 13 children, of whom the 11th was

DANIEL[2] (Johannes[1]) (b at Ludwigsburg, Aug. 27, 1737) (d near Carlisle, Pa. Feb. 1, 1799) m near Lebanon, Pa. Feb. 22, 1763, Eva Barbara, 3rd daughter of John Albrecht and Eva Elizabeth Siechele (b near Palmyra Oct. 28, 1744) (d near Carlisle Apr. 27, 1821). They had 9 children, of whom the 2nd was

JOHN DANIEL[3] (Daniel[2] Johannes[1]) (b near Lebanon Oct. 7, 1765) (d at Mt. Meridian, Augusta County, Va. July 27, 1845) m in Pennsylvania July 3, 1787, Susannah, daughter of Jacob and Susannah (Williams) Xanders (b probably in Lebanon County, Pa. Feb. 17, 1767) (d at Mt. Meridian Sept. 23, 1850). They had 9 children, of whom the 3rd was

SUSANNA ELIZABETH[4] (John Daniel[3] Daniel[2] Johannes[1]) (b near Carlisle, Pa. Mar. 28, 1770) (d in Hancock Co., O. Apr. 9, 1873) m 1st in Cumberland Co. Pa. Nov. 15, 1807, Abraham, son of Abraham and Elizabeth (____) Herr (b near Cocalico, Pa. May 11, 1779)(d in Augusta County, Va. 1824) m 2nd

in Augusta Co. Va. Sept 10, 1825, John Ullery (b May 11, 1789) (d in Hancock County, O. June 3, 1870) Susanna and Abraham Herr moved to Augusta County, Va. about 1808; and Susanna and her 2nd husband, John Ullery, moved to four miles south of New Carlisle, O, May 27, 1827. She had 10 children 6 being by Abraham Herr, and the 3rd was

SUSANNAH[5] (Susannah Elizabeth[4] John Daniel[3] Daniel[2] Johannes[1]) (b near Carlisle, Pa. Mar. 10, 1812) (d near Montmorenci, Ind. Feb. 13, 1880) m at Troy, O., run-away wedding, Feb. 26, 1832, Elnathan, son of Thomas and Margaret (Saylor) Cory (b at New Carlisle Mar. 11, 1812) (d near Montmorenci Jan. 18, 1864). She and her husband are buried in the Newton's Retreat Graveyard between Montmorenci and Lafayette, Indiana. The are Baptists. They had 2 sons and 5 daughters, the 5th child and 2nd son being Thomas.

The Gen. Imboden and Cory Boys lines of descent are as follows:

1. Daniel Wunderli
2. John Daniel Wunderlich
3. Isabella Wunderlich
   m George Imboden
4. Gen. George D. Imboden

1. Daniel Wunderli
2. John Daniel Wunderli
3. Susanna Elizabeth Wunderli
   m Abram Herr
4. Susanna Herr
   m Elnathan Cory
5. Thomas Cory
6. H. T. Cory
7. Cory Boys.

Thus Gen. Imboden and the Cory Boys are 1st cousins 3 times removed.

HEINRICH XANDER OF LEBANON, PA.

Reference: Notes and Queries. W. H. Egle. Harrisburg Publishing Company, Harrisburg, Pa. Fourth Series. Vol. 2. ii + 365 pp. 1895; and pp. 342 and 360, 1897. pp. 4 and 5.

Also: Pennsylvania Archives, Second Series, Vol. 2 p. 366 and Vol. 6. pp. 356, 421, 466, and 472. Third Series Vol. 17, pp. 143, 285, 421 and 801, Fifth Series, Vol. 7, pp. 147, and 1782.

Also: History of the County of Lebanon, Pennsylvania; W. H. Egle. Evarts and Peck. Philadelphia, 1883. vi + 360 pp. 20 and 35.

Also: History of Lancaster County, Pa. I. D. Rupp Gilbert Hills, Lancaster, Pa., 1844. 531 pp. pp. 398.

Also: Book "A" Vol. 1. p. 181 and Book "C" Vol. 1. p. 261 of Register of Wills for Lebanon County. Pa.

Also: Book "E" p. 467 and Book "H" Vol. 1. pp. 199-200 of Recorder of Deeds for Lancaster County, Pa.

Also: Book "F" p. 11 of Recorder of Deeds for Dauphin Co., Pa.

Also: Book "B" Vol. 1. p. 43, and Book "E" pp. 367 and 369 of Recorder of Deeds for Lebanon County, Pa.

Also: Patent Book "A" Vol. 20. p. 391 and Survey Book "C" p. 185 of Office of Internal Affairs of Pennsylvania in Harrisburg, Pa.

Heinrich Xander was born in Rimlange, Zurich Province, Switzerland and came to America by 1730. Possibly he came overland with Conrad Weiser from New York in 1723. He was naturalized at a session of the Supreme Court for the Province of Pennsylvania held at Philadelphia, Pa. Apr. 10-12, 1743-4, when he swore he had taken the Sacrament Apr. 6, 1743-4, and that required a residence of at least 7 years in the American Colonies, and three months in the Pennsylvania Province.

He was received into the Moravian Church Whitmonday 1749 in Bethlehem, Pa. having become a convert in the great Moravian compaign of 1743. See Rupp's History of the County of Lancaster, Pa. p. 308. Before then he was of the Reformed Faith. The Lancaster region was settled by Lutherans and Reformed followers of Weiser in 1723. The Moravians came in their own boats in 1742-3-4.

The historian Egle states that he, among others, was in Lebanon County in 1730, so he was a founder of Lebanon, the town being laid out in 1750. In 1743 he entered State land in Lebanon Township, Lancaster County (now Lebanon County) Pa. for 150 acres, and later acquired much other land. Nov. 30, 1759, he patented 610 acres, and later obtained 450 acres patented by Herrman and Ann Long, who were likely the parents of his wife Maria. Among other things he owned a mill and in the 1769 tax list, he is referred to as "Henry Xander, Sr., Miller".

Heinrich Xander was obviously a moving spirit of the Moravians as all the itinerating brethren of that church stopped at his house. For instance, in the diary of Bishop Cammerhoff, now in the records of the Moravian Church at Bethlehem, Pa., and quoted extensively by Egle on p. 20, et seq., and which the Bishop kept when he made a journey to Shamokin (now Sunsbury) Pa. in the winter of 1748, is the notation:

> "Taking leave of our kind friends at noon, we rode on through the snow, repeatedly singing the hymn beginning with the lines:
>
> 'Die Wandershaft in dieser Zeit
> Hat manche rauhe Wege.'
>
> Dismounted at Peter Kucher (who in 1750 gave the land on which the Hebron Moravian Church was erected) in Quittopehille and after loading our horses with oats for their use at Shamokin, rode on five miles to Henry Saunders where we passed the night."

The second line, Jacob, was also a devout Moravian and with others of the sect resisted to the end taking an oath of allegiance to the Colonial Government in 1777, and refused to go to war. For the latter he was heavily fined several times, the fines running from £40 up to £110. That it was a matter of conscience and religious belief and not cowardice is clearly shown by the punishment he endured and by the records made by his grandsons in the Civil War, the Imbodens of the Confederacy and Admiral Merrill Miller and Engineer Thomas Cory of the Union Forces.

Heinrich and wife Maria, and his son Jacob and wife Susannah are buried in the churchyard of the old Hebron Moravian Church near Lebanon, Pennsylvania.

HEINRICH[1] (b at Rimlange, Switzerland Nov. 16, 1708) (d near Lebanon, Pa. Oct. 17, 1772) m about 1736, Maria, probably daughter of Herrman and Ann Long (b probably in Germany Nov. 5, 1720) (d near Lebanon July 20, 1804). They had at least 5 children of whom one was

JACOB[2] (Heinrich[1]) (b near Lebanon July 20, 1737) (d near

Lebanon Apr. 16, 1818) m Aug. 9, 1759, at St. James Episcopal Church in Lebanon, Susanna, daughter of _____ and _____ (_____) Williams (b _____ Dec. 28, 1738) (d near Lebanon Nov. 10, 1806). They had at least 11 children, of whom 10 survived their father, the 6th being

SUSANNA ANNA CATHERINE[3] (Jacob[2] Heinrich[1]) (b near Lebanon Feb. 17, 1767) (d in Augusta County, Va. Sept. 23, 1850) m probably by Lutheran Minister in Lebanon County, Pa. July 3, 1787, John Daniel, son of Daniel and Eva Barbara (Siechele) Wunderlich (b near Palmyra, Lebanon County, Oct. 7, 1765) (d in Augusta County, July 27, 1845). They had 9 children, of whom the 3rd was Susanna Elizabeth.

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APPENDIX I

LIST OF AMERICAN IMMIGRANT ANCESTORS

(D.A., double ancestor; b, before)

	NAME	OCCUPATION	DATE OF IMMIGRATION	ORIGIN	SETTLED
	1. Abbott, Robert	Planter	b 1640	England	Branford, Ct.
	2. wife --	--	" "	"	" "
	3. Adams, Jeremy	"	b 1632	"	Hartford, Ct.
	4. wife --	--	" "	"	" "
	5. Aldrich, George	"	b 1631	"	Dorchester, Me
	6. wife, Catherine Seald	--	" "	"	" "
	7. Alvord, Alexander	"	b 1639	"	Windsor, Ct.
D.A.	8. Angell, Thos.	"	b 1631	"	Providence, R.
	9. wife, Alice	--	" "	"	" "
	10. Arnold, Thos.	"	b 1640	"	" "
D.A.	11. Backus, William	"	b 1637	"	Saybrook, Ct.
	12. Bacon, Nathanial	"	b 1637	"	Hartford, Ct.
	13. wife, Ann Miller	--	" "	"	" "
	14. Bagley, Orlando	"	b 1642	"	Amesbury, Mass
	15. Barnard, Bartholomew	Carpenter	b 1639	"	Boston, Mass.
	16. wife, --	--	" "	"	" "
	17. son, Bartholomew	--	" "	"	" "
	18. Bartlett, Robert	Planter	1632	"	Northampton, Mas
	19. wife, --	--	"	"	" "
	20. Bartlett, Robert	"	1623	"	Plymouth, Mass
	21. Beckwith, Matthew	"	b 1645	"	Lyme, Ct.
	22. wife, Elizabeth	--	" "	"	" "
	23. Bennett, Henry	"	b 1630	"	Salem, Mass.
	-- wife, (?)	--	" "		
	24. Berry (Stoney) Hannah	Housewife	1840	"	Philadelphia, Pa
	25. Bigelow, Elizabeth	Planter	b 1637	"	Saybrook, Ct.
	-- father (?)		" "		" "
	-- mother (?)		" "		" "
	26. Birchard, Thomas	"	1635	"	Saybrook, Ct.
	27. wife, Mary	--	"	"	" "
	28. dau. Sarah	--	"	"	" "
D.A.	29. Bishop, John	"	1639	"	Guilford, Ct.
	30. wife, Ann	--	"	"	" "
	31. son, John	--	"	"	" "
	32. dau. Anna	--	"	"	" "
	33. vanBorckelloo, Wyllym J.	Butcher	b 1660	Holland	New York
	34. wife --	--	" "	"	" "
	35. Bousicot, Peter	Blacksmith	b 1636	France	Warwick, R. I
	36. wife, Mary	--	" "	England	" "
	37. Bradfield, Leslie	"	1643	"	Branford, Ct.
	38. wife (?)		"		
	39. Bridge, Edward	"	b 1636	"	Roxbury, Mass
	40. wife, Mary	"	" "	"	" "
	41. Brown, Chad	Minister	1638	"	Providence, R.
	42. wife, Elizabeth	--	"		
	43. Brown, Lydia	--	1641	"	Windsor, Ct.
	-- father (?)		"		
	-- mother (?)		"		

NAME	OCCUPATION	DATE OF IMMIGRATION	ORIGIN	SETTLED
44. Brubacher, Johannes	Miller	1710	Switzerland	Lancaster, P
45. wife, Anna	--	"	"	" "
46. dau. Barbara	--	"	"	" "
47. Bullock, Richard	Planter	b 1647	England	Rehoboth, Me
48. Butler, Richard		1633	"	Hartford, Ct.
49. Calkins, Hugh	Planter	1640	Wales	Gloucester, Ma
50. wife, Ann		"	"	" "
51. dau., Mary		"	"	" "
52. Chamberlain, Thomas	"	b 1644	England	Woburn, Mas
53. wife, Mary	--	" "	"	
54. Champion, Henry	"	b 1647	"	Lyme, Ct.
55. wife, --	--	" "	"	" "
56. Champlin, Jeffery	"	b 1639	"	Westerly, R.I
57. wife, --	--	" "	"	" "
58. Charles, John	Minister	b 1636	"	Branford, Ct.
59. wife, --	--	" "	"	" "
60. dau., Sarah	--	" "	"	" "
61. Chipman, John	Planter	1631	"	Barnstable, Ma
62. Clark, John	"	b 1640	"	Saybrook, Ct.
63. wife, --	--	" "	"	" "
64. dau. Elizabeth	--	" "	"	" "
65. Colby, Anthony	"	1630	"	Amesbury, Mas
66. wife, --	--	"	"	" "
67. Cole, James	Mariner	1632	"	Plymouth, "
68. wife, Mary Lobel	--	"	"	" "
69. son, Hugh	--	"	"	" "
70. Collins, William	Planter	b 1667	"	New Haven, Ct.
71. Colver, Edward	Wheelwright	1635	"	Dedham, Mass.
72. Cornish, Thomas	Cooper	b 1641	"	Newtown, L. I.
73. Cory, John	Planter	b 1638	Ireland	Southold, L.
74. wife, Anne	--	" "	"	" "
75. son, John	--	" "	"	" "
76. Crane, John	"	b 1637	England	Brookline, Ma
77. wife, --	--	" "	"	" "
78. son, Benjamin	--	" "	"	" "
79. Curtis, Thomas	Physician	b 1639	"	Wethersfield
80. wife, Elizabeth	--	" "	"	"
D.A. 81. deWolfe, Balthazar	Planter	b 1656	"	Lyme, Ct.
82. wife, Alice	--	" "	"	" "
83. son, Stephen	--	" "	"	" "
84. Dowd, Henry	"	b 1639	"	Guilford, Ct
85. wife, Elizabeth	--			
86. Eddy, Samuel	Planter	1630	"	Plymouth, Ma
87. wife, Mary Fosten	--	"	"	" "
88. Ellis, John	Planter	b 1638	"	Dedham, Mase
89. wife, --	--	" "	"	" "
90. dau. Ann	--	" "	"	" "
91. Estance, Thomas	Planter	b 1653	"	Swansea, Mas
92. wife, --	--	" "	"	" "
93. dau. Bridget	--	" "	"	" "
D.A. 94. Evarts, John	Planter	b 1638	"	Guilford, Ct
95. wife, --	--	" "	"	" "
96. son, James	--	" "	"	" "
97. son, Daniel	--	" "	"	" "

NAME	OCCUPATION	DATE OF IMMIGRATION	ORIGIN	SETTLED
98.Field, John	Planter	b 1637	England	Providence,R.I
99. wife, --	--	"	"	" "
100.Fisher, Anthony	"	b 1634	"	Cambridge, Mas
101. wife, Mary	--	"	"	" "
102. son, Daniel	--	"	"	" "
103.Flower, Hannah	--	b 1641	"	Dedham, "
104.Ford, Thomas	"	1630	"	Windsor, Ct.
105. wife, --	--	"	"	" "
106. dau. Abigail	--	"	"	" "
107.Ford, "the widow"	--	1621	"	Plymouth, Mass
108 dau. Martha	--	"	"	" "
109.Foxwell, Richard	"	1630	"	Barnstable,"
110.Fuller, Thomas	"	b 1642	"	Dedham, Mass.
111.Gay, John	"	1630	"	" "
112. wife, Joanne ( ) Baldwicke	--	"	"	" "
113.Gee, Solomon	"	b 1730	"	Lyme, Ct.
114.Gillett, Jonathan	"	1630	"	Windsor, Ct
115.Goldham, Henry	"	b 1645	"	Guilford, Ct.
.A.116. wife, Frances	--	"	"	" "
117. dau. Susanna	--	"	"	" "
118.Goodridge, Richard	"	1639	"	" "
119. wife, --	--	"	"	" "
120.Graf, Hans	Indian Trader	1696	Switzerland	Lancaster,P
121. wife, --	--	"	" "	" "
122. Gunn, Jasper	Physician	1635	England	Hartford, Ct.
123. wife, Ann	--	"	"	" "
.A.124.Hall, William	Planter	1639	"	Guilford, Ct.
125. wife, Esther	--	"	"	" "
126.Harding, Richard	Mariner	1623	"	Braintree,Mas
127. wife, --	--	"	"	" "
128. son, Stephen	--	"	"	" "
129.Harris, Thomas	Planter	2/15/1631	"	Providence,R.
130. wife, Elizabeth(?)	--			
131. Harris, Walter	"	1632	"	New London, C
132. wife, Mary Fry	--	"	"	" "
133.Hastings, Peter	"	1770	"	Providence,R.
134.Hawkes, John	"	b 1634	"	Windsor, Ct.
135. wife, Elizabeth	--	"	"	" "
136.Hawkins, Robert	"	1635	"	Milford,Ct.
137. wife, Mary	--	"	"	" "
.A.138.Herr, Hans	Minister	1710	Switzerland	Lancaster,P
139. wife, Elizabeth Kendig	--	"	"	" "
140. son, Abraham	Planter	"	"	" "
141. wife, Anna	--	"	"	" "
142. son, Rudolph	--	"	"	" "
143. son, Christian	Minister	"	"	" "
144. wife, Anna	--	"	"	" "
145. dau.Elizabeth	--	"	"	" "
146.Hewett, Ephraim	Planter	1639	England	Windsor, Ct.
147. wife, Isabel	--	"	"	" "
148.Hickox, William	"	b 1643	"	Farmington, Ct.
149. wife, --	--	"	"	" "
150.Hill, Ann	--	1646.to 1655	Barbadoes	Portsmouth,R..

NAME	OCCUPATION	DATE OF IMMIGRATION	ORIGIN	SETTLED
151.Hoadley	Planter	b 1663	England	Brandford, Ct.
152. wife, --	--	"	"	" "
153.Hopkins, William	"	b 1640	"	Stratford, Ct.
154. wife, Mary	--	"	"	" "
155. dau., Mary	--	"	"	" "
156.Howland, John	"	1620	"	Plymouth, Mass
157.Huckins, Thomas	"	b 1637	"	Barnstable, "
158. wife as Rose Hillier		b 1640		
159.Huntley, John	"	b 1652	"	Lyme, Ct.
160. wife, Joan	--	"	"	" "
161.Ingraham, Richard	"	b 1645	"	Rehoboth, Mass.
162. wife, --	--	"	"	" "
163. dau. Elizabeth	--	"	"	" "
164.Judd, Thomas	"	b 1633	"	Hartford, Ct.
165. wife, Ann	--	"	"	" "
166.King, John	"	b 1635	"	Weymouth, Mass.
167. wife, --	--	"	"	" "
168.Kinne, Henry	Minister	b 1653	"	Salem, Mass.
169. wife, Ann	--	"	"	" "
170.Lane, John	Planter	b 1665	"	Milford, Ct.
171. wife, --	--	"	"	" "
172. dau. Elizabeth	--	"	"	" "
173.Lee, Thomas	"	1641	"	Saybrook, "
174. wife, Phebe Brown	--	"	"	" "
175. son, Thomas	--	"	"	" "
176.Lewis, Philip	"	b 1665	"	Portsmouth, Mass.
177. wife, --	--	"	"	" "
178.Lewis, William	"	1632	Wales	Farmington, Ct.
179. wife, Felix Collyns	--	"	"	" "
180. son, William	--	"	"	" "
181.Long, Hermann	"	b 1746	Switzerland	Lebanon, Pa.
182. wife, Ann	--	"	"	" "
183.Luddington, William	Weaver	b 1640	England	New Haven, Ct.
184. wife, Ellen	--	"	"	" "
185.Mack, John	Planter	1669	Scotland	Lyme, Ct.
186.Maltby, William	"	1666	England	Branford, Ct.
187. wife, Hannah	--	"	"	" "
188.Marrett, Thomas	"	b 1635	"	Cambridge, Mass.
189. wife, Susanne	--	"	"	" "
190. dau. Abigail	--	"	"	" "
191.Maskill, Thomas	"	b 1660	"	Windsor, Ct.
192.Meigs, Vincent	"	1634	"	New Haven, Ct.
193. wife, --	--	"	"	" " "
194. son, John	"	"	"	" " "
195. wife, Tasasin Fry	--	"	"	" " "
196 dau., Mary	--	"	"	" " "
197.Merriman, Nathaniel	"	1632	"	Wallingford, "
198. wife, Joanne	--	"	"	" "
199.Moody, Samuel	"	1635	"	Hartford, Ct.
200.Morrill, Henry	"	b 1650	"	New Haven, Ct.
201. wife, Blanche	--	"	"	" " "
202.Munger, Nicholas	"	b 1651	"	Guilford, Ct.

NAME	OCCUPATION	DATE OF IMMIGRATION	ORIGIN	SETTLED
203. Munson, Thomas	Planter	1634	England	New Haven, Ct.
204. wife, Joanna	--	"	"	" " "
205. Nelson, William	"	b 1640	"	Plymouth, Mass.
206. Newman, Francis	Governor	b 1638	"	New Haven, Ct.
207. wife, --	--	"	"	" " "
208. Osborn, John	Planter	b 1640	"	Weymouth, Mass
209. wife, Mary	--	"	"	" "
210. Osborn, Thomas	Tanner	1640	"	New Haven, Ct.
211. wife, Mary	--	"	"	" " "
212. son, Joseph	--	"	"	" " "
213. Paine, William	Planter	1635	"	" " "
214. wife, --	--	"	"	" " "
215. Parkhurst, George	"	b 1642	"	Watertown, Mass.
216. wife, --	--	"	"	" "
217. dau., Phebe	--	"	"	" "
218. Parsons, Thomas	"	b 1637	"	Windsor, Ct.
219. Powell, Thomas	"	b 1643	"	New Haven, Ct.
220. wife, Priscilla	--	"	"	" " "
221. Pratt, William	"	b 1632	"	Saybrook, Ct.
222. Quarles, Joanna	"	b 1654	"	Boston, Mass
223. Roberts, Hugh	"	b 1648	"	Gloucester, Mass.
224. Roll, Jan	Indian Trader	b 1656	Holland	Albany, N.Y.
225. Sanford, Thomas	Planter	1630	England	Milford, Ct.
226. wife, Sarah	--	"	"	" "
227. Saylor, Jacob	"	1785	Germany	New Carlisle, O.
228. wife, Margaret	--	"	"	" " "
229. Shelley, Ann	--	1632	England	Scituate, Mass
230. Siechele, John	"	b 1740	Switzerland	Palmyra, Pa.
231. wife, Eva Elizabeth	--	"	"	" "
232. Simpson, Alexander	"	b 1685	Scotland	Flatlands, L.
233. Smith, Christopher	"	b 1668	England	Providence, R.I.
234. wife, Alice	--	"	"	" "
235. Smith, George	"	b 1639	"	New Haven, Ct.
236. wife, Sarah	--	"	"	" " "
237. Smith John	Mason	b 1654	"	Providence, R. I
238. wife --	--	"	"	" "
239. son, John	--	"	"	" "
240. Smith, John Miller	Miller	b 1635	"	" "
241. wife, Alice	--	"	"	" "
242. son, John	"	"	"	" "
243. Smith, John	Planter	1655	"	Lancaster, Mass.
244. wife, Mary	--	"	"	" "
245. son, Richard	--	"	"	" "
246. Smith, Joseph	"	1660	"	New Haven, Ct.
247. wife, --	--	"	"	" " "
248. Smith, Margaret	--	1644	"	Hartford, Ct.
-- father (?)		"		
-- mother (?)		"		
249. Stebbins, Rowland	"	1634	England	Northampton, Mas
250. wife, Sarah	--	"	"	" "
251. son, John	--	"	"	" "
252. Steele, George	"	1630	"	Hartford, Ct.
253. wife, --	--	"	"	" "
254. son, James	--	"	"	" "

NAME	OCCUPATION	DATE OF IMMIGRATION	ORIGIN	SETTLED
255. Steele, John	Planter	1630	England	Hartford, Ct.
256. wife, Rachel	--	"	"	" "
257. Stevens, John	"	1639	"	Guilford, Ct.
258. wife, --	--	"	"	" "
259. son, William	--	"	"	" "
260. Stiles, Francis	"	1635	"	Windsor, Ct.
261. wife, Maria	--	"	"	" "
262. son, Francis	--	"	"	" "
263. Stone, John	"	1635	"	Salem, Mass.
264. wife, --	--	"	"	" "
265. dau. Mary	--	"	"	" "
266. Stoney, Samuel	Weaver	1840	"	Philadelphia, Pa.
wife, Hannah (Berry)	--	"	"	" "
267. Strong, John	Planter	1630	"	Windsor, Ct.
268. Tallman, Peter	Attorney	1655	"	Portsmouth, R.I.
269. wife, Ann	--	"	"	" "
270. Taylor, John	Planter	1640	"	" "
271. wife, --	--	"	"	" "
272. Tew, Richard	"	1640	"	Providence "
273. wife, Mary Clark	--	"	"	" "
274. Thompson, John	"	1637	"	New Haven, Ct.
275. wife, --	--	"	"	" " "
276. son, John	--	"	"	" " "
277. Thurber, Thomas	"	b 1670	"	Swansea, Mass.
278. Tilley, John	"	1620	"	Plymouth "
279. wife, Elizabeth	--	"	"	" "
280. dau., Elizabeth	--	"	"	" "
281. Tomlinson, Henry	"	b 1652	"	Stratford, Ct.
282. wife, Maria Hyde	--	"	"	" "
283. son, Henry	--	"	"	" "
A. 284. Tuttle, William	"	1635	"	New Haven, "
285. wife, Elizabeth	--	"	"	" " "
286. son, John	--	"	"	" " "
287. van Voorhees, Steven	Brewer	1655	Holland	Flatlands, L.I.
288. wife, --	--	"	"	" "
289. dau., Janetje	--	"	"	" "
290. Vore, Richard	Planter	1630	England	Windsor, Ct.
291. wife, Ann	--	"	"	" "
292. dau., Mary	--	"	"	" "
293. Warren, Richard	"	1620	"	Plymouth, Mass.
294. wife, Elizabeth Jouatt	--	1621	"	" "
295. dau., Mary	--	"	"	" "
296. Washburn, William	Planter	b 1655	"	Stratford, Ct.
297. wife, --	--	"	"	" "
298. dau. Hope	--	"	"	" "
299. Watson, John	"	1644	"	Hartford, Ct.
300. Whipple, John	"	b 1632	"	Providence, R. I.
301. wife, Sarah	--			
--wife's father (?)				
--wife's mother (?)				

NAME	OCCUPATION	DATE OF IMMIGRATION	ORIGIN	SETTLED
302. Whitehead, John	Planter	1640	England	Branford, Ct.
303. van Woggelum, Peter	Tavern Keeper	b 1656	Holland	Rensselaer, N.Y.
304. wife, ---	--	"	"	" "
305. dau. --	--	"	"	" "
306. Woodward, Henry	Physician	1635	England	Northampton, Mass
307. wife, Elizabeth	--	"	"	" "
308. Wooster, Edward	Planter	b 1651	"	Milford, Ct.
309. Wunderli, Daniel	"	1751	Germany	Carlisle, Pa.
310. Xanders, Heinrich	"	1730	Switzerland	Lebanon, Pa.

APPENDIX II

SOME IMPORTANT PEOPLE HAVING COMMON ANCESTORS

TO IDA JUDD CORY

A. Presidents of the United States

1. Adams, John	4th	cousin	5th	removed	- See	"Adams"
2. Adams, John Quincey	5th	"	4th	"	"	"Adams"
3. Arthur, Chester A.	7th	"	0	"	"	"Hall"
4. Fillmore, Millard	5th	"	4th	"	"	"Eddy"
5. Garfield, James	6th	"	3rd	"	"	"Bigelo
6. Grant, U.S.	6th	"	3rd	"	"	"Warren
7. Harding, Warren G.	7th	"	0	"	"	"Hardin
8. Harrison, Benjamin	8th	"	1st	"	"	"Tuttle
9. Hayes, Rutherford B.	6th	"	3rd	"	"	"Bircha
10. Roosevelt, Franklin D.	7th	"	2nd	"	"	"Warren

B. Others

1. Burr, Aaron	4th	cousin	4th	removed	- See	"Tuttle
2. Edwards, Jonathan	2nd	"	6th	"	"	"Tuttle
3. Lee, Gen. Robt. E. C.S.A	6th	"	3rd	"	"	"Lee"
4. Smith, Joseph (Mormon Prophet)					"	"Pack"

TO H. T. CORY

1. Cory, Giles	Eight great uncle				See	"Cory
2. Herr, Edward L.	6th	cousin	1st	removed	"	"Herr
3. " Herbert T.	"	"	"	"	"	"
4. " Maj. Gen. John K, U.S.A.	4th	"	1st	"	"	"
5. Lincoln, Maj. Gen. John Daniel C.S.A.	1st	"	2nd	"	"	"Wund
6. Miller, Admiral Merrill, U.S.N.	2nd	"	1st	"	"	"

ANCESTRAL LINES

of

ALICE ELEANOR ADAMSON CORY

ROY LEONARD ADAMSON, JR.

Compiled by

H. T. CORY

Printed by R. L. ADAMSON

LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA

1 9 4 3

EVAN ADAMSON OF ANNE ARUNDEL COUNTY, MARYLAND

References: State Hall of Records in Annapolis, Md.

Also: "The Lone Star State" 1893 P-569

Also: "Tennessee Records - Bible Records and Marriage Bonds". Cullom and Ghertner, Nashville, Tenn. 1933. Vol. 1 IX 517 pp. Vol. 11 XI 521 pp. Vol. pp 412 and 425.

Also: "Historic Sumner County, Tennessee". Joy Guy Cisco. Falk-Keslin Printing Co., Nashville, Tenn. 1909 XII, 314 pp. pp 102-190

Also: Records of Frederick and Montgomery Counties, Maryland and Wilson and Cannon Counties, Tennessee.

Also: Family Bibles.

Evan Adamson came to Maryland from England late in 1662 in a party of five, headed by William Smith and wife. John Adamson, doubtless his son, came in February, 1677, in a party of 34 with John Longden, Mariner. John married a daughter of John Baldwyn of Anne Arundel County and had a son John Baldwin Adamson who took up from Lord Baltimore, July 2, 1726, "Adamson's Choice" of 100 acres near Scotland, a few miles south of Rockville, Montgomery County, and just west of Washington, D. C. The records of "Adamson's Choice" as well as Administration accounts of his estate, filed June 25, 1746, state he left three heirs, Basil, Jeremiah and Lucy, but also had John, whose will made 1772 is in Frederick County Wills, Liber 38 folio 743, and one of whose sons married a daughter of Ninian Beall, and perhaps others.

For ancestry of Hannah Hancock who married William Adamson 7, see "The Hopkins of Virginia" by Walter Lee Hopkins, Richmond, Va., 1931.

1. Evan (b in England about 1635)(d probably in Anne Arundel Co., Md.) m in England daughter of (b in England about 1640)(d probably in England) He had a son

2. John (Evan 1)(b in England about 1657)(d probably in Montgomery Co., Md.) m probably in Anne Arundel Co. about 1681 daughter of John and ( ) Baldwin (b probably in Anne Arundel Co. about 1661)(d probably in Montgomery Co.) They had at least one son

3. John Baldwin (John 2 Evan 1)(b probably in Montgomery Co. about 1682)(d at "Adamson's Choice" early in 1746) m probably in Montgomery Co. about 1706 daughter of and (b probably in Montgomery Co.)(d probably at "Adamson's Choice" before 1746) They had at least 3 sons and 1 daughter, a son being

4. Basil (John Baldwin 3 John 2 Evan 1)(b on "Adamson's Choice" 1728)(d in Montgomery Co., Md., 1785) m probably in Montgomery Co., 1749, Nancy, daughter of Stiers (b probably in Montgomery Co., 1727)(d in Montgomery Co., 1786). His will mentions only a part of his 6 sons and 5 daughters of whom one was

5. Elisha (Basil 4 John Baldwin 3 John 2 Evan 1)(b in Montgomery Co. about 1755)(d in Cannon Co., Tenn. about 18) m probably in Montgomery Co. about 1778 daughter of (b probably in Montgomery Co. about 1755)(d in Cannon Co., Tenn. about 18) They had at least 5 sons and 5 daughters probably the 2nd child and eldest son being

6. William (Elisha 5 Basil 4 John Baldwin 3 John 2 Evan 1)(b probably in Montgomery Co. about 1782)(d in Cannon Co., Tenn.) m 1st in Cannon Co. about 1808 daughter of and ( ) (b at about 1783)(d in Cannon Co. 1810) m 2nd in Cannon Co. 1811 Mary, daughter of and Wilson (b in Wilson Co. about 1791)(d in Cannon Co.) He had 1 son by his 1st wife and several children by his 2nd, the son by the 1st wife being

7. William (William 6 Elisha 5 Basil 4 John Baldwin 3 John 2 Evan 1)(b in Cannon Co. 1810)(d at Jackson, Miss., 1863, of a fever after delivering a drove of beeves to the Confederate Army) m 1st in Cannon Co. about 1835 Hannah daughter of Lewis R. and Frances (Adams) Hancock (b in Cannon Co. 1810)(d in New Hope County, four miles east of Mexia, Texas about 1860) m 2nd in Texas about 1861 Margaret daughter of and sister of Congressman Joseph Abbott (b probably in Texas about 1840)(d in Freestone Co. 1865) By his 1st wife he had 2 sons and 6 daughters and by his 2nd, 1 son. His 7th child and 2nd son was

8. William Lewis (William 7 William 6 Elisha 5 Basil 4 John Baldwin 3 John 2 Evan 1) (b in Limestone Co. Texas, May 18, 1851) (d at Mexia, Tex., Jan. 13, 1926) m at Milliican, Tex., Dec. 20, 1874, Henrietta daughter of Abner and Jane (Bennett) Edwards (b near Grenada, Miss., May 28, 1850) (d at Mexia May 28, 1912). They had 6 sons and 2 daughters, the 6th child and 4th son being

9. Roy Leonard (William Lewis 8 William 7 William 6 Elisha 5 Basil 4 John Baldwin 3 John 2 Evan 1)(b at Mexia, Feb. 11, 1887) m at Dallas, Texas, Sept. 25, 1912, Alice Emma daughter of Charles Henry and Augusta Fredonia (Halley) Ramsdell (b at Salado, Tex., Nov. 10, 1889) (d at) They had 1 son and 1 daughter, the daughter being

10. Alice Eleanor (Roy Leonard 9 William Lewis 8 William 7 William 6 Elisha 5 Basil 4 John Baldwin 3 John 2 Evan 1) (b at Omaha, Neb., Feb. 28, 1914)(d at) m at Glendale, Calif., July 12, 1938, Thomas Judd son of Harry Thomas and Ida (Judd) Cory (b at San Francisco, Calif., June 15, 1914) (d at)

and the son being

10. Roy Leonard, Jr. (Roy Leonard 9 William Lewis 8 William 7 William 6 Elisha 5 Basil 4 John Baldwin 3 John 2 Evan 1) (b at Omaha, Nebraska, July 3, 1918)(d at) m at)

JOHN EDWARDS OF JAMES CITY COUNTY, VIRGINIA

References: Historic Sketches of the Edwards and Todd Families and their Descendants, Georgie Hortense Edwards. H. W. Rukker, Springfield, Ill., 1894. 38 pp.

Also: The Compendium of American Genealogy. F. A. Virkus. Inst. of Amer. Geneal. Chicago. Vol. 4 (1930) p.182 and Vol. 5 (1933) pp 115, 141, 339.

Also: History of Illinois from 1778 to 1833, Ninian Edwards. Illinois State Journal Co., Springfield, Ill. 1870. 579 III pp. pp 13 f.

Also: Virginia Genealogies. H. E. Hayden. Rare Book Shop, Washington, 1931. XVIII 758 pp. p. 98

Also: The Original Lists of Persons - - - from Great Britain to the American Colonies 1600-1700, J. C. Hotten, London, 1874. XI 580 pp. pp 117, 180, 192.

Also: Virginia Wills and Administrations 1632-1800, Clayton Torrence. William Byrd Press, Inc., Richmond, Va. 1936 XIX 483 pp.

Also: Virginia Magazine of History and Biography. Vir. hist. Soc. Richmond, Va. Data in many volumes.

Also: Williams and Mary College Quarterly Historical Magazine, Richmond, Va. Data in many volumes.

Also: Family Bibles.

Since there are in print several contradictory lines of descent down to Hayden Edwards (1723-1803), considerable study of original sources was necessary to determine the one hereinafter given, which has been carefully ascertained.

While Miss Georgie H. Edwards, in her book on the Edwards and Todd family, gives the English-Wales roots of her Edwards ancestry (she was a great great great grand-daughter of Hayden Edwards 1723-1803), she does not state which of the four brothers John, William, Robert and Thomas, who came to Colonial Virginia in 1621, is the father of the John Edwards second generation in America; and as at least 20 Edwardses, possibly all relatives, came in by 1640, and but few meager records of the time still exist, the first name of the original immigrant ancestor is not yet known with exactitude. Almost certainly it was the John who came over in the "George" in 1621, and is noted as living "in the Plantation over the river" from Jamestown on Feb. 16, 1623, and a brother of the William and of the Robert who on that date are listed among the dead of the Colony. There are no Virginia records extant of the brother Thomas who doubtless came over with the other three and possibly died on the voyage.

These four brothers were sons of William and great grandsons of Richard Edwards, born in Sometshire, England, 1523; took his A. M. at Oxford 1547; was a musician of note; and died 1566 at Edwards Hall near Cardiff, Glamorganshire, Wales. This Hall was built about 1070 by a Norman Knight, Sir Godefrey de Pomeroi; came into the Edwards family by marriage; was abandoned about 1620 when the aforesaid four brothers came to America to take over lands granted them for services rendered the King; and the ruins of which were still standing in 1894 when Miss Edwards, who had a photograph of them, published her book.

John, the second generation in America, was probably born in Virginia about 1628; took up 1050 acres of land in Northumberland County and 300 acres in Lancaster County, Virginia, in 1653; and built Northumerland House.

An important genealogical landmark was Hayden Edwards (1728--1803) who in 1747 married Penelope Sanford, who came to America with a brother who settled in a northern state, she being the only woman on the ship coming over. He was a lawyer and farmer; served several terms in the Virginia Legislature and filled several official posts in that State; and moved to Bourbon County, Kentucky, about 1790. Hayden and Penelope's family of eight children included four who were notable; one was Sanford who, after serving as Corporal in the 2nd Troop, 1st Virginia Regt. of Light Dragoons under Col. Theodorick Bland in 1777, became Chief Surgeon of Gen. Francis Marion, "The Swamp Fox", small but terrible army; was highly praised for his work by the French Army Surgeon, Dr. Beowick, and settled in South Carolina, where he died 1815. A second was Benjamin, who early moved to Montgomery County, Maryland; married there Margaret, daughter of Minian Beall; was a member of the Maryland Convention which ratified the Federal Constitution and of several sessions of the Maryland House of Delegates; moved to Bourbon County, Kentucky (Paris) where he died in 1822; had a son Minian who was Chief Justice of Kentucky, Territorial Governor, U. S. Senator and Governor of Illinois; and a grandson, Gen. Albert G. Edwards. A third was John, who was a member of the Virginia Convention which ratified the Federal Constitution; moved to Kentucky and was one of its first two Senators. A fourth was Penelope, who married Col. William Pope, and one of whose sons, John, was Governor and U. S. Senator from Arkansas, and another was Nathaniel, Governor of Illinois.

A third genealogical landmark is the family legend, which cost a good many of the descendants time and money, that Robert and another brother of Hayden's went to New York from England and there leased for 99 years a large block of land, neither man being heard from thereafter.

1. John (b. near Cardiff, Glamorganshire, Wales, about 1697) (d probably in James City County, Va.) m probably in Va. about 1627. (b)(d)They had at least one son.

2. John 2 (John 1) (b probably in James City Co. about 1628) (d in Northumberland Co. Va) m probably in James City Co. about 1652 (b) (d) They had several children, one being

3. John 3 (John 2 John 1) (b probably in Northumberland House, Northumberland Co. Va. about 1654) (d in Lancaster Co. Va.) m probably in Northumberland or Lancaster Co. about 1681. (b) (d) He had several sons, one being

4. William 4 (John 3 John 2 John 1) (b in Lancaster County about 1685) (d in Lancaster Co.) m in Lancaster Co. 1712 Margaret daughter of William Hayden (b in Lancaster Co. about 1690) (d in Lancaster Co.) They had several children, one being

5. Hayden 5 (William 4 John 3 John 2 John 1) (b in Lancaster Co. 1723) (d in Bourbon Co., Kent, 1803) m in Stafford Co. Va. 1747 Penelope daughter of Sanford. (b in England about 1724) (d in Bourbon Co., Kentucky 1804) They had 4 sons and 4 daughters, the eldest son being

6. Sanford (Hayden 5 William 4 John 3 John 2 John 1) (b in Stafford Co. Va 1749) (d in South Carolina 1815) m probably in Stafford Co. about 1772 (b probably in Stafford Co. about 1752) (d probably in South Carolina about)They had several children, one being

7. Haden (Sanford 6 Hayden 5 William 4 John 3 John 2 John 1) (b in Stafford Co. about 1773) (d probably in Chesterfield District S.C.) m probably in South Carolina about 1795 Anne daughter of (b) (d) They had several children, one being

8. Abner (Haden 7 Sanford 6 Hayden 5 William 4 John 3 John 2 John 1) (b in Chesterfield District S.C. 1797) (d near Springfield, Limestone Co., Texas, 1854) m in Pickens Co. Alabama ( ) 1825 Jane daughter of Abner and Bennett (b probably in South Carolina about 1805) (d near Springfield, Texas 18) They had 5 sons and 8 daughters, the youngest child being

9. Henrietta (Abner 8 Haden 7 Sanford 6 Hayden 5 William 4 John 3 John 2 John 1) (b near Granada, Miss. May 28, 1850) (d at Mexia, Tex. May 28, 1912) m at Millican, Tex., Dec. 20, 1874 William Louis, son of William and Hannah (Hancock) Adamson (b in Limestone Co., Tex., May 18, 1851) (d at Mexia, Jan. 13, 1926) They had 6 sons and 2 daughters, the 6th child and 4th son being Roy Leonard.

JEROME HAWLEY (HALLEY) OF MARYLAND AND VIRGINIA

References: "The Hawley Record". Elias S. Hawley. E. H. Hutchinson & Co., Buffalo, N. Y., 1899. XVIII 592 pp. pp. IX f.

Also: "The Founding of Maryland". Matthew Page Andrews. Appleton Century Co., N. Y., 1938. XII 367 pp. pp. 55-9, 83.

Also: "Captains and Marines of Early Maryland". R. Serrimes. Johns Hopkins Press, Balto., 1937. XXI 856 pp. pp. 36-179.

Also: "Virginia Carolorum - 1625-1685". E. D. Niell. Joel Munsell's Sons, Albany, N. Y. 1886. 447 pp. pp. 131-2, 153, 174.

Also: "American Colonists in English Records". George Sherwood, London, 1932. 2 Vols. Vol. 1 p. 23 and Vol. 2 p. 103.

Also: "Maryland Historical Magazine". Md. Hist. Soc. Balto., Md. See particularly Vol 34 pp 175-79

Also: "Virginia Magazine of History and Biography". Va. Hist. Soc., Richmond, Va.

Also: "Will and Account Records in Maryland". State Hall of Records, Annapolis and in court houses of St. Mary's, Charles and Prince George's Counties, Md.

Also: "Halleys of America and England and their Descendants". Mrs. J. Stanford Halley. MSS, Corsicana, Tex. 1939.

Also: Family bible records.

John Hawley (son of William and grandson of John who died about 1502) was of Auler, Somerset County (England) and the first of the family who settled in that country; married Dorothy, sister of William Walnot of Shopwick, and had two sons, William and Jeremy.

William of Auler had a great grandson, Francis Hawley, of Buckland House, Somerset County, who was made a baronet, March 14, 1643, the title becoming extinct in 1775.

Jeremy Thomas who had a twin brother Omy was of Boston near Brentford, Middlesex County where he died in 1593. He married first Rynburgh daughter of Valentine Saunders of Sutton Court, Middlesex County, who died Febr. 1575 and had five sons and two daughers.

The eldest son was James, born 1558 and died Sept. 1622, who married first Susanna daughter of Richard Tathill of Amercham (see Ancestral Line "William Tuttle") who died about 1610, and second, Elizabeth Burnell who died 1621. He had six sons and three daughters by his first wife and three sons by his second. Most of these children came to America.

Apparently the eldest was Jeremy or Jerome as he was more commonly called; born 1580; a gentleman in attendance on Queen Henrietta Marie, daughter of Henry IX of France and who May 1, 1625 married Charles I of England; a close friend of George Calvert (Lord Baltimore) and one eighth owner with him of the Maryland Province; and a passenger on the "Ark" which with the pinnace "Dove" sailed from Cowes, England, Nov. 22, 1633, and landed at an island christened St. Clements, now called Blockiston's near Leonardtown, Md., Mar. 25, 1634. The expedition was in charge of Lord Baltimore's brother, Leonard Calvert, first Governor of Maryland and Jerome Hawley, Capt. Thomas Cornwallis and John Lewger, Gent. were the three commissioners acting with the Governor. Jan. 10, 1636-7 Charles I appointed Jerome Treasurer of Virginia and he died in July, 1638. He lived extravagantly and gambled for high stakes so that on his death he left no immediate funds, and the Maryland authorities provided money for his funeral expenses, and on Aug. 13, 1638, appointed Capt. Thomas Cornwallis Administrator "of Jerome Hawley, late of St. Maries County"; the estate being Jerome's interest in the Maryland Province.

Henry, another son, was for years Governor of the Barbadoes, when his wife Jane died May 11, 1678, and he died June 8, 1679.

Gabriel, a third son, assisted with the "Ark" and "Dove" voyage; went to Virginia early; and became its Surveyor General, the post on his death (?) in 1637 going to Robert Evelyn. It is quite possible this Gabriel was Jerome's son rather than his brother.

Capt. Williams, a fourth son, was for a time Deputy Governor of Barbadoes for his brother Henry when the latter was on leave in England; lived in Northumberland Co., Va. as early as 1644; was Deputy Governor of the Carolinas in 1646; then went to Maryland where he owned St. Jeromes Manor of 2100 acres in St. Marys County, surveyed to him Jan. 15, 1648; signed the Protestant Declaration in 1650, which incidentally shows the family were Episcopalians; and died in Maryland 1654. Apparently he never married, and his will disappeared shortly after his death.

A fifth son, Valentine, and a daughter, Susanna, with her husband, Sir Richard Pier, went to the Barbadoes and another son, James, who apparently never came to America, heavily backed Jerome in his Maryland venture as shown by a letter from James to Capt. Williams, dated Brentford, England, July 30, 1649, and apparently had a son, Gabriel, who was an apprentice of William Power of London from 1627 to July 6, 1636.

Jerome married first a Miss Hawkins and second Elinor Coursey, a widow of Thomas and mother of Sir William Coursey. His wife, Elinor, was apparently with him in Virginia when he died. By his first wife he had at least Robert, Gabriel and Judith and apparently no children by his second wife.

The line of descent heretofore and hereafter given down to and including Clement 3 is that contained in an old family record unearthed by Mrs. J. Stanford Halley of Corsicana, Texas. The remainder of the line in such record is through Jeremy, a son of Clement, 3rd, for seven more generations, whereas the line here given is through Clement's son John.

Such old family record starts with Jeremy who married Rynburgh Saunders about 1550 and follows that heretofore given to and including Jerome born 1580, and makes clear that Jerome had a son Gabriel who lived to manhood and had at least one son, Clement, previous historical inferences from the very fragmentary colonial records still existing to the contrary notwithstanding.

This Clement signed his will "Clement Haly" (pronounced Haw-lee) but aside from the old family record it is important to note that he and both his wives were Episcopalians while the very few Haleys in Maryland during this period were Catholics and relatively poor. Also, Clement was wealthy and of his several land parcels at least two were derived from Jerome's share in the Maryland Province. The name has been variously spelled from as early as 1630. The London record of 1655 concerning the "Ark" and "Dove" expedition uses no less than three forms, as follows:-

> "Hawley, Gabriel, of London, Gent. aged 34, has lived there 5 years, before that in Virginia then months, and before that in London 5 years or more"
>
> - - - - - -
>
> "Hally, Jerome, a partner in "The Ark", had an eighth share".
>
> Halley, Gabriel, did bespeak and provide beer and victuals for the ship".

Other spellings are Holley and Holly.

Beginning, then, with Jerome, the American immigrant ancestor, the line is, as follows:-

1. Jerome Hawley (b near Brentford, Middlesex Co., England, 1580) (d at Jamestown, Va., July 1638) (m 1st in England about 1600_____ daughter of _____Hawkins (b) (d in England probably before 1625) and m 2nd in England probably about 1630 to 1635, Elinor widow of Thomas and mother of Sir William Coursey (b in England about 1600) (d probably in England before Nov. 1655). By his 1st wife he had at least 2 sons and 1 daughter, one being

2. Gabriel Hawley or Halley (Jerome 1) (b in England about 1602) (d) m (b) (d) He had at least one son

3. Clement Haly (pronounced Haw-lee) (Gabriel 2 Jerome 1) (b possibly in England about 1634) (d in Choptico St. Marys Co., Md., Jan. 1695) m 1st in St. Marys Co. about 1657 _____ daughter of John and _____ Roberts (b probably in Maryland about 1637) (d in St. Marys Co. before 1675) m 2nd in St. Marys Co. in 1676 _____ Burke, widow of William Burke and daughter of Edward and Elizabeth (_____) Turner (b probably in St. Clements Manor, St. Marys Co. about 1651) (d in St. Marys Co. before 1694) He had some children and at least two sons, Jeremy and John, by his 1st and at least 2 and probably 4 daughters by his 2nd, one son by the 1st wife being

4. John Hally (pronounced Hall-ee) (Clement 3 Gabriel 2 Jerome 1) (b in St. Mary's Co. about 1665) (d in Charles Co. Md., Nov. 1718) m probably in St. Mary's or Charles Co. about 1688 Elizabeth of _____ and _____ (b in St. Mary's or Charles Co. about 1668) (d in Charles Co. 1722) They had at least one son

5. John Halley (pronounced Hall-ee) (John 4 Clement 3 Gabriel 2 Jerome 1) (b probably in Charles Co. about 1690) (d in Charles Co. Sept. 1775) m in St. John's Parish (Episcopalian) Prince Georges Co. Mrh 4, 1712 Easter daughter of John and Eliza_____ Burch or Birch (b probably in Prince George's Co. about 1692) (d in Charles Co. after 1766). He entered the plantation "Exeter" in Prince George Co., Jan. 22, 1722. They had at least 3 sons, one being

6. Thomas Holly (pronounced Holl-ee) (John 5 John 4 Clement 3 Gabriel 2 Jerome 1) (b in Charles Co. Dec. 17, 1713, (d in Prince George's Co. May 1769) m 1st in England about 1738 a cousin Sara Halley (b in England about 1715) (d probably in England about 1745) m 2nd probably in Prince George's Co. 1748 Elizabeth Burch a widow with more than one child (b probably in Prince George's Co. about 1720) (d in Prince George's Co. Aug. 1773). He left an estate of L 401-73-6. He had at least 3 sons and 3 daughters, one son being

7. John Halley (pronounced Hall-ee) (Thomas 6 John 5 John 4 Clement 3 Gabriel 2 Jerome 1) (b in Prince George's Co. Mrh 13, 1749) (d in Prince George's Co. Mrh. 18, 1800) m in England _____ Jan. 31, 1771 Elizabeth Price daughter of _____ and _____ and a widow with 2 children (b probably in England about 1745) d in Prince George's Co. about 1810). They had at least 5 sons and 4 daughters, one son being

8. Nathaniel Halley (pronounced Hah-lee) (John 7 Thomas 6 John 5 John 4 Clement 3 Gabriel 2 Jerome 1) (b in Prince George's Co. Feb. 9, 1776) (d in Talbot Co. Ga., 1846) m in Prince George Co. Mrh 18, 1800, Jemima daughter of Mordicai and Jemima ( ) Jacobs (b in Prince George's Co. Sept. 8, 1780) (d at Warren, Ark., June 1, 1851). They had at least 7 sons and 4 daughters, the youngest child being

9. Robert Bonner (Nathaniel 8 John 7 Thomas 6 John 5 John 4 Clement 3 Gabriel 2 Jerome 1) (b in Talbot Co. Ga., May 4, 1823 (d at Salado, Texas, Oct. 5, 1875) m in Georgia, Aug. 16, 1849 Lydia daughter of Robert and Patsey (Hudspeth) Edrington (b at Memphis, Tenn. 1831) (d at Dallas, Texas, Dec. 7, 1927) Robert Edrington's grandfather fought in the Battle of Quebec. They had 4 sons and 4 daughters, the 1st child being

10. Augusta Fredonia (Robert Bonner 9 Nathaniel 8 John 7 Thomas 6 John 5 John 4 Clement 3 Gabriel 2 Jerome 1) (b in Bradley Co., Ark., Nov. 24, 1850) (d at Omaha, Neb., Aug. 19, 1919) m at Salado, Tex., Sept. 3, 1874, Charles Henry son of Charles and Sara (Marshall) Ramsdell (b at Nashua, N.H., Feb. 21, 1842) (d at Alvin, Tex., July 13, 1903). They had 5 sons and 3 daughters the 7th child and 3rd daughter being Alice Emma.

ABIJAH RAMSDALL OF LYNN, MASS.

References: The History of Milford, Geo. A. Ramsdell. Family Registers Wm. P. Colburn. Rumford Pres. Concord, N.H. 1901. XV 1023 pp. pp. 399-400, 985-6
(Geo. A. Ramsdell was Governor of New Hampshire 1897-8 and a historical writer of note).

"Capt. William Ramsdell, the first of the name to settle in Milford, was born in Lynn, Mass., April 10, 1766, and was the son of Abijah Ramsdell, which was also the name of the emigrant ancestor who was born in England in 1695, and settled in Lynn at an early age. He made his first voyage when a mere boy, and continued to follow the sea until he was about fifty years old, taking up his residence meanwhile in Salem, Mass., where he was married August 22, 1802, to Mary Southward, the daughter of Capt. George Southward of Salem, Mass., a native of England, and the emigrant ancestor of this branch of the family. Captain Southward's wife was Emma Phelps, a daughter of Jonathan Phelps. Capt. Daniel Hawthorne, an intimate friend of Captain Southward and the grandfather of Nathaniel Hawthorne, married another daughter of Jonathan Phelps, and between the two families there was an intimate acquaintance for many years.

Captain Ramsdell for a long time commanded vessels sailing out of Salem harbor. In 1815, desiring a change he purchased the farm in Milford, upon which he resided until his decease, January 12, 1842 ----------. Although he had visited almost every country and been exposed to almost every contagious disease, he died at the age of seventy six from an attack of measles contracted from one of his grandchildren." (pp 399-400)

Abijah 1 (b in England 1695) (d probably in Lynn, Mass.) m at (b) (d)
He had at least one son

Abijah 2 (Abijah 1) (b probably at Lynn about 1720) (d probably at Lynn after 1766) M probably at Lynn _____ Rebecca daughter of _____ and _____ (_____) Graves (b) (d). They had several children, one being

Capt. William 3 (Abijah 2 Abijah 1) (b at Lynn, Apr. 10, 1766)(d at Milford, Vt., Jan. 12, 1842) m 1st about 1793 probably at Lynn, Huldah Newhall (b about 1770) (d about 1797) m 2nd probably at Salem, Mass., Aug. 22, 1802, Mary, daughter of Capt. George and Emma (Phelps) Southward (b at Salem Apr. 6, 1744) (d at Milford, May 18, 1866) By his first wife he had one daughter and by his second three sons and one daughter. The fourth child and 2nd son was

Charles 4 (William 3, Abijah 2, Abijah 1) (b at Salem, May 4,1807) (d at Montgomery, Tex., Dec. 22, 1863) m 1st at Milford, Jan. 18, 1830 Adaline, daughter of Josiah and Rebecca (Blanchard) French (b at Milford, Feb. 4, 1807) (d at

Milford, Sept. 20, 1837) m 2nd at Nashua, N. H., June 7, 1838, Sarah J. daughter of William and Olive (Bowers) Marshall (b at Nashua, Feb. 20, 1814) (d at Austin, Tex. Oct. 18, 1881) By his 1st wife he had 3 daughters and by his 2nd 1 son and three daughters, the only son being

Charles Henry 5 (Charles 4 William 3, Abijah 2 Abijah 1) (b at Nashua, Feb. 21, 1842) (d at Alvin, Tex., July 13, 1903) m at Salado, Tex., Sept. 3, 1874, Augusta Fredonia daughter of Robert Bounes and Lydia (Edrington) Halley (b in Bradley Co. Arkansas, Nov. 24, 1850) (d at Omaha, Neb., Aug. 19, 1919). They had 5 sons and 3 daughters the 7th child and 3rd daughter being

Alice Emma 6 (Charles Henry 5 Charles 4 William 3 Abijah 2 Abijah 1) (b at Salado, Tex., Nov. 10, 1889) (d) m at Dallas, Texas, Sept. 25, 1912 Roy Leonard, son of William Louis and Henrietta (Edwards) Adamson (b at Mexia, Tex., Feb. 11, 1887) (d)
They had 1 son and 1 daughter, the daughter being
Eleanor (b at Omaha, Nebr., Feb. 28, 1914)(d) m at Glendale, Calif., July 12, 1936 Thomas Judd, son of Harry Thomas and Ida (Judd) Cory (b at San Francisco, Calif., June 15, 1914)
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Roy Leonard, Jr. (b at Omaha, Nebr., July 3, 1919) (d) m at

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